

05/31/00

Please type a plus sign (+) inside this box → ☐

PTO/SB-86 (2/98)

UTILITY  
PATENT APPLICATION  
TRANSMITTAL

(Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 C.F.R. § 1.53(b)).

Attorney Docket No	LUD 5353.7 DIV (10016357)
First Inventor or Application Identifier	Boon et al
Title	ISOLATED NUCLEIC ACID MOLECULES CODING FOR TUMOR REJECTION ANTIGEN PRECURSOR MAGE-6 AND USES THEREOF
Express Mail Label No.	EL227321843US

## APPLICATION ELEMENTS

See MPEP chapter 600 concerning utility patent application contents.

- |     |                                     |   |              |
|-----|-------------------------------------|---|--------------|
| 1.  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | *Fee Transmittal Form (e.g., PTO/SB/17)<br>(Submit an original and a duplicate for fee processing)  |              |
| 2.  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Specification<br>(preferred arrangement set forth below)  | Total Pages  |
|     |                                     | - Descriptive title of the Invention  |              |
|     |                                     | - Cross References to Related Applications  |              |
|     |                                     | - Reference of Microfilm Appendix   |              |
|     |                                     | - Background of the Invention   |              |
|     |                                     | - Brief Summary of the Invention  |              |
|     |                                     | - Brief Description of the Drawings (if filed)  |              |
|     |                                     | - Detailed Description  |              |
|     |                                     | - Claim(s)  |              |
|     |                                     | - Abstract of the Disclosure  |              |
|     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Drawing(s) (35 U.S.C. 113)  | Total Sheets |
|     |                                     |   | 16           |
|     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Oath or Declaration   | Total Pages  |
|     |                                     |   | 3            |
| 13. | a.                                  | <input type="checkbox"/> Newly executed (original or copy)  |              |
|     | b.                                  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Copy from a prior application (37 C.F.R. § 1.63(d))<br>(for continuation/divisional with Part 17 completed) |              |

## DELETION OF INVENTOR(S)

Signed statement attached deleting inventor(s)  
named in the prior application, see 37 C.F.R. §§  
1.63(d)(2) and 1.33 (b)

5. ☒ Incorporation By Reference (useable if Box 4b is checked)  
The entire disclosure of the prior application, from which a copy of the oath or declaration is supplied under Box 4b, is considered to be a part of the disclosure of the accompanying application and is hereby incorporated by reference therein.

17. If a CONTINUING APPLICATION, check appropriate box, and supply the requisite information below and in a preliminary amendment:

- ☐ Continuation ☒ Divisional ☐ Continuation-in-part (CIP) of prior application No. 09/404,026 (9/23/99)

Prior application information:

Examiner:

Group / Art Unit

## 18. CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS

- ☐ Customer Number or bar code label *(Insert Customer No. or Attach bar code label here)* or ☒ Correspondence address below

(Insert Customer No. or Attach Bar code label here)

FULBRIGHT &amp; JAWORSKI LLP

Address	666 FIFTH AVENUE
---------	------------------

City	NEW YORK
------	----------

State

NEW YORK

ZIP Code

10103

Country	USA
---------	-----

Telephone

212-318-3000

**Fa**

212-752-5958

Name (Print/Type)	NORMAN D. HANSON
-------------------	------------------

Registration No (Attorney/Agent)

30.946

Signature \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

May 30, 2000

VIA EXPRESS MAIL  
"Express Mail" mailing label Number E1227321843US  
Date of Deposit May 31, 2000  
I hereby certify that this paper or fee is being deposited with  
the United States Postal Service "Express Mail Post Office to  
Addressee" service under CFR 1.10 on the date indicated  
above, and is addressed to the Assistant Commissioner for  
Patents, Washington, D.C. 20231

FULBRIGHT & JAWORSKI L.L.P.

By: [Signature]

ATTY. DOCKET NO: LUD 5353.7 DIV (10016357)

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant(s) : Boon, et al  
Serial No. : TO BE ASSIGNED  
Filed : HERewith  
For : Isolated Nucleic Acid Molecules Coding For Tumor  
Rejection Antigen Precursor Mage-6 And Uses Thereof  
Group Art Unit : NOT YET ASSIGNED  
Examiner : NOT YET ASSIGNED

May 30, 2000

Hon. Commissioner of Patents  
and Trademarks  
Washington, D.C. 20231

**PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT**

Prior to examination, please amend this application as follows:

**IN THE TITLE**

Change "MAGE-3" to -- MAGE-6 -- .

**IN THE SPECIFICATION**

Page 1, line 6: after "is" add -- a divisional of Serial No.09/404,026, filed September 23, 1999, which is a divisional of Serial No. 08/967,727, filed on November 27, 1997, now U.S. Patent No.6,025,474, which is a divisional of Serial No. 08/037,230, filed March 26, 1993, now U.S. patent No. \_\_\_\_\_ which --

line 9: after "1991" add -- now U.S. Patent No. 5,342,774 --

Page 44, line 33: change "TRA" to -- TRAP --.

**IN THE CLAIMS**

CANCEL claims 1-21 without prejudice

ADD claims 22-36 which follow:

Claim 22. An isolated nucleic acid molecule which encodes a tumor rejection antigen precursor, or a fragment thereof, the complementary sequence of which hybridizes, under stringent conditions, to the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:18

Claim 23. The isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 22, wherein said isolated nucleic acid molecule is genomic DNA.

Claim 24. The isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 22, wherein said isolated nucleic acid molecule is cDNA.

Claim 25. The isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 24, comprising the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:18.

Claim 26. The isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 22, comprising mRNA.

Claim 27. An expression vector comprising the isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 22, operably linked to a promoter.

Claim 28. The expression vector of claim 27, wherein said promoter is an inducible promoter.

Claim 29. An expression vector comprising the isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 24, operably linked to a promoter.

Claim 30. The expression vector of claim 29, wherein said promoter is inducible.

Claim 31. A host cell transfected or transformed with the isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 22.

Claim 32. The host cell of claim 31, wherein said cell is a fibroblast.

Claim 33. A host cell transfected or transformed with the isolated nucleic acid of claim 24.

Claim 34. The host cell of claim 31, wherein said host cell is a mammalian cell.

Claim 35. The host cell of claim 33, wherein said host cell is a mammalian cell.

Claim 36. An isolated protein encoded by the isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 22.

### **REMARKS**

Entry of the foregoing amendment is requested. The changes to the specification are minor. For example, review of page 44 will show that, on line 30, "TRAP fragments" is recited, so the change to line 33 is appropriate.

This application properly claims priority to, inter alia, Serial No. 807,043, filed December 12, 1991. A review of that application will show that the examiner required applicants to elect a species of MAGE, and applicants elected MAGE-1. In the present case, MAGE-4 and 41 are elected. In view of the examiner's action, double patenting does not lie.

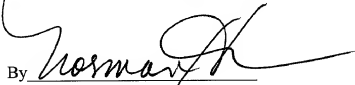
Claim 22, and hence all other claims, are supported via, e.g., page 34, lines 24-28 of the specification.

Entry of the foregoing amendment is requested.

Respectfully submitted,

FULBRIGHT & JAWORSKI L.L.P.

By



Norman D. Hansen

Reg. No. 30,946

666 Fifth Avenue  
New York, New York 10103  
(212) 318-3000

ISOLATED NUCLEIC ACID MOLECULES CODING FOR  
TUMOR REJECTION ANTIGEN PRECURSOR MAGE-3  
AND USES THEREOF

5 RELATED APPLICATION

This application is a continuation-in-part of PCT Application PCT/US92/04354 filed on May 22, 1992 designating the United States, which is a continuation-in-part of Serial Number 807,043, filed December 12, 1991, which is a continuation-in-part of Serial Number 764,364, filed September 23, 1991, which is a continuation-in-part of Serial Number 728,838, filed July 9, 1991, which is a continuation-in-part of Serial Number 705,702, filed May 23, 1991, and now abandoned.

15 FIELD OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates in general to the field of immunogenetics as applied to the study of oncology. More specifically, it relates to the study and analysis of mechanisms by which tumors are recognized by the organism's immune system such as through the presentation of so-called tumor rejection antigens, and the expression of what will be referred to herein as "tumor rejection antigen precursors" or "TRAPs". Most specifically, it refers to nucleic acid molecules coding for one such TRAP, i.e., MAGE-3, which is processed to a tumor rejection antigen or "TRA" presented by HLA-A1 molecules.

25 BACKGROUND AND PRIOR ART

30 The study of the recognition or lack of recognition of cancer cells by a host organism has proceeded in many different directions. Understanding of the field presumes some understanding of both basic immunology and oncology.

35 Early research on mouse tumors revealed that these displayed molecules which led to rejection of tumor cells when transplanted into syngeneic animals. These molecules are "recognized" by T-cells in the recipient animal, and provoke

a cytolytic T-cell response with lysis of the transplanted cells. This evidence was first obtained with tumors induced in vitro by chemical carcinogens, such as methylcholanthrene. The antigens expressed by the tumors and which elicited the T-cell response were found to be different for each tumor. See Prehn, et al., J. Natl. Canc. Inst. 18: 769-778 (1957); Klein et al., Cancer Res. 20: 1561-1572 (1960); Gross, Cancer Res. 3: 326-333 (1943), Basombrio, Cancer Res. 30: 2458-2462 (1970) for general teachings on inducing tumors with chemical carcinogens and differences in cell surface antigens. This class of antigens has come to be known as "tumor specific transplantation antigens" or "TSTAs". Following the observation of the presentation of such antigens when induced by chemical carcinogens, similar results were obtained when tumors were induced in vitro via ultraviolet radiation. See Kripke, J. Natl. Canc. Inst. 53: 333-1336 (1974).

While T-cell mediated immune responses were observed for the types of tumor described supra, spontaneous tumors were thought to be generally non-immunogenic. These were therefore believed not to present antigens which provoked a response to the tumor in the tumor carrying subject. See Hewitt, et al., Brit. J. Cancer 33: 241-259 (1976).

The family of tum' antigen presenting cell lines are immunogenic variants obtained by mutagenesis of mouse tumor cells or cell lines, as described by Boon et al., J. Exp. Med. 152: 1184-1193 (1980), the disclosure of which is incorporated by reference. To elaborate, tum' antigens are obtained by mutating tumor cells which do not generate an immune response in syngeneic mice and will form tumors (i.e., "tum" cells). When these tum' cells are mutagenized, they are rejected by syngeneic mice, and fail to form tumors (thus "tum"). See Boon et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 74: 272 (1977), the disclosure of which is incorporated by reference. Many tumor types have been shown to exhibit this phenomenon. See, e.g., Frost et al., Cancer Res. 43: 125 (1983).

It appears that tum' variants fail to form progressive tumors because they elicit an immune rejection process. The

evidence in favor of this hypothesis includes the ability of "tum" variants of tumors, i.e., those which do not normally form tumors, to do so in mice with immune systems suppressed by sublethal irradiation, Van Pel et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 76: 5282-5285 (1979); and the observation that intraperitoneally injected tum<sup>-</sup> cells of mastocytoma P815 multiply exponentially for 12-15 days, and then are eliminated in only a few days in the midst of an influx of lymphocytes and macrophages (Uyttenhove et al., J. Exp. Med. 152: 1175-1183 (1980)). Further evidence includes the observation that mice acquire an immune memory which permits them to resist subsequent challenge to the same tum<sup>-</sup> variant, even when immunosuppressive amounts of radiation are administered with the following challenge of cells (Boon et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 74: 272-275 (1977); Van Pel et al., supra; Uyttenhove et al., supra). Later research found that when spontaneous tumors were subjected to mutagenesis, immunogenic variants were produced which did generate a response. Indeed, these variants were able to elicit an immune protective response against the original tumor. See Van Pel et al., J. Exp. Med. 157: 1992-2001 (1983). Thus, it has been shown that it is possible to elicit presentation of a so-called "tumor rejection antigen" in a tumor which is a target for a syngeneic rejection response. Similar results have been obtained when foreign genes have been transfected into spontaneous tumors. See Fearson et al., Cancer Res. 48: 2975-1980 (1988) in this regard.

A class of antigens has been recognized which are presented on the surface of tumor cells and are recognized by cytotoxic T cells, leading to lysis. This class of antigens will be referred to as "tumor rejection antigens" or "TRAs" hereafter. TRAs may or may not elicit antibody responses. The extent to which these antigens have been studied, has been via cytolytic T cell characterization studies, in vitro i.e., the study of the identification of the antigen by a particular cytolytic T cell ("CTL" hereafter) subset. The subset proliferates upon recognition of the presented tumor rejection



antigen, and the cells presenting the antigen are lysed. Characterization studies have identified CTL clones which specifically lyse cells expressing the antigens. Examples of this work may be found in Levy et al., Adv. Cancer Res. 24: 1-59 (1977); Boon et al., J. Exp. Med. 152: 1184-1193 (1980); Brunner et al., J. Immunol. 124: 1627-1634 (1980); Maryanski et al., Eur. J. Immunol. 124: 1627-1634 (1980); Maryanski et al., Eur. J. Immunol. 12: 406-412 (1982); Palladino et al., Canc. Res. 47: 5074-5079 (1987). This type of analysis is required for other types of antigens recognized by CTLs, including minor histocompatibility antigens, the male specific H-Y antigens, and a class of antigens, referred to as "tum-" antigens, and discussed herein.

A tumor exemplary of the subject matter described supra is known as P815. See DePlaen et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 85: 2274-2278 (1988); Szikora et al., EMBO J 9: 1041-1050 (1990), and Sibille et al., J. Exp. Med. 172: 35-45 (1990), the disclosures of which are incorporated by reference. The P815 tumor is a mastocytoma, induced in a DBA/2 mouse with methylcholanthrene and cultured as both an in vitro tumor and a cell line. The P815 line has generated many tum<sup>-</sup> variants following mutagenesis, including variants referred to as P91A (DePlaen, supra), 35B (Szikora, supra), and P198 (Sibille, supra). In contrast to tumor rejection antigens - and this is a key distinction - the tum<sup>-</sup> antigens are only present after the tumor cells are mutagenized. Tumor rejection antigens are present on cells of a given tumor without mutagenesis. Hence, with reference to the literature, a cell line can be tum<sup>-</sup>, such as the line referred to as "P1", and can be provoked to produce tum<sup>-</sup> variants. Since the tum<sup>-</sup> phenotype differs from that of the parent cell line, one expects a difference in the DNA of tum<sup>-</sup> cell lines as compared to their tum<sup>-</sup> parental lines, and this difference can be exploited to locate the gene of interest in tum<sup>-</sup> cells. As a result, it was found that genes of tum<sup>-</sup> variants such as P91A, 35B and P198 differ from their normal alleles by point mutations in the coding regions of the gene. See Szikora and Sibille, supra, and Lurquin et

al., Cell 58: 293-303 (1989). This has proved not to be the case with the TRAs of this invention. These papers also demonstrated that peptides derived from the tum<sup>r</sup> antigen are presented by the L<sup>d</sup> molecule for recognition by CTLs. P91A is presented by L<sup>d</sup>, P35 by D<sup>d</sup> and P198 by K<sup>d</sup>.

Prior patent applications PCT/US92/04354, U.S. Serial No. 807,043; 764,364; 728,838 and 707,702, all of which are incorporated by reference, describe inventions involving, inter alia, genes and other nucleic acid molecules which code for various TRAPs, which are in turn processed to tumor rejection antigen, or "TRAs".

The genes are useful as a source for the isolated and purified tumor rejection antigen precursor and the TRA themselves, either of which can be used as an agent for treating the cancer for which the antigen is a "marker", as well as in various diagnostic and surveillance approaches to oncology, discussed infra. It is known, for example, that tum<sup>r</sup> cells can be used to generate CTLs which lyse cells presenting different tum<sup>r</sup> antigens as well as tum<sup>r</sup> cells. See, e.g., Maryanski et al., Eur. J. Immunol 12: 401 (1982); and Van den Eynde et al., Modern Trends in Leukemia IX (June 1990), the disclosures of which are incorporated by reference. The tumor rejection antigen precursor may be expressed in cells transfected by the gene, and then used to generate an immune response against a tumor of interest.

In the parallel case of human neoplasms, it has been observed that autologous mixed lymphocyte-tumor cell cultures ("MLTC" hereafter) frequently generate responder lymphocytes which lyse autologous tumor cells and do not lyse natural killer targets, autologous EBV-transformed B cells, or autologous fibroblasts (see Anichini et al., Immunol. Today 8: 385-389 (1987)). This response has been particularly well studied for melanomas, and MLTC have been carried out either with peripheral blood cells or with tumor infiltrating lymphocytes. Examples of the literature in this area including Knuth et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 86: 2804-2802 (1984); Mukherji et al., J. Exp. Med. 158: 240 (1983);

Hérin et al., Int. J. Canc. 39: 390-396 (1987); Topalian et al., J. Clin. Oncol 6: 839-853 (1988). Stable cytotoxic T cell clones ("CTLs" hereafter) have been derived from MLTC responder cells, and these clones are specific for the tumor cells. See Mukherji et al., supra, Hérin et al., supra, Knuth et al., supra. The antigens recognized on tumor cells by these autologous CTLs do not appear to represent a cultural artifact, since they are found on fresh tumor cells. Topalian et al., supra; Degiovanni et al., Eur. J. Immunol. 20: 1865-1868 (1990). These observations, coupled with the techniques used herein to isolate the genes for specific murine tumor rejection antigen precursors, have led to the isolation of nucleic acid sequences coding for tumor rejection antigen precursors of TRAs presented on human tumors. It is now possible to isolate the nucleic acid sequences which code for tumor rejection antigen precursors, including, but not being limited to those most characteristic of a particular tumor, with ramifications that are described infra.

Additional work has focused upon the presentation of TRAs by the class of molecules known as human leukocyte antigens, or "HLAs". This work has resulted in several unexpected discoveries regarding the field. Specifically in U.S. patent application Serial Number 938,334, the disclosure of which is incorporated by reference, nonapeptides are taught which are presented by the HLA-A1 molecule. The reference teaches that given the known specificity of particular peptides for particular HLA molecules, one should expect a particular peptide to bind one HLA molecule, but not others. This is important, because different individuals possess different HLA phenotypes. As a result, while identification of a particular peptide as being a partner for a specific HLA molecule has diagnostic and therapeutic ramifications, these are only relevant for individuals with that particular HLA phenotype. There is a need for further work in the area, because cellular abnormalities are not restricted to one particular HLA phenotype, and targeted therapy requires some knowledge of the phenotype of the abnormal cells at issue.

In U.S. Patent Application Serial Number 008,446, filed January 22, 1993 and incorporated by reference, the fact that the MAGE-1 expression product is processed to a second TRA is disclosed. This second TRA is presented by HLA-C10-molecules. The disclosure shows that a given TRAP can yield a plurality of TRAs.

In U.S. Patent Application Serial Number 994,928, filed December 22, 1992, and incorporated by reference herein, tyrosinase is described as a tumor rejection antigen precursor. This reference discloses that a molecule which is produced by some normal cells (e.g., melanocytes), is processed in tumor cells to yield a tumor rejection antigen that is presented by HLA-A2 molecules.

It was mentioned, supra, that different individuals possess different HLA types. It has also been found that the expression of particular MAGE genes is not always linked to particular disorders, or individuals of particular HLA types. Thus, one cannot state, e.g., that all melanoma patients will express MAGE-1 TRAP nor could one say categorically that MAGE-1 expression is limited to melanoma patients of type HLA-A1. Further, one cannot state that only one type of TRAP is expressed in individuals of a particular HLA type. No rules or guidelines can be pointed to which correlate any of these factors.

Thus, it is not expected that a second TRAP is processed to a TRAP which is presented by HLA-A1 molecules. It has now been found that in addition to MAGE-1, a TRA derived from MAGE-3 TRAP is presented by HLA-A1 molecules. This is shown in examples 37-40, which follow, together with a discussion of the ramifications of this discovery.

These and various other aspects of the invention are elaborated upon in the disclosure which follows.

#### **BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE FIGURES**

Figure 1 depicts detection of transfectants expressing antigen P815A.

Figure 2 shows the sensitivity of clones P1.HTR, PO.HTR, genomic transfectant P1A.T2 and cosmid transfectant P1A.TC3.1

to lysis by various CTLs, as determined by chromium release assays.

Figure 3 is a restriction map of cosmid C1A.3.1.

Figure 4 shows Northern Blot analysis of expression of gene P1A.

Figure 5 sets forth the structure of gene P1A with its restriction sites.

Figure 6 shows the results obtained when cells were transfected with the gene from P1A, either isolated from P815 or normal cells and then tested with CTL lysis.

Figure 7 shows lytic studies using mast cell line L138.8A.

Figure 8 is a map of subfragments of the 2.4 kb antigen E fragment sequence which also express the antigen.

Figure 9 shows homology of sections of exon 3 from genes mage 1, 2 and 3.

Figure 10 shows the result of Northern blots for MAGE genes on various tissues.

Figure 11 presents the data of Figure 13 in table form. Figure 12 shows Southern Blot experiments using the various human melanoma cell lines employed in this application.

Figure 13 is a generalized schematic of the expression of MAGE 1, 2 and 3 genes by tumor and normal tissues.

Figure 14 shows results from a chromium release assay using CTL clone 20/38 on various cell lines.

Figure 15 presents the result of assays undertaken to determine antigenic specificity of CTL clone 20/38.

Figure 16 shows the results obtained when a TNF release assay was carried out on various transfected cells.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF SEQUENCES

SEQ ID NO: 1 is cDNA for part of gene P1A.

SEQ ID NO: 2 presents coding region of cDNA for gene P1A.

SEQ ID NO: 3 shows non coding DNA for P1A cDNA which is 3' to the coding region of SEQ ID NO: 2.

SEQ ID NO: 4 is the entire sequence of cDNA for P1A.

SEQ ID NO: 5 is the genomic DNA sequence for P1A.

SEQ ID NO: 6 shows the amino acid sequence for the

antigenic peptides for P1A TRA. The sequence is for cells which are A' B', i.e., express both the A and B antigens.

SEQ ID NO: 7 is a nucleic acid sequence coding for antigen E.

5 SEQ ID NO: 8 is a nucleic acid sequence coding for MAGE-1.

SEQ ID NO: 9 is the gene for MAGE-2.

SEQ ID NO: 10 is the gene for MAGE-21.

SEQ ID NO: 11 is cDNA for MAGE-3.

10 SEQ ID NO: 12 is the gene for MAGE-31.

SEQ ID NO: 13 is the gene for MAGE-4.

SEQ ID NO: 14 is the gene for MAGE-41.

SEQ ID NO: 15 is cDNA for MAGE-4.

SEQ ID NO: 16 is cDNA for MAGE-5.

15 SEQ ID NO: 17 is genomic DNA for MAGE-51.

SEQ ID NO: 18 is cDNA for MAGE-6.

SEQ ID NO: 19 is genomic DNA for MAGE-7.

SEQ ID NO: 20 is genomic DNA for MAGE-8.

SEQ ID NO: 21 is genomic DNA for MAGE-9.

20 SEQ ID NO: 22 is genomic DNA for MAGE-10.

SEQ ID NO: 23 is genomic DNA for MAGE-11.

SEQ ID NO: 24 is genomic DNA for smage-I.

SEQ ID NO: 25 is genomic DNA for smage-II.

#### **DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS**

25 Many different "MAGE" genes have been identified, as will be seen from the sequences which follow the application. The protocols described in the following examples were used to isolate these genes and cDNA sequences.

30 "MAGE" as used herein refers to a nucleic acid sequence isolated from human cells. The acronym "smage" is used to describe sequences of murine origin.

When "TRAP" or "TRAs" are discussed herein as being specific to a tumor type, this means that the molecule under consideration is associated with that type of tumor, although  
35 not necessarily to the exclusion of other tumor types.

#### **Example 1**

In order to identify and isolate the gene coding for

antigen P815A, gene transfection was used. This approach requires both a source of the gene, and a recipient cell line. Highly transfectable cell line P1.HTR was the starting material for the recipient, but it could not be used without further treatment, as it presents "antigen A", one of four recognized P815 tumor antigens. See Van Pel et al., Molecular Genetics 11: 467-475 (1985). Thus, screening experiments were carried out to isolate cell lines which did not express the antigen and which nonetheless possessed P1.HTR's desirable qualities.

To do this, P1.HTR was screened with CTLs which were specific for each of tumor antigens A, B, C and D. Such CTLs are described by Uyttenhove et al., J. Exp. Med. 157: 1040-1052 (1983).

To carry out the selection,  $10^6$  cells of P1.HTR were mixed with  $2-4 \times 10^6$  cells of the CTL clone in a round bottom tube in 2 ml of medium, and centrifuged for three minutes at 150xg. After four hours at 37°C, the cells were washed and resuspended in 10 ml of medium, following Maryanski et al., Eur. J. Immunol. 12: 406-412 (1982). Additional information on the CTL assay and screening protocol, in general may be found in Boon et al., J. Exp. Med. 152: 1184-1193 (1980), and Maryanski et al., Eur. J. Immunol. 12: 406-412 (1982), the disclosure of which are incorporated by reference.

When these selections were carried out, a cell line variant was found which expressed neither antigen A or B. Additional selections with CTLs specific for antigen C then yielded a variant which also lacked antigen C. Please see figure 2 for a summary of the results of these screenings. The variant PO.HTR is negative for antigens A, B and C, and was therefore chosen for the transfection experiments.

The cell line PO.HTR has been deposited in accordance with the Budapest Treaty at the Institute Pasteur Collection Nationale De Cultures De Microorganismes, 28, Rue de Docteur Roux, 75724 Paris France, and has accession number I-1117.

This methodology is adaptable to secure other cell lines which are variants of a cell type which normally presents at

least one of the four recognized P815 tumor antigens, i.e., antigens A, B, C and D, where the variants present none of antigens A, B and C. P1.HTR is a mastocytoma cell line, so it will be seen that the protocol enables the isolation of biologically pure mastocytoma cell lines which express none of P815 antigens A, B and C, but which are highly transfectable. Other tumor types may also be screened in this fashion to secure desired, biologically pure cell lines. The resulting cell lines should be at least as transfectable with foreign DNA as is P1.HTR, and should be selected so as to not express a specific antigen.

#### **Example 2**

Previous work reported by DePlaen et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 85: 2274-2278 (1988) the disclosure of which is incorporated by reference herein had shown the efficacy of using cosmid library transfection to recover genes coding for tum<sup>r</sup> antigens.

Selective plasmid and genomic DNA of P1.HTR were prepared, following Wölfel et al., Immunogenetics 26: 178-187 (1987). The transfection procedure followed Corsaro et al., Somatic Cell Molec. Genet 7: 603-616 (1981), with some modification. Briefly, 60  $\mu$ g of cellular DNA and 3  $\mu$ g of DNA of plasmid pHMR272, described by Bernard et al., Exp. Cell. Biol. 158: 237-243 (1985) were mixed. This plasmid confers hygromycin resistance upon recipient cells, and therefore provides a convenient way to screen for transfectants. The mixed DNA was combined with 940  $\mu$ l of 1 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.5), 0.1 mM EDTA; and 310  $\mu$ l 1M  $\text{CaCl}_2$ . The solution was added slowly, and under constant agitation to 1.25 ml of 50 mM Hepes, 280 mM NaCl, 1.5 mM  $\text{Na}_2\text{HPO}_4$ , adjusted to pH 7.1 with NaOH. Calcium phosphate - DNA precipitates were allowed to form for 30-45 minutes at room temperature. Following this, fifteen groups of PO.HTR cells ( $5 \times 10^6$ ) per group were centrifuged for 10 minutes at 400 g. Supernatants were removed, and pellets were resuspended directly into the medium containing the DNA precipitates. This mixture was incubated for 20 minutes at 37°C, after which it was added to



an 80 cm<sup>2</sup> tissue culture flask containing 22.5 ml DMEM, supplemented with 10% fetal calf serum. After 24 hours, medium was replaced. Forty-eight hours after transfection, cells were collected and counted. Transfected cells were selected in mass culture using culture medium supplemented with hygromycin B (350 ug/ml). This treatment selected cells for hygromycin resistance.

For each group, two flasks were prepared, each containing 8x10<sup>6</sup> cells in 40 ml of medium. In order to estimate the number of transfectants, 1x10<sup>6</sup> cells from each group were plated in 5 ml DMEM with 10% fetal calf serum (FCS), 0.4% bactoagar, and 300 ug/ml hygromycin B. The colonies were then counted 12 days later. Two independent determinations were carried out and the average taken. This was multiplied by 5 to estimate the number of transfectants in the corresponding group. Correction had to be made for the cloning efficiency of P815 cells, known to be about 0.3.

### Example 3

Eight days after transfection as described in example 2, supra, antibiotic resistant transfectants were separated from dead cells, using density centrifugation with Ficoll-Paque. These cells were maintained in non-selective medium for 1 or 2 days. The cells were plated in 96 well microplates (round bottom), at 30 cells/microwell in 200 ul of culture medium. Anywhere from 100-400 microwells were prepared, depending on the number of transfectants prepared. Agar colony tests gave estimates of 500-3000. After 5 days, the wells contained about 6x10<sup>4</sup> cells and replicate plates were prepared by transferring 1/10 of the wells to microplates which were then incubated at 30°C. One day later, master plates were centrifuged, medium removed, and 750 CTLs against P815 antigen A (CTL-P1:5) were added to each well together with 10<sup>6</sup> irradiated syngeneic feeder spleen cells in CTL culture medium containing 40 U/ml recombinant human IL-2, and HAT medium to kill stimulator cells. Six days later, plates were examined visually to identify wells where CTLs had proliferated. Where plates showed proliferating microcultures, aliquots of 100 ul

of the wells were transferred to another plate containing  $^{51}\text{Cr}$  labeled P1.HTR target cells ( $2 \times 10^3$  -  $4 \times 10^3$  per well), and chromium release was measured after 4 hours. Replicate microcultures corresponding to those showing high CTL activity were expanded and cloned by limited dilution in DMEM with 10% FCS. Five days later, about 200 clones were collected and screened with the CTL.P1:5 cell line, described supra, in a visual lysis assay. See figure 1A for these results.

In these experiments, three of the fifteen groups of transfectants yielded a few positive microcultures. These microcultures were tested for lytic activity against P1.HTR, as described supra. Most of the microcultures where proliferation was observed showed lytic activity. This activity was well above background, as shown in figure 1B. This figure summarizes data wherein two groups of cells (groups "5" and "14"), 400 and 300 microwells were seeded with 30 hygromycin resistant transfectant cells. Amplification and duplication of the microcultures was followed by addition of anti-A CTL P1:5. Six days later, lytic activity against P1.HTR was tested. In the figure, each point represents lytic activity of a single microculture.

Duplicate microcultures corresponding to several positive wells were subcloned, and more than 1% of the subclones were found to be lysed by anti-A CTL. Thus, three independent transfectants expressing P815A were obtained from 33,000 hygromycin resistant transfectants. One of these lines, referred to hereafter as P1A.T2 was tested further.

The relevant antigen profile of P1A.T2 is shown in figure 2, this being obtained via anti-CTL assays of the type described supra.

#### Example 4

The CTL assays carried out for P1A.T2 demonstrated that it presented antigen A ("P815A"), and therefore had received the gene from P1.HTR. To that end, this cell line was used as a source for the gene for the antigen precursor in the following experiments.

Prior work had shown that genes coding for tum' antigens

could be recovered directly from transfectants obtained with a cosmid library. See DePlaen et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 85: 2274-2278 (1988). This procedure was followed for recovery of the P815 gene.

5 Total genomic DNA of PlA.T2 was partially digested with restriction endonuclease Sau 3A1, and fractionated by NaCl density gradient ultracentrifugation to enrich for 35-50 kb DNA fragments, following Grosveld et al., Gene 10: 6715-6732 (1982). These fragments were ligated to cosmid arms of C2RB, 10 described by Bates et al., Gene 26: 137-146 (1983), the disclosure of which is incorporated by reference. These cosmid arms had been obtained by cleavage with SmaI and treatment with calf intestinal phosphatase, followed by digestion with BamHI. Ligated DNA was packaged into lambda phage components, and titrated on E. coli ED 8767, following 15 Grosveld et al., supra. Approximately  $9 \times 10^5$  ampicillin resistant colonies were obtained per microgram of DNA insert.

The cosmid groups were amplified by mixing 30,000 independent cosmids with 2 ml of ED 8767 in 10 mM  $MgCl_2$ , 20 incubated 20 minutes at 37°C, diluted with 20 ml of Luria Bertani ("LB") medium, followed by incubation for one hour. This suspension was titrated and used to inoculate 1 liter of LB medium in the presence of ampicillin (50 ug/ml). At a bacterial concentration of  $2 \times 10^8$  cells/ml ( $OD_{600}=0.8$ ), a 10 ml 25 aliquot was frozen, and 200 ug/ml chloramphenicol was added to the culture for overnight incubation. Total cosmid DNA was isolated by alkaline lysis procedure, and purified on CsCl gradient.

In these experiments, a library of 650,000 cosmids was 30 prepared. The amplification protocol involved the use of 21 groups of approximately 30,000 cosmids.

#### Example 5

Using the twenty-one groups of cosmids alluded to supra, (60 ug) and 4 ug of pHMR272, described supra, groups of  $5 \times 10^6$  35 PO.HTR cells were used as transfectant hosts. Transfection was carried out in the same manner as described in the preceding experiments. An average of 3000 transfectants per

group were tested for antigen presentation, again using CTL assays as described. One group of cosmids repeatedly yielded positive transfectants, at a frequency of about 1/5,000 drug resistant transfectants. The transfectants, as with P1A.T2, also showed expression of both antigen A and B. The pattern of expression of transfectant P1A.TC3.1 is shown in figure 2.

#### Example 6

As indicated in Example 5, supra, three independent cosmid transfected cells presenting P815A antigen were isolated. The DNA of these transfectants was isolated and packaged directly with lambda phage extracts, following DePlaen et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 85: 2274-2278 (1988). The resulting product was titrated on E. coli ED 8767 with ampicillin selection, as in Example 5. Similarly, amplification of the cosmids and transfection followed Example 5, again using PO.HTR.

High frequencies of transfection were observed, as described in Table 1, which follows:

**Table 1.** Transfer of the expression of antigen P815A by cosmids obtained by direct packaging

Transfectant obtained with the cosmid library	No. of cosmids obtained by direct packaging of 0.5 µg of DNA	No. of transfectants expressing P815A / no. of HmB <sup>r</sup> transfectants
TC3.1	32	87/192
TC3.2	32000	49/384
TC3.3	44	25/72

The cosmids were analyzed with restriction enzymes and it was found that directly packaged transfectant P1A.TC3.1 contained 32 cosmids, 7 of which were different. Each of these 7 cosmids was transfected into PO.HTR, in the manner described supra, and again, following the protocols described above, transfectants were studied for presentation of P815A.

Four of the cosmid transfectants showed P815A presentation and, as with all experiments described herein, P815B was co-expressed.

Of the four cosmids showing presentation of the two antigens, cosmid C1A.3.1 was only 16.7 kilobases long, and was selected for further analysis as described *infra*.

The cosmid C1A.3.1 was subjected to restriction endonuclease analysis, yielding the map shown in Figure 3.

All EcoRI fragments were transfected, again using the above described protocols, and only the 7.4 kilobase fragment produced a transfectant that anti-A CTLs could lyse. Similar experiments were carried out on the PstI fragments, and only a 4.1 kb fragment fully contained within the 7.4 kb EcoRI fragment produced lysable transfectants.

This fragment (i.e., the 4.1 kb PstI fragment), was digested with SmaI, giving a 2.3 kb fragment which also yielded host cells presenting antigens A and B after transfection. Finally, a fragment 900 bases long, secured with SmaI/XbaI, also transferred expression of the precursors of these two antigens, i.e., the transfected host cell presented both antigen A and antigen B.

#### Example 7

The 900 base fragment described above was used as a probe to detect the expression of the P815A gene in parent cell line P1.HTR. To accomplish this, total cellular RNA was first isolated using the guanidine-isothiocyanate procedure of Davis et al., Basic Methods In Molecular Biology (Elsevier Science Publishing Co, New York) (1986). The same reference was the source of the method used to isolate and purify polyA<sup>+</sup> mRNA using oligodT cellulose column chromatography.

Samples were then subjected to Northern Blot analysis. RNA samples were fractionated on 1% agarose gels containing 0.66 M formaldehyde. The gels were treated with 10xSSC (SSC: 0.15 M NaCl; 0.015 M sodium citrate, pH 7.0) for 30 minutes before overnight blotting on nitrocellulose membranes. These were baked for two hours at 80°C, after which the membranes

were prehybridized for 15 minutes at 60°C in a solution containing 10% dextran sulfate, 1% SDS and 1M NaCl. Hybridization was then carried out using denatured probe (the 900 base fragment), together with 100 ug/ml salmon sperm DNA.

When this protocol was carried out using P1.HTR poly A<sup>+</sup> RNA, a band of 1.2 kb and two fainter bands were identified, as shown in Figure 4, lane 1 (6 ug of the RNA).

The same probe was used to screen a cDNA library, prepared from poly-A<sup>+</sup> RNA from the cell line. This yielded a clone with a 1kb insert, suggesting a missing 5' end. The Northern blots for the cDNA are not shown.

Hybridization experiments in each case were carried out overnight at 60°C. The blots were washed twice at room temperature with 2xSSC and twice at 60°C with 2xSSC supplemented with 1% SDS.

The foregoing experiments delineated the DNA expressing the P815A antigen precursor sufficiently to allow sequencing, using the well known Sanger dideoxy chain termination method. This was carried out on clones generated using a variety of restriction endonucleases and by specific priming with synthetic oligonucleotide primers. The results for exons of the gene are set forth in sequence id no: 4.

#### Example 8

The Northern analysis described supra suggested that the 5' end of the cDNA was missing. To obtain this sequence, cDNA was prepared from P1.HTR RNA using a primer corresponding to positions 320-303. The sequence was then amplified using the polymerase chain reaction using a 3' primer corresponding to positions 286-266 and a 5' primer described by Frohman et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 85: 8998-9002 (1988). A band of the expected size (270 bases) was found, which hybridized to the 900 bp SmaI/XbaI fragment described supra on a Southern blot. Following cloning into m13tg 130 λ tg 131, the small, 270 bp fragment was sequenced. The sequence is shown in sequence id no: 1.

#### Example 9

Following the procurement of the sequences described in Examples 7 and 8 and depicted in seq id no: 4, a 5.7 kb region of cosmid C1A.3.1 was sequenced. This fragment was known to contain the 900 base fragment which expressed P815A in transfectants. This experiment permitted delineation of introns and exons, since the cosmid is genomic in origin.

The delineated structure of the gene is shown in figure 5. Together with seq id no: 4, these data show that the gene for the antigen precursor, referred to as "P1A" hereafter, is approximately 5 kilobases long and contains 3 exons. An ORF for a protein of 224 amino acids starts in exon 1, ending in exon 2. The 900 base pair fragment which transfers expression of precursors for antigens A and B only contains exon 1. The promoter region contains a CAAT box, as indicated in seq. id no: 1, and an enhancer sequence. This latter feature has been observed in promoters of most MHC class I genes, as observed by Geraghty et al., J. Exp. Med 171: 1-18 (1990); Kimura et al., Cell 44: 261-272 (1986).

A computer homology search was carried out, using program FASTA with K-triple parameters of 3 and 6, as suggested by Lipman et al., Science 227: 1435-1441 (1985), and using Genbank database release 65 (October 1990). No homology was found except for a stretch of 95 bases corresponding to part of an acid region coded by exon 1 (positions 524-618), which is similar to sequences coding for acidic regions in mouse nucleolar protein NO38/B23, as described by Bourbon et al., Mol. Biol. 200: 627-638 (1988), and Schmidt-Zachmann et al., Chromosoma 96: 417-426 (1988). Fifty six of 95 bases were identical. In order to test whether these homologies were the reason for cross hybridizing, experiments were carried out using a mouse spleen cDNA library screened with the 900 base fragment. cDNA clones corresponding closely to the sizes of the cross hybridizing bands were obtained. These were partially sequenced, and the 2.6 kb cDNA was found to correspond exactly to reported cDNA sequence of mouse nucleolin, while the 1.5 kb cDNA corresponded to mouse nucleolar protein NO38/B23.

Analysis of the nucleotide sequence of the gene, referred to as "P1A" hereafter, suggests that its coded product has a molecular mass of 25 kd. Analysis of the sequence id no: 4 shows a potential nuclear targeting signal at residues 5-9 (Dingwall et al., Ann. Rev. Cell Biol. 2: 367-390 (1986)), as well as a large acidic domain at positions 83-118. As indicated supra, this contains the region of homology between P1A and the two nucleolar proteins. A putative phosphorylation site can be found at position 125 (serine). Also, a second acidic domain is found close to the C-terminus as an uninterrupted stretch of 14 glutamate residues. A similar C-terminal structure has been found by Kessel et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 84: 5306-5310 (1987), in a murine homeodomain protein having nuclear localization.

In studies comparing the sequence of gene P1A to the sequences for P91A, 35B and P198, no similarities were found, showing that P1A is indicative of a different class of genes and antigens.

#### Example 10

With the P1A probe and sequence in hand, investigations were carried out to determine whether the gene present in normal tissue was identical to that expressed by the tumor. To do this, phage libraries were prepared, using lambda zapII 10 and genomic DNA of DBA2 murine kidney cells. P1A was used as a probe. Hybridization conditions were as described supra, and a hybridizing clone was found. The clone contained exons one and two of the P1A gene, and corresponded to positions - 0.7 to 3.8 of figure 5. Following localization of this sequence, PCR amplification was carried out to obtain the sequence corresponding to 3.8 to 4.5 of figure 5.

Sequence analysis was carried out, and no differences were found between the gene from normal kidneys and the P1A gene as obtained from the P815 tumor cells.

In further experiments, the gene as found in DBA/2 kidney cells was transfected into PO.HTR, as described supra. These experiments, presented pictorially in figure 7, showed that antigens A and B were expressed as efficiently by the kidney



gene isolated from normal kidney cells as with the P1A gene isolated from normal kidney cells.

These experiments lead to the conclusion that the gene coding for the tumor rejection antigen precursor is a gene that does not result from a mutation; rather, it would appear that the gene is the same as one present in normal cells, but is not expressed therein. The ramifications of this finding are important, and are discussed infra.

In studies not elaborated upon herein, it was found that variants of the gene were available. Some cells were "P1A<sup>B</sup>", rather than the normal "P1A". The only difference between these is a point mutation in exon 1, with the 18th triplet coding for Ala in the variant instead of Val.

#### Example 11

Additional experiments were carried out with other cell types. Following the protocols described for Northern blot hybridizations supra, RNA of normal liver and spleen cells was tested to determine if a transcript of the P1A gene could be found. The Northern blot data are presented in figure 4 and, as can be seen, there is no evidence of expression.

The murine P815 cell line from which P1A was isolated is a mastocytoma. Therefore, mast cell lines were studied to determine if they expressed the gene. Mast cell line MC/9, described by Nabel et al., Cell 23: 19-28 (1981), and short term cultures of bone marrow derived mast cells were tested in the manner described supra (Northern blotting), but no transcript was found. In contrast when a Balb/C derived IL-3 dependent cell line L138.8A (Hültner et al., J. Immunol. 142: 3440-3446 (1989)) was tested, a strong signal was found. The mast cell work is shown in figure 4.

It is known that both BALB/C and DBA/2 mice share H-2<sup>d</sup> haplotype, and thus it was possible to test sensitivity to lysis using the CTLs described supra. Figure 8 shows these results, which essentially prove that anti-A and anti-B CTLs lysed the cells strongly, whereas anti-C and anti-D lines did not.

Further tests were carried out on other murine tumor cell

lines, i.e., teratocarcinoma cell line PCC4 (Boon et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 74: 272-275 (1977)), and leukemias LEC and WEH1-3B. Expression could not be detected in any of these samples.

#### Example 12

The actual presentation of the P1A antigen by MHC molecules was of interest. To test this, cosmid C1A.3.1 was transfected into fibroblast cell line DAP, which shows phenotype H-2<sup>k</sup>. The cell lines were transfected with genes expressing one of the K<sup>d</sup>, D<sup>d</sup>, and L<sup>d</sup> antigen. Following transfection with both the cosmid and the MHC gene, lysis with CTLs was studied, again as described supra. These studies, summarized in Table 2, show that L<sup>d</sup> is required for presentation of the P1A antigens A and B.

Table 2. H-2-restriction of antigens P815A and P815B

Recipient cell*	No. of clones lysed by the CTL/ no. of HmB <sup>r</sup> clones*	
	CTL anti-A	CTL anti-B
DAP (H-2 <sup>k</sup> )	0/208	0/194
DAP + K <sup>d</sup>	0/165	0/162
DAP + D <sup>d</sup>	0/157	0/129
DAP + L <sup>d</sup>	25/33	15/20

\*Cosmid C1A.3.1 containing the entire P1A gene was transfected in DAP cells previously transfected with H-2<sup>d</sup> class I genes as indicated.

\*Independent drug-resistant colonies were tested for lysis by anti-A or anti-B CTL in a visual assay.

The observation that one may associate presentation of a tumor rejection antigen with a particular MHC molecule was confirmed in experiments with human cells and HLA molecules, as elaborated upon infra.

#### 5 Example 13

Using the sequence of the P1A gene as well as the amino acid sequence derivable therefrom, antigenic peptides which were A\* B\* (i.e., characteristic of cells which express both the A and B antigens), and those which are AB\* were  
10 identified. The peptide is presented in Figure 10. This peptide when administered to samples of PO.HTR cells in the presence of CTL cell lines specific to cells presenting it, led to lysis of the PO.HTR cells, lending support to the view that peptides based on the product expressed by the gene can  
15 be used as vaccines.

#### Example 14

The human melanoma cell line referred to hereafter as MZ2-MEL is not a clonal cell line. It expresses four stable antigens recognized by autologous CTLs, known as antigens "D,  
20 E, F, and A". In addition, two other antigens "B" and "C" are expressed by some sublines of the tumor. CTL clones specific for these six antigens are described by Van den Eynde et al., Int. J. Canc. 44: 634-640 (1989). Among the recognized subclones of MZ2-MEL are MEL.43, MEL3.0 and MEL3.1. (Van den  
25 Eynde et al., supra). Cell line MEL3.1 expresses antigen E, as determined by CTL studies as described for P815 variants, supra, so it was chosen as a source for the nucleic acid sequence expressing the antigen precursor.

In isolating the pertinent nucleic acid sequence for a  
30 tumor rejection antigen precursor, the techniques developed supra, showed that a recipient cell is needed which fulfills two criteria: (i) the recipient cell must not express the TRAP of interest under normal conditions, and (ii) it must express the relevant class I HLA molecule. Also, the recipient cell  
35 must have a high transfection frequency, i.e., it must be a "good" recipient.

In order to secure such a cell line, the clonal subline

ME3.1 was subjected to repeated selection with anti-E CTL 82/30 as described by Van den Eynde, supra. The repeated cycles of selection led to isolation of subclone MZ2-MEL-2.2 isc E<sup>-</sup>. This subclone is also HPRT<sup>-</sup>, (i.e., sensitive to HAT medium:  $10^{-4}$  M hypoxanthine,  $3.8 \times 10^{-7}$  aminopterin,  $1.6 \times 10^{-5}$  M 2-deoxythymidine). The subclone is referred to as "MEL-2.2" for simplicity hereafter.

#### Example 15

The genomic DNA of MEL3.0 was prepared following Wölfel et al., Immunogenetics 26: 178-187 (1987), the disclosure of which is incorporated by reference. The plasmid pSVtkneo $\delta$ , as described by Nicolas et al., Cold Spring Harb., Conf. Cell Prolif. 10: 469-485 (1983) confers geneticin resistance, so it can be used as a marker for cotransfection, as it was in this experiment.

Following a procedure similar but not identical to that of Corsao et al., Somatic Cell Molec. Genet 7: 603-616 (1981), total genomic DNA and the plasmid were cotransfected. The genomic DNA (60  $\mu$ g) and plasmid DNA (6  $\mu$ g) were mixed in 940  $\mu$ l of 1 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.5), 0.1 mM EDTA, after which 310  $\mu$ l of 1M CaCl<sub>2</sub> was added. This solution was slowly added, under constant agitation, to 1.25 ml of 2xHBS (50 mM HEPES, 280 mM NaCl 1.5 mM Na<sub>2</sub>HPO<sub>4</sub>, adjusted to pH 7.1 with NaOH). The calcium phosphate DNA precipitates were allowed to form for 30-45 minutes at room temperature, after which they were applied to 80 cm<sup>2</sup> tissue culture flasks which had been seeded 24 hours previously with  $3 \times 10^6$  MEL2.2 cells, in 22.5 ml of melanoma culture medium (Dulbecco's Modified Eagle's Medium) supplemented with 10% fetal calf serum. After 24 hours, the medium was replaced. Forty eight hours after transfection, the cells were harvested and seeded at  $4 \times 10^6$  cells per 80 cm<sup>2</sup> flask in melanoma culture medium supplemented with 2 mg/ml of geneticin. The geneticin serves as a selection marker.

#### Example 16

Thirteen days after transfection, geneticin-resistant colonies were counted, harvested, and cultured in nonselective

medium for 2 or 3 days. Transfected cells were then plated in 96-well microplates at 200 cells/well in 200  $\mu$ l of culture medium with 20% fetal calf serum (FCS) in order to obtain approximately 30 growing colonies per well. The number of microcultures was aimed at achieving redundancy, i.e., such that every independent transfectant should be represented at least four times.

After 10 days, wells contained approximately  $6 \times 10^4$  cells. These cells were detached, and 1/3 of each microculture was transferred to a duplicate plate. After 6 hours, i.e., after readherence, medium was removed and 1500 anti-E CTL (CTL 82/30), were added to each well in 100  $\mu$ l of CTL culture medium with 35 U/ml of IL-2. One day later, the supernatant (50  $\mu$ l) was harvested and examined for TNF concentration, for reasons set forth in the following example.

#### Example 17

The size of the mammalian genome is  $6 \times 10^6$  kb. As the average amount of DNA integrated in each drug-resistant transfectant was expected to be about 200 kb, a minimum of 30,000 transfectants would need to be examined to ascertain whether antigen E had been transfected. Prior work with murine cells had shown that when a CTL stimulation assay was used, groups containing only 3% of cells expressing the antigen of interest could be identified. This should reduce the number of assays by a factor of 30. While an anti-E CTL assay, as described supra, in mixed E<sup>+</sup>/E<sup>-</sup> cells was helpful, it was not sufficient in that consistent results could not be obtained.

As a result, an alternative test was devised. Stimulation of CTLs was studied by release of tumor necrosis factor ("TNF") using well known methodologies which need not be repeated here. As described in Example 15, 1500 CTL 82/30 cells had been added per well of transfectants. These CTLs were collected 6 days after stimulation. As indicated supra, after 1/3 of the cells in each well had been removed and the remaining 2/3 ( $4 \times 10^4$ ) had readhered, the CTLs and IL-2 were added thereto. The 50  $\mu$ l of supernatant was removed 24 hours

later and transferred to a microplate containing  $3 \times 10^4$  W13 (WEHI-164 clone 13; Espevik et al., J. Immunol. Meth. 95: 99-105 (1986)) cells in 50  $\mu$ l of W13 culture medium (RPMI-1640, supplemented with L-arginine (116 mg/l), L-asparagine (36 mg/l), L-glutamine (216 mg/l), and 10% FCS supplemented with 2  $\mu$ g of actinomycin D at 37% in an 8% CO<sub>2</sub> atmosphere. The cell line W13 is a mouse fibrosarcoma cell line sensitive to TNF. Dilutions of recombinant TNF- $\beta$  in RPMI 1640 were added to target cell controls.

The W13 cultures were evaluated after 20 hours of incubation, and dead cell percentage was measured using an adaptation of the colorimetric assay of Hansen et al., J. Immunol. Meth. 119: 203-210 (1989). This involved adding 50  $\mu$ l of (3-(4,5-dimethylthiazol-2-yl)-2,5-diphenyl tetrazolium bromide at 2.5 mg/ml in PBS, followed by two hours of incubation at 37°C. Dark blue formazan crystals were dissolved by adding 100  $\mu$ l of lysis solution (1 volume N,N dimethyl formamide mixed at 37°C with two volumes of water containing 30% (w/v) sodium dodecyl sulphate, at pH 4.7 from 1.6% acetic acid and 2.5% 1N HCl). Plates were incubated at 37°C overnight, and ODs were taken at 570 nm using 650 nm as control. Dead cell percentage was determined via the formula:

$$100 \times \left[ 1 - \frac{100 - (\text{OD}_{570} \text{ sample well})}{\text{OD}_{570} \text{ well} + \text{medium}} \right]$$

following Espevik et al., J. Immunol. Meth. 95: 99-105 (1986). The results showed that even when the ratio of E'/E cells was as low as 1/45, significant production of TNF was observed, thus showing active CTLs. This led to the decision to test the drug resistant transfectants in groups of 30.

#### Example 18

Cells were tested for TNF production as discussed in Example 17, supra. A total of 100 groups of E' cells ( $4 \times 10^6$  cells/group) were tested following transfection, and  $7 \times 10^4$  independent geneticin resistant transfectants were obtained, for an average of 700 per group. Only one group of

transfected cells led to a microculture which caused anti-E antigen CTL clone 82/30 to produce TNF. Of 300 clones tested, 8 were positive. These clones were then tested for lysis by anti-E CTL, using the standard  $^{51}\text{Cr}$  release assay, and were found to be lysed as efficiently as the original E<sup>+</sup> cell line. The transfectant E.T1, discussed herein, had the same lysis pattern as did MEL2.2 for CTLs against antigens B,C,D and F.

The fact that only one transfectant presented the antigen out of 70,000 geneticin resistance transfectants may at first seem very low, but it is not. The work described supra for P815 showed an average frequency of 1/13,000. Human DNA recipient MEL2.2 appears to integrate 5 times less DNA than P1.HTR.

#### Example 19

Once transfectant E.T1 was found, analysis had to address several questions including whether an E<sup>+</sup> contaminant of the cell population was the cause. The analysis of antigen presentation, described supra, shows that E.T1 is B<sup>+</sup> and C<sup>+</sup>, just like the recipient cell MEL2.2. It was also found to be HPRT<sup>+</sup>, using standard selection procedures. All E<sup>+</sup> cells used in the work described herein, however, were HPRT<sup>+</sup>.

It was also possible that an E<sup>+</sup> revertant of MEL2.2 was the source for E.T1. To test this, the observation by Perucho et al., Cell 22: 309-317 (1980), that cotransfected sequences usually integrate together at a single location of recipient genome was employed. If antigen E in a transfectant results from cotransfection with pSVtkneo $\beta$ , then sequences should be linked and deletion of the antigen might also delete the neighboring pSVtkneo $\beta$  sequences. Wölfel et al., supra, has shown this to be true. If a normally E<sup>+</sup> cell is transfected with pSVtkneo $\beta$ , then sequences should be linked and deletion of the antigen might also delete the neighboring pSVtkneo $\beta$  sequences. If a normally E<sup>+</sup> cell transfected with pSVtkneo $\beta$  is E.T1, however, "co-deletion" should not take place. To test this, the transfectant E.T1 was subjected to immunoselection with 82/30, as described supra. Two antigen loss variants were obtained, which resisted lysis by this CTL.

Neither of these had lost geneticin resistance; however, Southern blot analysis showed loss of several neo<sup>r</sup> sequences in the variants, showing close linkage between the E gene and neo<sup>r</sup> gene in E.T1, leading to the conclusion that E.T1 was a

#### Example 20

The E<sup>r</sup> subclone MZ2-MEL 4B was used as a source of DNA for preparation of a cosmid library. This library of nearly 700,000 cosmids was transfected into MZ2-MEL 2.2 cells, following the cosmid transfection protocols described supra.

By packaging the DNA of cosmid transfectants directly into lambda phase components, it is sometimes possible to retrieve cosmids that contain the sequences of interest. This procedure was unsuccessful here, so we rescued the transfected sequence by ligating DNA of the transfectant to appropriate restriction fragments of cosmid vector pTL6. This was tried with two transfectants and was successful with one of them. One cosmid, referred to as B3, was recovered from this experiment, and subjected to restriction endonuclease digestion via XmaI, or by BamHI digestion of a large, 12 kb XmaI transfected fragment. The fragments were cloned into vector pTZ 18R, and then transfected into MEL2.2. Again, TNF production was the measure by which successful transfection was determined. The experiments led to the determination of a gene sequence capable of transfecting antigen E on the 12 kb XmaI fragment, and then on the 2.4 kb fragment of BamHI digestion of the 12 kb segment.

The 2.4 kb fragment hybridizes with a 2.4 kb fragment from MZ2-MEL and with a T cell clone of patient MZ-2, as determined by Southern Blots (BamHI/SmaI digested DNA). The band is absent from E<sup>r</sup> antigen loss variants of MZ2-MEL, as seen in Figure 12.

The sequence for the E antigen precursor gene has been determined, and is presented herein:



	10	20	30	40	50	60
1	GGATCCAGGC	CCTGCCAGGA	AAAATATAAG	GGCCCTGCGT	GAGAACAGAG	GGGGTCATCC 60
61	ACTGCATGAG	AGTGGGGATG	TCACAGAGTC	CAGCCCCACC	TCCTGGTAGC	ACTGAGAAGC 120
121	CAGGCGCTGT	CTTGCGGTCT	GCACCCCTGAG	GGCCCGTGGG	TTCCCTCTTC	TGGAGCTCCA 180
181	GGAAACCAGGC	AGTGAGGGCT	TGGTCTGAGA	CAGTATCCTC	AGGTCAAGAG	GCAGAGGATG 240
241	CACAGGGTGT	GCCAGCAGTG	AATGTTTGCC	CTGAATGCAC	ACCAAGGGCC	CCACCTGCCA 300
301	CAGGACACAT	AGGATCCAC	AGAGTCTGGC	CTCACCTCCC	TACTGTCAGT	CCTGTAGAAT 360
361	CGACCTCTGC	TGGCCGGCTG	TACCTCGAGT	ACCCTCTCAC	TTCCCTCTTC	AGGTTTTTCAG 420
421	GGGACAGGCC	AACCCAGAGG	ACAGGATTCC	CTGGAGGCCA	CAGAGGAGCA	CCAAGGAGAA 480
481	GATCTGTAAG	TAGGCCCTTG	TTAGAGTCTC	CAAGGTTTCA	TTCTCAGCTG	AGGCCCTCTCA 540
541	CACACTCCCT	CTCTCCCCAG	GCCTGTGGGT	CTTCATTGCC	CAGCTCCTGC	CCACACTCCT 600
601	GCGTGCTGCC	CTGACGAGAG	TCATCATGTC	TCTTGAGCAG	AGGAGTCTGC	ACTGCAAGCC 660
661	TGAGGAAGCC	CTTGAGGGCC	AACAAGAGGC	CCTGGGCGTG	GTGTGTGTGC	AGGCTGCCAC 720
721	CTCCTCCTCC	TCTCCTCTGG	TCTTGGGCAC	CCTGGAGGAG	GTGCCCACTG	CTGGGTCAAC 780
781	AGATGCCCAA	CAGAGTCCTC	AGGGAGCCTC	CGCCTTTCCC	ACTACCATCA	ACTTCACTCG 840
841	ACAGAGCCAA	CCCAGTGAAG	GTTCACGACG	CCGTGAAGAG	GAGGGGCCAA	GCACCTCTTG 900
901	TATCCTGAGG	TCCTTGCTCC	GAGCAGTAAT	CACATAAGAG	GTGGTGAATT	TGGTTGGTTT 960
961	TCTGCTCCTC	AAATATCGAG	CCAGGGAGCC	AGTCACAAAG	GACAGAAATG	TGGAGAGTGT 1020
1021	CATCAAAAAT	TACAAGCACT	GTTTTCCCTGA	GATCTTCGGC	AAAGCCTCTG	AGTCTTGTCA 1080
1081	GCTGGCTTTT	GGCATTGACG	TGAAGGAAGC	AGACCCCCACC	GGCCACTCCT	ATGTCTCTGT 1140
1141	CACCTGCCTA	GGTCTCTCCT	ATGATGGCCT	GCTGGGTGAT	AATCAGATCA	TGCCCAAGAC 1200
1201	AGGCTCTCTG	ATAATTGTCC	TGGTCATGAT	TGCAATGGAG	GGCGGCCATG	CTCCTGAGGA 1260
1261	GGAAATCCGG	GAGGAGCTGA	GTGTGATGGA	GGTGATGAT	GCGAGGGAGC	ACAGTGCCCTA 1320
1321	TGGGGAGCCC	AGGAAGCTGC	TCACCCAAGA	TTTGGTGCAG	GAAAAGTACC	TGGAGTACCG 1380
1381	GCAGGTGCCG	GACAGTGATC	CCGCACGCTA	TGAGTTCCTG	TGGGGTCCAA	GGGCCCTCGC 1440
1441	TGAAACCCAG	TATGTGAAAG	TCCTTGAGTA	TGTGATCAAG	GTCAGTGCAA	GAGTTCCGCT 1500
1501	TTTCTTCCCA	TCCTTCGCTG	AAAGCAGCTT	GAGAGAGGAG	GAAGAGGGAG	TCTGAGCATG 1560
1561	AGTTGCAGCC	AAGGCCAGTG	GGAGGGGGAC	TGGGCCAGTG	CACCTTCCAG	GGCCCGCTCC 1620
1621	AGCAGCTTCC	CCTGCCTCGT	GTGACATGAG	GCCCATTTCT	CACCTCTGAAG	AGAGCGGTCA 1680
1681	GTGTTCTCAG	TAGTAGGTTT	CTGTTCTATT	GGGTGACTTG	GAGATTATTC	TTTGTCTCT 1740
1741	TTTGGAAATG	TTCAAATGTT	TTTTTTTAAAG	GGATGGTTGA	ATGAACCTCA	GCATCCAAAT 1800
1801	TTATGAATGA	CAGCAGTCAC	ACAGTTCTGT	GTATATAGTT	TAAAGGTAAAG	AGTCTTGTGT 1860
1861	TTTATTCCAGA	TTGGGAAATC	CATTCTATT	TGTGAATTGG	GATAATAACA	GCAGTGGAAAT 1920
1921	AAGTACTTAG	AAATGTGAAA	AATGAGCAGT	AAAATAGATG	AGATAAAGAA	CTAAAGAAAT 1980
1981	TAAAGAGATG	TCAAATCTTG	CCTTATACCT	CAGTCTATT	TGTAAAATTT	TTAAAGATAT 2040
2041	ATGCATACCT	GGATTTCCTT	GGCTTCTTTG	AGAATGTAAG	AGAAATTAAG	TCTGAATAAA 2100
2101	GATTTCTTCC	GTPTCAGTGG	CTCTTTTCTT	CTCCATGCAC	TGAGCATCTG	CTTTTGGGAA 2160
2161	GGCCCTGGGT	TAGTAGTGA	GATGCTAAGG	TAAGCCAGAC	TCATACCCAC	CCATAGGGTC 2220
2221	GTAGAGTCTA	GGAGCTCGAG	TCACGTAATC	GAGGTGGCAA	GATGTCTCTT	AAAGATGTAG 2280
2281	GGAAAAGTGA	GAGAGGGGTG	AGGGTGTGGG	GCTCCGGGTG	AGAGTGGTGG	ATGTGCTAAT 2340
2341	CCCTGAGCTG	GGCATTTTGG	GGCTTTGGGA	AACCTGCAAT	CCTTCTGGGG	GAGCTGATTT 2400
2401	TAATGATCTT	GGGTGGATCC				2420
	10	20	30	40	50	60

**Example 21**

After the 2.4 kb genomic segment had been identified, studies were carried out to determine if an "E" subline expressed any homologous DNA. Cell line MZ2-MEL 3.0 was used as a source, and a cDNA library was prepared from its mRNA, using art known techniques. The 2.4 kb segment was used as a probe, and mRNA of about 1.8 kb was identified as homologous, using Northern blot analysis. When cDNA was screened, clones were obtained showing almost complete identity to parts of the 2.4 kb fragment. Two exons were thus identified. An additional exon was located upstream of these, via sequencing segments of cosmid B3 located in front of the 2.4 kb BamHI fragment. The gene extends over about 4.5 kb, as shown in Figure 8. The starting point of the transcribed region was confirmed using PCR for the 5' end of the cDNA. The three exons comprise 65, 73, and 1551 base pairs. An ATG is located at position 66 of exon 3, followed by an 828 base pair reading frame.

**Example 22**

To determine if smaller segments of the 2.4 kb fragment could transfer the expression of antigen E, smaller pieces corresponding to the larger gene were prepared, using art recognized techniques, and transferred into E' cells. Figure 8 shows the boundaries of the three segments.

Transfer of antigen expression in this manner indicates that the gene codes for the antigen precursor, rather than coding for a protein which activates the antigen.

**Example 23**

The probing of cDNA described supra revealed, surprisingly, two different but closely related cDNAs. These cDNAs, when tested, did not transfer expression of antigen E, but they do show substantial homology to the first cDNA segment. The three segments, appear to indicate a newly recognized family of genes, referred to as "MAGE" for "melanoma antigen". In Figure 9, "mage-1" directs expression of the antigen from MZ2 cells. Portions of the third exon of each gene are presented in Figure 9. The second and third

sequences are more closely related to each other than the first (18.1 and 18.9% difference compared to the first; 12% with each other). Out of 9 cDNA clones obtained, three of each type were obtained, suggesting equal expression. "MAGE" as used hereafter refers to a family of molecules, and the nucleic acids coding for them. These nucleic acids share a certain degree of homology and are expressed in tumor cells including several types of human tumor cells as well as in human tumors. The family is referred to as "MAGE" because the first members were identified in human melanoma cells. As the experiments which follow indicate, however, the members of the MAGE family are not at all restricted to melanoma tumors; rather, MAGE refers to a family of tumor rejection antigen precursors and the nucleic acid sequences coding therefore. The antigens resulting therefrom are referred to herein as "MAGE TRAs" or "melanoma antigen tumor rejection antigens"

#### Example 24

Experiments with mouse tumors have demonstrated that new antigens recognized by T cells can result from point mutations that modify active genes in a region that codes for the new antigenic peptide. New antigens can also arise from the activation of genes that are not expressed in most normal cells. To clarify this issue for antigen MZ2-E, the mage-1 gene present in the melanoma cells was compared to that present in normal cells of patient MZ2.

Amplification by polymerase chain reaction (PCR) of DNA of phytohemagglutinin-activated blood lymphocytes using primers surrounding a 1300 bp stretch covering the first half of the 2.4 kb fragment was carried out. As expected, a PCR product was obtained whereas none was obtained with the DNA of the E' variant. The sequence of this PCR product proved identical to the corresponding sequence of the gene carried by the E' melanoma cells. Moreover, it was found that antigen MZ2-E was expressed by cells transfected with the cloned PCR product. This result suggests that the activation of a gene normally silent is responsible for the appearance of tumor rejection antigen MZ2-E.

**Example 25**

In order to evaluate the expression of gene *mage-1* by various normal and tumor cells, Northern blots were hybridized with a probe covering most of the third exon. In contrast with the result observed with human tumor cell line MZ2-MEL 3.0, no band was observed with RNA isolated from a CTL clone of patient MZ2 and phytohemagglutinin-activated blood lymphocytes of the same patient. Also negative were several normal tissues of other individuals (Figure 10 and Figure 11). Fourteen melanoma cell lines of other patients were tested. Eleven were positive with bands of varying intensities. In addition to these culture cell lines, four samples of melanoma tumor tissue were analyzed. Two samples, including a metastasis of patient MZ2 proved positive, excluding the possibility that expression of the gene represented a tissue culture artefact. A few tumors of other histological types, including lung tumors were tested. Most of these tumors were positive (Figures 10 and 11). These results indicated that the MAGE gene family is expressed by many melanomas and also by other tumors. However, they provided no clear indication as to which of genes *mage-1*, 2 or 3 were expressed by these cells, because the DNA probes corresponding to the three genes cross-hybridized to a considerable extent. To render this analysis more specific, PCR amplification and hybridization with highly specific oligo- nucleotide probes were used. cDNAs were obtained and amplified by PCR using oligonucleotide primers corresponding to sequences of exon 3 that were identical for the three MAGE genes discussed herein. The PCR products were then tested for their ability to hybridize to three other oligonucleotides that showed complete specificity for one of the three genes (Figure 9). Control experiments carried out by diluting RNA of melanoma MZ2-MEL 3.0 in RNA from negative cells indicated that under the conditions used herein the intensity of the signal decreased proportionally to the dilution and that positive signals could still be detected at a dilution of 1/300. The normal cells (lymphocytes) that were tested by PCR were confirmed to be negative for the

expression of the three MAGE genes, suggesting therefore a level of expression of less than  $1/300^{\text{th}}$  that of the MZ2 melanoma cell line (Figure 11). For the panel of melanoma cell lines, the results clearly showed that some melanomas expressed MAGE genes mage 1, 2 and 3 whereas other expressed only mage-2 and 3 (Figures 11 and 10). Some of the other tumors also expressed all three genes whereas others expressed only mage-2 and 3 or only mage-3. It is impossible to exclude formally that some positive PCR results do not reflect the expression of one of the three characterized MAGE genes but that of yet another closely related gene that would share the sequence of the priming and hybridizing oligonucleotides. It can be concluded that the MAGE gene family is expressed by a large array of different tumors and that these genes are silent in the normal cells tested to this point.

#### Example 26

The availability of a sequence that transfects at high efficiency and efficiently expresses a TRAP made it possible to search for the associated major histocompatibility complex (MHC) class I molecule. The class I specificities of patient MZ2 are HLA-A1, A29, B37, B44 and C6. Four other melanomas of patients that had A1 in common with MZ2 were cotransfected with the 2.4 kb fragment and pSVtkneo $\beta$ . Three of them yielded neo<sup>r</sup> transfectants that stimulated TNF release by anti-E CTL clone 82/30, which is CD8<sup>+</sup> (Figure 10). No E- transfectant was obtained with four other melanomas, some of which shared A29, B44 or C6 with MZ2. This suggests that the presenting molecule for antigen MZ2-E is HLA-A1. In confirmation, it was found that, out of 6 melanoma cell lines derived from tumors of HLA-A1 patients, two stimulated TNF release by anti-E CTL clone 82/30 of patient MZ2. One of these tumor cell lines, MI13443-MEL also showed high sensitivity to lysis by these anti-E CTL. These two melanomas were those that expressed mage-1 gene (Figure 13). Eight melanomas of patients with HLA haplotypes that did not include A1 were examined for their sensitivity to lysis and for their ability to stimulate TNF release by the CTL. None was found to be positive. The

ability of some human anti-tumor CTL to lyse allogeneic tumors sharing an appropriate HLA specificity with the original tumor has been reported previously (Darrow, et al., J. Immunol. 142: 3329 (1989)). It is quite possible that antigenic peptides encoded by genes *mage 2* and *3* can also be presented to autologous CTL by HLA-A1 or other class I molecules, especially in view of the similar results found with murine tumors, as elaborated upon supra.

#### Example 27

As indicated supra, melanoma MZ2 expressed antigens F, D and A', in addition to antigen E. Following the isolation of the nucleic acid sequence coding for antigen E, similar experiments were carried out to isolate the nucleic acid sequence coding for antigen F.

To do this, cultures of cell line MZ2-MEL2.2, an E<sup>-</sup> cell line described supra, were treated with anti-F CTL clone 76/6, in the same manner described for treatment with anti-E CTL clones. This resulted in the isolation of an F antigen loss variant, which was then subjected to several rounds of selection. The resulting cell line, "MZ2-MEL2.2.5" was completely resistant to lysis by anti-F CTLs, yet proved to be lysed by anti-D CTLs.

Again, following the protocols set forth for isolation of antigen -E precursor DNA, the F<sup>-</sup> variant was transfected with genomic DNA from F<sup>+</sup> cell line MZ2-MEL3.0. The experiments yielded 90,000 drug resistant transfectants. These were tested for MZ2-F expression by using pools of 30 cells in the TNF detection assay elaborated upon supra. One pool stimulated TNF release by anti-F CTLs, and was cloned. Five of 145 clones were found to stimulate anti-F CTLs. Lysis assays, also following protocols described supra, confirmed (i) expression of the gene coding for antigen F, and (ii) presentation of antigen F itself.

#### Example 28

Following identification of F<sup>+</sup> cell lines, the DNA therefrom was used to transfect cells. To do this, a cosmid library of F<sup>+</sup> cell line MZ2-MEL.43 was prepared, again using

the protocols described supra. The library was divided into 14 groups of about 50,000 cosmids, and DNA from each group was transfected into MZ2-MEL2.2.5. Transfectants were then tested for their ability to stimulate TNF release from anti-F CTL clone 76/6. Of 14 groups of cosmids, one produced two independent transfectants expressing antigen F; a yield of two positives out of 17,500 genitocin resistant transfectants.

#### Example 29

The existence of a gene family was suggested by the pattern observed on the Southern blot (Figure 12). To do this, the 2.4 kb BamHI fragment, which transferred the expression of antigen M22-E, was labelled with 32p and used as a probe on a Southern Blot of BamHI digested DNA of E + cloned subclone M22-MEL2.2. Hybridization conditions included 50  $\mu$ l/cm<sup>2</sup> of 3.5xSSC, 1xDenhardt's solution; 25 mM sodium phosphate buffer (pH 7.0), 0.5% SDS, 2mM EDTA, where the 2.4 kb probes had been labelled with [ $\alpha^{32}$ p]dCTP (2-3000 Ci/mole), at  $3 \times 10^6$  cpm/ml. Hybridization was carried out for 18 hours at 65°C. After this, the membranes were washed at 65°C four times for one hour each in 2xSSC, 0.1% SDS, and finally for 30 minutes in 0.1xSSC, 0.1% SDS. To identify hybridization, membranes were autoradiographed using Kodak X-AR film and Kodak X-Omatic fine intensifying screens.

In the following examples, whenever "hybridization" is referred to, the stringency conditions used were similar to those described supra. "Stringent conditions" as used herein thus refers to the foregoing conditions; subject to routine, art recognized modification.

#### Example 30

The cDNA coding for mage 4 was identified from a sample of the human sarcoma cell line LB23-SAR. This cell line was found to not express mage 1, 2 or 3, but the mRNA of the cell line did hybridize to the 2.4 kb sequence for mage 1. To study this further, a cDNA library was prepared from total LB23-SAR mRNA, and was then hybridized to the 2.4 kb fragment. A cDNA sequence was identified as hybridizing to this probe, and is identified hereafter as mage 4.

**Example 31**

Experiments were carried out using PHA-activated lymphocytes from patient "MZ2", the source of the "MZ" cells discussed supra. An oligonucleotide probe which showed homology to mage 1 but not mage 2 or 3 was hybridized with a cosmid library derived from the PHA activated cells. The size of the hybridizing BamHI cosmid fragment, however, was 4.5 kb, thus indicating that the material was not mage 1; however, on the basis of homology to mage 1-4, the fragment can be referred to as "mage 5". The sequence of MAGE 5 is presented in SEQ ID NO: 16.

**Example 32**

Melanoma cell line LB-33-MEL was tested. Total mRNA from the cell line was used to prepare cDNA, which was then amplified with oligos CHO9: (ACTCAGTCTCTCCGATTT), and CHO10: (GAAGAGGAGGGGCCAAG). These oligos correspond to regions of exon 3 that are common to previously described mage 1, 2 and 3.

To do this, 1  $\mu$ g of RNA was diluted to a total volume of 20  $\mu$ l, using 2  $\mu$ l of 10x PCR buffer, 2  $\mu$ l of each of 10 mM dNTP, 1.2  $\mu$ l of 25 mM  $MgCl_2$ , 1  $\mu$ l of an 80 mM solution of CHO9, described supra, 20 units of RNasin, and 200 units of M-MLV reverse transcriptase. This was followed by incubation for 40 minutes at 42°C. PCR amplification followed, using 8  $\mu$ l of 10x PCR buffer, 4.8  $\mu$ l of 25 mM  $MgCl_2$ , 1  $\mu$ l of CHO10, 2.5 units of *Thermus aquaticus* ("Taq") polymerase, and water to a total volume of 100  $\mu$ l. Amplification was then carried out for 30 cycles (1 minute 94°C; 2 minutes at 52°C, 3 minutes at 72°C). Ten  $\mu$ l of each reaction were then size fractionated on agarose gel, followed by nitrocellulose blotting. The product was found to hybridize with oligonucleotide probe CHO18 (TCTTGATCTCTGGAGTCC). This probe identified mage 1 but not mage 2 or 3. However, the product did not hybridize to probe SEQ 4 (TTGCCAAGATCTCAGGAA). This probe also binds mage 1 but not 2 and 3. This indicated that the PCR product contained a sequence that differed from mage 1, 2 and 3. Sequencing of this fragment also indicated differences with



respect to mage 4 and 5. These results indicate a sequence differing from previously identified mage 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5, and is named mage 6.

#### Example 33

In additional experiments using cosmid libraries from PHA-activated lymphocytes of MZ2, the 2.4 kb mage 1 fragment was used as a probe and isolated a complementary fragment. This clone, however, did not bind to oligonucleotides specific for mage 1, 2, 3 or 4. The sequence obtained shows some homology to exon 3 of mage 1, and differs from mages 1-6. It is referred to as mage 7 hereafter. Additional screenings yielded mage 8-11.

#### Example 34

The usefulness of the TRAPS, as well as TRAs derived therefrom, was exemplified by the following.

Exon 3 of mage 1 was shown to transfer expression of antigen E. As a result, it was decided to test whether synthetic peptides derived from this exon 3 could be used to confer sensitivity to anti-E CTL.

To do this, and using standard protocols, cells normally insensitive to anti-E/CTLs were incubated with the synthetic peptides derived from Exon 3.1. Using the CTL lytic assays described supra on P815A, and a peptide concentration of 3 mM, the peptide Glu-Ala-Asp-Pro-Thr-Gly-His-Ser-Tyr was shown to be best. The assay showed lysis of 30%, indicating conferring of sensitivity to the anti-E CTL.

#### Example 35

Nucleic acid sequences referred to as "smage" were isolated from murine cells. Using the protocols described supra, a cosmid library was prepared from the DNA of normal DBA/2 kidney cells, using cosmid vector C2RB. As a probe, the 2.4 kb BamHI fragment of MAGE-1 was used. The DNA was blotted to nylon filters, and these were washed in 2xSSC at 65°C to identify the smage material.

#### Example 36

Further tissue samples were tested for the presence of MAGE genes, using the protocols discussed supra. Some of

these results follow.

There was no expression of the MAGE genes in brain or kidney tumor tissue. Colon tumor tissue showed expression of MAGE 1, 2, 3 and 4, although not all tumors tested showed expression of all MAGE genes. This is also true for pancreatic tumor (MAGE 1); non-small cell lung (MAGE 1, 2, 3 and 4), prostate (MAGE 1), sarcomas (MAGE 1, 2, 3 and 4), breast (MAGE 1, 2 and 3), and larynx (MAGE 1 and 4).

### Example 37

A cytolytic CTL clone "20/38" was obtained from peripheral blood lymphocytes of melanoma patient MZ2. This clone is described by Van den Eynde et al., Int. J. Cancer 44: 634-640 (1989), the disclosure of which is incorporated by reference. The CTL clone has isolated following Herin et al., Int. J. Cancer 39: 390-396 (1987), which is incorporated by reference. The assay is described herein, however. Autologous melanoma cells were grown in vitro, and then resuspended at  $10^7$  cells/ml in DMEM, supplemented with 10% HEPES and 30% FCS, and incubated for 45 minutes at 37°C with 200  $\mu$ Ci/ml of Na( $^{51}\text{Cr}$ )O<sub>4</sub>. Labelled cells were washed three times with DMEM, supplemented with 10 mM HEPES. These were then resuspended in DMEM supplemented with 10 mM HEPES and 10% FCS, after which 100  $\mu$ l aliquots containing  $10^3$  cells, were distributed into 96 well microplates. Samples of the CTL clone were added in 100  $\mu$ l of the same medium, and assays were carried out in duplicate. Plates were centrifuged for four minutes at 100g, and incubated for four hours at 37°C in a 5.5% CO<sub>2</sub> atmosphere.

Plates were centrifuged again, and 100  $\mu$ l aliquots of supernatant were collected and counted. Percentage of  $^{51}\text{Cr}$  release was calculated as follows:

$$\% \text{ } ^{51}\text{Cr} \text{ release} = \frac{(\text{ER}-\text{SR})}{(\text{MR}-\text{SR})} \times 100$$

where ER is observed, experimental  $^{51}\text{Cr}$  release, SR is spontaneous release measured by incubating  $10^3$  labeled cells in 200  $\mu$ l of medium alone, and MR is maximum release, obtained

by adding 100 ul 0.3% Triton X-100 to target cells.

Those mononuclear blood samples which showed high CTL activity were expanded and cloned via limiting dilution, and were screened again, using the same methodology.

The same method was used to test target K562 cells. When EBV-B cells were used, the only change was the replacement of DMEM medium by Hank's medium, supplemented with 5% FCS.

These experiments led to isolation of CTL clone 20/38.

Figure 1 presents the results of these assays. Specifically, it will be seen that the CTL clone lysed autologous melanoma cell line MZ2-MEL.3.0, but did not lyse EBV-B cell lines, fibroblasts, K562 or non-autologous melanoma cell line SK-MEL-29.

#### Example 38

Once the CTL clone was recognized as being specific for the autologous cell line, it was tested for antigenic specificity. To do this, antigen loss variants derived from patient MZ2 were tested in the same type of chromium release assay described above. These target lines were MZ2-MEL 3.0, which is D<sup>+</sup>, E<sup>+</sup>, F<sup>+</sup>, A<sup>+</sup>, MZ2-MEL.61, which is D<sup>-</sup>, MZ2-MEL 2.2, which is E<sup>-</sup>, and MZ2-MEL.4, which is F<sup>-</sup>. In addition to CTL clone 20/38, clones which are known to be anti-A (CTL 28/336), anti-F (CTL 76/6), and anti-E (CTL 22/13) were tested.

These results are set forth in figure 15. It will be seen that CTL clone 20/38 lysed all the cell lines leading to chromium release except D<sup>-</sup> cell line MZ2-MEL.61, thus indicating that the CTL clone is anti-D. This result was confirmed, in experiments not included herein, by experiments where TNF release by the CTL clone was observed only in the presence of melanoma lines presenting antigen D.

#### Example 39

Once antigen D was identified as the target molecule, studies were carried out to determine the HLA type which presented it. The experiments described in example A showed that antigen D was presented by MZ2-MEL, and this cell line's HLA specificity is known (i.e., A1, A29, B37, B44, Cw6,

C.cl.10). It was also known, however, that a variant of MZ2-MEL which had lost HLA molecules A29, B44 and C.cl.10 still expressed antigen D, so these could be eliminated from consideration. Studies were not carried out on lines  
5 expressing B37, as none could be found.

In all, 13 allogeneic lines were tested, which expressed either HLA-A1 (10 of 13), or Cw6 (3 of 13). The cell lines were tested for their ability to stimulate release of TNF by CTL clone 20/38, using the method of Traversari et al.,  
10 Immunogenetics 35: 145-152 (1992), the disclosure of which is incorporated by reference. This assay measures TNF release via testing toxicity of supernatants on WEHI 164-13 cells.

In the assays, cell samples (3000, 10,000 or 30,000 cells) from the allogeneic lines were cultured in the presence  
15 of 1500 cells of the CTL clone, and 25 u/ml of IL-2. Twenty-four hours later, the supernatant from the culture was tested against the WEHI cells for toxicity. The results are presented in Table 3, which follows.

Eight cell lines were found to stimulate TNF release from the CTL clone 20/38. All of these lines were HLA-A1. None of  
20 the Cw6 presenting lines did so.

The cell lines were also assayed to determine MAGE expression. All eight of the lines which stimulated TNF release expressed MAGE-3, whereas the two HLA-A1 lines which  
25 were negative did not.

**Example 40**

In view of the results set forth in example C, experiments were carried out to determine if antigen D was in fact a tumor rejection antigen derived from MAGE-3. To do this, recipient COS7 cells were transfected with 100ng of the gene for HLA-A1 cloned into pcDNA I/Amp, and 100 ng of one of (a) cDNA for MAGE-1 cloned into pcDNA I/Amp, (b) cDNA for MAGE-2 cloned into pcDSR $\alpha$ , or (c) cDNA for MAGE-3 cloned into pcDSR $\alpha$ . The transfecting sequences were ligated into the plasmids in accordance with manufacturer's instructions. Samples of COS-7 cells were seeded, at 15,000 cells/well into tissue culture flat bottom microwells, in Dulbecco's modified Eagles Medium ("DMEM") supplemented with 10% fetal calf serum. The cells were incubated overnight at 37°C, medium was removed and then replaced by 30  $\mu$ l/well of DMEM medium containing 10% Nu serum, 400  $\mu$ g/ml DEAE-dextran, 100  $\mu$ M chloroquine, and the plasmids described above. Following four hours of incubation at 37°C, the medium was removed, and replaced by 50  $\mu$ l of PBS containing 10% DMSO. This medium was removed after two minutes and replaced by 200  $\mu$ l of DMEM supplemented with 10% of FCS.

Following this change in medium, COS cells were incubated for 24 hours at 37°C. Medium was then discarded, and 1500 cells of CTL clones 20/38 were added, in 100  $\mu$ l of Iscove medium containing 10% pooled human serum, supplemented with 25 u/ml of IL-2. Supernatant was removed after 24 hours, and TNF content was determined in an assay on WEHI cells, as described by Traversari et al., Immunogenetics 35: 145-152 (1992), the disclosure of which is incorporated by reference. These results are shown in Figure 16.

It will be seen that the CTL clone was strongly stimulated by COS7 cells transfected with HLA-A1 and MAGE-3, but not by the cells transfected with the other mage genes. This leads to the conclusion that antigen D is a tumor rejection antigen derived from the tumor rejection antigen precursor coded by gene MAGE-3, and that this TRA is presented

by HLA-A1 molecules.

The foregoing disclosure, including the examples, places many tools of extreme value in the hands of the skilled artisan. To begin, the examples identify and provide a methodology for isolating nucleic acid molecules which code for tumor rejection antigen precursors as well as the nucleic acid molecules complementary thereto. It is known that DNA exists in double stranded form, and that each of the two strands is complementary to the other. Nucleic acid hybridization technology has developed to the point where, given a strand of DNA, the skilled artisan can isolate its complement, or synthesize it.

"Nucleic acid molecule" as used herein refers to all species of DNA and RNA which possess the properties discussed supra. Genomic and complementary DNA, or "cDNA" both code for particular proteins, and as the examples directed to isolation of MAGE coding sequences show, this disclosure teaches the artisan how to secure both of these.

Similarly, RNA molecules, such as mRNA can be secured. Again, with reference to the skilled artisan, once one has a coding sequence in hand, mRNA can be isolated or synthesized.

Complementary sequences which do not code for TRAP, such as "antisense DNA" or mRNA are useful, e.g., in probing for the coding sequence as well as in methodologies for blocking its expression.

It will also be clear that the examples show the manufacture of biologically pure cultures of cell lines which have been transfected with nucleic acid sequences which code for or express the TRAP molecules. Such cultures can be used as a source for tumor rejection antigens, e.g., or as therapeutics. This aspect of the invention is discussed infra.

Cells transfected with the TRAP coding sequences may also be transfected with other coding sequences. Examples of other coding sequences include cytokine genes, such as interleukins (e.g., IL-2 or IL-4), or major histocompatibility complex (MHC) or human leukocyte antigen (HLA) molecules.

Cytokine gene transfection is of value because expression of these is expected to enhance the therapeutic efficacy of the biologically pure culture of the cells in vivo. The art is well aware of therapies where interleukin transfectants have been administered to subjects for treating cancerous conditions. In a particularly preferred embodiment, cells are transfected with sequences coding for each of (i) a TRAP molecule, (ii) an HLA/MHC molecule, and (iii) a cytokine.

Transfection with an MHC/HLA coding sequence is desirable because certain of the TRAs may be preferentially or specifically presented only by particular MHC/HLA molecules. Thus, where a recipient cell already expresses the MHC/HLA molecule associated with presentation of a TRA, additional transfection may not be necessary although further transformation could be used to cause over-expression of the antigen. On the other hand, it may be desirable to transfect with a second sequence when the recipient cell does not normally express the relevant MHC/HLA molecule. It is to be understood, of course, that transfection with one additional sequence does not preclude further transfection with other sequences.

The term "biologically pure" as used in connection with the cell line described herein simply means that these are essentially free of other cells. Strictly speaking, a "cell line" by definition is "biologically pure", but the recitation will establish this fully.

Transfection of cells requires that an appropriate vector be used. Thus, the invention encompasses expression vectors where a coding sequence for the TRAP of interest is operably linked to a promoter. The promoter may be a strong promoter, such as those well known to the art, or a differential promoter, i.e., one which is operative only in specific cell types. The expression vectors may also contain all or a part of a viral or bacterial genome, such as vaccinia virus or BCG. Such vectors are especially useful in preparing vaccines.

The expression vectors may incorporate several coding sequences, as long as the TRAP sequence is contained therein.

The cytokine and/or MHC/HLA genes discussed supra may be included in a single vector with the TRAP sequence. Where this is not desired, then an expression system may be provided, where two or more separate vectors are used where each coding sequence is operably linked to a promoter. Again, the promoter may be a strong or differential promoter. Co-transfection is a well known technique, and the artisan in this field is expected to have this technology available for utilization. The vectors may be constructed so that they code for the TRA molecule directly, rather than the TRAP molecule. This eliminates the need for post-translational processing.

As the foregoing discussion makes clear, the sequences code for "tumor rejection antigen precursors" ("TRAPs") which, in turn, are processed into tumor rejection antigens ("TRAs"). Isolated forms of both of these categories are described herein, including specific examples of each. Perhaps their most noteworthy aspect is as vaccines for treating various cancerous conditions. The evidence points to presentation of TRAs on tumor cells, followed by the development of an immune response and deletion of the cells. The examples show that when various TRAs are administered to cells, a CTL response is mounted and presenting cells are deleted. This is behavior characteristic of vaccines, and hence TRAPs, which are processed into TRAs, and the TRAs themselves may be used, either alone or in pharmaceutically appropriate compositions, as vaccines. Similarly, presenting cells may be used in the same manner, either alone or as combined with ingredients to yield pharmaceutical compositions. Additional materials which may be used as vaccines include isolated cells which present the TRA molecule on their surface, as well as TRAP fragments, mutated viruses, especially etiolated forms, and transfected bacteria. "Fragments" as used herein refers to peptides which are smaller than the TRA, but which possess the properties required of a vaccine, as discussed supra. Another vaccine comprises or consists of complexes of TRA and HLA molecule. Vaccines of the type described herein may be used preventively, i.e., via administration to a subject in an



amount sufficient to prevent onset of a cancerous condition.

The generation of an immune response, be it T-cell or B-cell related, is characteristic of the effect of the presented tumor rejection antigen. With respect to the B-cell response, this involves, inter alia, the generation of antibodies to the TRA, i.e., which specifically bind thereto. In addition, the TRAP molecules are of sufficient size to render them immunogenic, and antibodies which specifically bind thereto are a part of this invention. These antibodies may be polyclonal or monoclonal, the latter being prepared by any of the well recognized methodologies for their preparation which need not be repeated here. For example, mAbs may be prepared using an animal model, e.g., a Balb/C mouse or in a test tube, using, e.g., EBV transformants. In addition, antiserum may be isolated from a subject afflicted with a cancerous condition where certain cells present a TRA. Such antibodies may also be generated to epitopes defined by the interaction of TRA and HLA/MHC molecules.

Review of the foregoing disclosure will show that there are a number of facets to the system which may be referred to as "tumor rejection antigen presentation and recognition". Recognition of these phenomena has diagnostic consequences. For example, the existence of specific CTL clones, or antibodies to the TRA makes it possible to diagnose or monitor cancerous conditions (explained infra), by monitoring the CTLs in a sample from a subject, binding of antibodies to TRAs, or the activity of anti-TRA CTLs in connection with subject samples. Similarly, the expression of nucleic acid molecules for TRAPs can be monitored via amplification (e.g., "polymerase chain reaction"), anti-sense hybridization, probe technologies, and so forth. Various subject samples, including body fluids (blood, serum, and other exudates, e.g.), tissues and tumors may be so assayed.

A particular manner of diagnosis is to use an adaptation of the standard "tuberculin test" currently used for diagnosis of tuberculosis. This standard skin test administers a stable form of "purified protein derivative" or "PPD" as a diagnostic

aid. In a parallel fashion, TRAs in accordance with this invention may be used in such a skin test as a diagnostic aid or monitoring method.

5 The term "cancerous condition" is used herein to embrace all physiological events that commence with the initiation of the cancer and result in final clinical manifestation. Tumors do not spring up "ab initio" as visible tumors; rather there are various events associated with the transformation of a normal cell to malignancy, followed by development of a growth  
10 of biomass, such as a tumor, metastasis, etc. In addition, remission may be conceived of as part of "a cancerous condition" as tumors seldom spontaneously disappear. The diagnostic aspects of this invention include all events involved in carcinogenesis, from the first transformation to malignancy of a single cell, through tumor development and metastasis, as well as remission. All are embraced herein.

15 Where "subject" is used, the term embraces any species which can be afflicted with a cancerous condition. This includes humans and non-humans, such as domesticated animals, breeding stock, and so forth.  
20

There are therapeutic aspects of this invention as well. The efficacy of administration of effective amounts of TRAPs and TRAs as vaccines has already been discussed supra. Similarly, one may develop the specific CTLs in vitro and then  
25 administer these to the subject. Antibodies may be administered, either polyclonal or monoclonal, which specifically bind to cells presenting the TRA of interest. These antibodies may be coupled to specific antitumor agents, including, but not being limited to, methotrexate radio-  
30 iodinated compounds, toxins such as ricin, other cytostatic or cytolytic drugs, and so forth. Thus, "targeted" antibody therapy is included herein, as is the application of deletion of the cancerous cells by the use of CTLs.

35 The data from examples 37-40 show that a tumor rejection antigen derived from MAGE-3 is presented by HLA-A1 molecules. As such, in addition to the nucleic acid molecules coding for this TRAP, the TRAP itself as coded for by the sequences,

vectors, cell lines, etcetera which incorporate this nucleic acid molecule, the invention also encompasses combination of the molecules coding for the MAGE-3 TRAP and HLA-A1. Thus, co-transfectants, vectors containing coding sequences for both, expression systems such as kits, or separate vectors, and so forth, are all embraced by the invention. Similarly, the vaccines discussed supra can be made by incorporating the TRAP from MAGE-3 and an adjuvant.

It is to be understood that a given TRAP may yield more than one TRA. In the case of MAGE-3, it has been shown that antigen D, as the term is used herein, derives therefrom, and one aspect of the invention is this isolated tumor rejection antigen. Another is isolated complexes of the TRA and its presenting molecule, i.e., HLA-A1.

The identification of MAGE-3 derived TRAs as being presented by HLA-A1 molecules suggests various therapeutic and diagnostic approaches. In a therapeutic context, e.g., the treatment of a disorder characterized by MAGE-3 expression may be treated in a number of ways, "disorder" being used to refer to any pathological condition where MAGE-3 TRAP is expressed, such as cancer (e.g., melanoma).

Therapeutic approaches based upon the disclosure are premised on a response by a subject's immune system, leading to lysis of TRA presenting cells, such as HLA-A1 cells. One such approach is the administration of CTLs specific to the complex to a subject with abnormal cells of the phenotype at issue. It is within the skill of the artisan to develop such CTLs in vitro. Specifically, a sample of cells, such as blood cells, are contacted to a cell presenting the complex and capable of provoking a specific CTL to proliferate. The target cell can be a transfectant, such as a COS cell of the type described supra. These transfectants present the desired complex on their surface and, when combined with a CTL of interest, stimulate its proliferation. COS cells, such as those used herein are widely available, as are other suitable host cells.

To detail the therapeutic methodology, referred to as

adoptive transfer (Greenberg, J. Immunol. 136(5): 1917 (1986); Reddel et al., Science 257: 238 (7-10-92); Lynch et al., Eur. J. Immunol. 21: 1403-1410 (1991); Kast et al., Cell 59: 603-614 (11-17-89)), cells presenting the desired complex are combined with CTLs leading to proliferation of the CTLs specific thereto. The proliferated CTLs are then administered to a subject with a cellular abnormality which is characterized by certain of the abnormal cells presenting the particular complex. The CTLs then lyse the abnormal cells, thereby achieving the desired therapeutic goal.

The foregoing therapy assumes that at least some of the subject's abnormal cells present the HLA/TRA complex. This can be determined very easily, as the art is very familiar with methods for identifying cells which present a particular HLA molecule, as well as how to identify cells expressing DNA containing the indicated sequences. Once isolated, such cells can be used with a sample of a subject's abnormal cells to determine lysis in vitro. If lysis is observed, then the use of specific CTLs in such a therapy may alleviate the condition associated with the abnormal cells. A less involved methodology examines the abnormal cells for HLA phenotyping, using standard assays, and determines expression via amplification using, e.g., PCR.

Adoptive transfer is not the only form of therapy that is available in accordance with the invention. CTLs can also be provoked in vivo, using a number of approaches. One approach, i.e., the use of non-proliferative cells expressing the complex, has been elaborated upon supra. The cells used in this approach may be those that normally express the complex, such as irradiated melanoma cells or cells transfected with one or both of the genes necessary for presentation of the complex. Chen et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 88: 110-114 (January, 1991) exemplifies this approach, showing the use of transfected cells expressing HPVE7 peptides in a therapeutic regime. Various cell types may be used. Similarly, vectors carrying one or both of the genes of interest may be used. Viral or bacterial vectors are especially preferred. In these

systems, the gene of interest is carried by, e.g., a Vaccinia virus or the bacteria BCG, and the materials de facto "infect" host cells. The cells which result present the complex of interest, and are recognized by autologous CTLs, which then proliferate. A similar effect can be achieved by combining the tumor rejection antigen or the precursor itself with an adjuvant to facilitate incorporation into HLA-A1 presenting cells which present the HLA molecule of interest. The TRAP is processed to yield the peptide partner of the HLA molecule while the TRA is presented without the need for further processing. Thus, one may treat disorders where a MAGE-3 derived TRA is presented by HLA-A1 molecules, or by any HLA molecule.

In a diagnostic context, one may determine a disorder, as the term is used herein, by assaying for expression of the TRAP. This can be done directly (via, e.g., a PCR assay for TRAP sequences), or indirectly, via assaying for a MAGE-3 derived TRA, as the TRA's presence means that the TRAP is or was expressed.

It will be noted that two nucleic acid molecules are presented herein, i.e., MAGE-3 and MAGE-31, each of which code for TRAP MAGE-3. It is to be understood that when the expression "nucleic acid molecule which codes for MAGE-3 TRAP" is used, all molecules are covered which yield this molecule upon expression. Any number of variations, such as those showing codon degeneracy within the coding region, or variation within the introns, are covered by the invention.

The terms and expressions which have been employed are used as terms of description and not of limitation, and there is no intention in the use of such terms and expressions of excluding any equivalents of the features shown and described or portions thereof, it being recognized that various modifications are possible within the scope of the invention.

## (1) GENERAL INFORMATION:

- (i) APPLICANTS: Gaugler, Béatrice; Van den Eynde, Benoît;  
van der Bruggen, Pierre; Boon-Falleur, Thierry
- (ii) TITLE OF INVENTION: Isolated Nucleic Acid Molecules Coding For  
Tumor Rejection Antigen Precursor Mage-3 And Uses Thereof
- (iii) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 26
- (iv) CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
  - (A) ADDRESSEE: Felfe & Lynch
  - (B) STREET: 805 Third Avenue
  - (C) CITY: New York City
  - (D) STATE: New York
  - (F) ZIP: 10022
- (v) COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
  - (A) MEDIUM TYPE: Diskette, 5.25 inch, 360 kb storage
  - (B) COMPUTER: IBM
  - (C) OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS
  - (D) SOFTWARE: Wordperfect
- (vi) CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
  - (A) APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/037,230
  - (B) FILING DATE: 26-MARCH-1993
- (vii) PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
  - (A) APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/US92/04354
  - (B) FILING DATE: 22-MAY-1992
- (viii) PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
  - (A) APPLICATION NUMBER: 07/807,043
  - (B) FILING DATE: 12-DECEMBER-1991
- (ix) PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
  - (A) APPLICATION NUMBER: 07/764,364
  - (B) FILING DATE: 23-SEPTEMBER-1991
- (x) PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
  - (A) APPLICATION NUMBER: 07/728,838
  - (b) FILING DATE: 9-JULY-1991
- (xi) PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
  - (A) APPLICATION NUMBER: 07/705,702
  - (B) FILING DATE: 23-MAY-1991
- (xii) ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
  - (A) NAME: Hanson, Norman D.
  - (B) REGISTRATION NUMBER: 30,946
  - (C) REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: LUD 253.5
- (xiii) TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
  - (A) TELEPHONE: (212) 688-9200
  - (B) TELEFAX: (212) 838-3884

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 1:  
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
     (A) LENGTH: 462 base pairs  
     (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
     (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  
 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: genomic DNA  
 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 1:

```

ACCACAGGAG AATGAAAAGA ACCCGGGACT CCCAAAGAGC CTAGATGTGT GAAGATCCTG 60
ATCACTCATT GGGTGTCTGA GTTCIGCGAT ATTCATCCCT CAGCCAATGA GCTTACTGTT 120
CTCGTGGGGG GTTTGIGAGC CTTGGGTAGG AAGTTTTGCA AGTTCGGCCT ACAGCTCTAG 180
CTTGTGAATT TGTACCCCTT CACGTAAAAA AGTAGTCCAG AGTTTACTAC ACCCTCCCTC 240
CCCCCTCCCA CTTCTGCTG TGCTGAATTT AGAAGTCTTC CTTATAGAAG TCTTCCGPAT 300
AGAACTCTTC CGAGGGAAGG AGGAGGAGCC CCCCCCTTT GCTCTCCAG CATGCATTGT 360
GTCAACGCCA TTGCACTGAG CTGCTCGAAG AAGTAAGCCG CTAGCTTGCG ACTCTACTCT 420
TATCTTAACT TAGCTCGGCT TCCTGCTGGT ACCCTTTGTG CC 462

```

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 2:  
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
     (A) LENGTH: 675 base pairs  
     (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
     (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  
 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: genomic DNA  
 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 2:

ATG TCT GAT AAC AAG AAA CCA GAC AAA GCC CAC AGT GGC TCA GGT GGT	48
Met Ser Asp Asn Lys Lys Pro Asp Lys Ala His Ser Gly Ser Gly Gly	
5 10 15	
GAC GGT GAT GGG AAT AGG TGC AAT TTA TTG CAC CGG TAC TCC CTG GAA	96
Asp Gly Asp Gly Asn Arg Cys Asn Leu Leu His Arg Tyr Ser Leu Glu	
20 25 30	
GAA ATT CTG CCT TAT CTA GGG TGG CTG GTC TTC GCT GTT GTC ACA ACA	144
Glu Ile Leu Pro Tyr Leu Gly Trp Leu Val Phe Ala Val Val Thr Thr	
35 40 45	
AGT TTT CTG GCG CTC CAG ATG TTC ATA GAC GCC CTT TAT GAG GAG CAG	192
Ser Phe Leu Ala Leu Gln Met Phe Ile Asp Ala Leu Tyr Glu Glu Gln	
50 55 60	
TAT GAA AGG GAT GTG GCC TGG ATA GCC AGG CAA AGC AAG CGC ATG TCC	240
Tyr Glu Arg Asp Val Ala Trp Ile Ala Arg Gln Ser Lys Arg Met Ser	
65 70 75	
TCT GTC GAT GAG GAT GAA GAC GAT GAG GAT GAT GAG GAT GAC TAC TAC	288
Ser Val Asp Glu Asp Glu Asp Asp Glu Asp Asp Glu Asp Asp Tyr Tyr	
85 90 95	
GAC GAC GAG GAC GAC GAC GAT GCC TTC TAT GAT GAT GAG GAT GAT	336
Asp Asp Glu Asp Asp Asp Asp Ala Phe Tyr Asp Asp Glu Asp Asp	
100 105 110	
GAG GAA GAA GAA TTG GAG AAC CTG ATG GAT GAT GAA TCA GAA GAT GAG	384
Glu Glu Glu Glu Leu Glu Asn Leu Met Asp Asp Glu Ser Glu Asp Glu	
115 120 125	
GCC GAA GAA GAG ATG AGC GTG GAA ATG GGT GCC GGA GCT GAG GAA ATG	432
Ala Glu Glu Glu Met Ser Val Glu Met Gly Ala Gly Ala Glu Glu Met	
130 135 140	
GGT GCT GGC GCT AAC TGT GCC TGT GTT CCT GGC CAT CAT TTA AGG AAG	480
Gly Ala Gly Ala Asn Cys Ala Cys Val Pro Gly His His Leu Arg Lys	
145 150 155	
AAT GAA GTG AAG TGT AGG ATG ATT TAT TTC TTC CAC GAC CCT AAT TTC	528
Asn Glu Val Lys Cys Arg Met Ile Tyr Phe Phe His Asp Pro Asn Phe	
165 170 175	
CTG GTG TCT ATA CCA GTG AAC CCT AAG GAA CAA ATG GAG TGT AGG TGT	576
Leu Val Ser Ile Pro Val Asn Pro Lys Glu Gln Met Glu Cys Arg Cys	
180 185 190	
GAA AAT GCT GAT GAA GAG GTT GCA ATG GAA GAG GAA GAA GAA GAG	624
Glu Asn Ala Asp Glu Glu Val Ala Met Glu Glu Glu Glu Glu Glu	
195 200 210	
GAG GAG GAG GAG GAA GAG GAA ATG GGA AAC CCG GAT GGC TTC TCA CCT	672
Glu Glu Glu Glu Glu Glu Met Gly Asn Pro Asp Gly Phe Ser Pro	
220 225 230 235	
TAG	675



- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 3:
- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 228 base pairs
    - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: genomic DNA
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 3:

GCATGCAGTT	GCAAAGCCCA	GAAGAAAGAA	ATGGACAGCG	GAAGAAGTGG	TTGTTTTTTT	60
TTCCCCTTCA	TTAATTTTCT	AGTTTTTAGT	AATCCAGAAA	ATTTGATTTT	GTTCTAAAGT	120
TCATTATGCA	AAGATGTCAC	CAACAGACTT	CTGACTGCAT	GGTGAACTTT	CATATGATAC	180
ATAGGATTAC	ACTTGTA	CTTAAAAATA	AAAGTTTGAC	TTGCATAC		228

1  
2  
3  
4  
5  
6  
7  
8  
9  
10  
11  
12  
13  
14  
15  
16  
17  
18  
19  
20  
21  
22  
23  
24  
25  
26  
27  
28  
29  
30  
31  
32  
33  
34  
35  
36  
37  
38  
39  
40  
41  
42  
43  
44  
45  
46  
47  
48  
49  
50  
51  
52  
53  
54  
55  
56  
57  
58  
59  
60  
61  
62  
63  
64  
65  
66  
67  
68  
69  
70  
71  
72  
73  
74  
75  
76  
77  
78  
79  
80  
81  
82  
83  
84  
85  
86  
87  
88  
89  
90  
91  
92  
93  
94  
95  
96  
97  
98  
99  
100  
101  
102  
103  
104  
105  
106  
107  
108  
109  
110  
111  
112  
113  
114  
115  
116  
117  
118  
119  
120  
121  
122  
123  
124  
125  
126  
127  
128  
129  
130  
131  
132  
133  
134  
135  
136  
137  
138  
139  
140  
141  
142  
143  
144  
145  
146  
147  
148  
149  
150  
151  
152  
153  
154  
155  
156  
157  
158  
159  
160  
161  
162  
163  
164  
165  
166  
167  
168  
169  
170  
171  
172  
173  
174  
175  
176  
177  
178  
179  
180  
181  
182  
183  
184  
185  
186  
187  
188  
189  
190  
191  
192  
193  
194  
195  
196  
197  
198  
199  
200  
201  
202  
203  
204  
205  
206  
207  
208  
209  
210  
211  
212  
213  
214  
215  
216  
217  
218  
219  
220  
221  
222  
223  
224  
225  
226  
227  
228  
229  
230  
231  
232  
233  
234  
235  
236  
237  
238  
239  
240  
241  
242  
243  
244  
245  
246  
247  
248  
249  
250  
251  
252  
253  
254  
255  
256  
257  
258  
259  
260  
261  
262  
263  
264  
265  
266  
267  
268  
269  
270  
271  
272  
273  
274  
275  
276  
277  
278  
279  
280  
281  
282  
283  
284  
285  
286  
287  
288  
289  
290  
291  
292  
293  
294  
295  
296  
297  
298  
299  
300  
301  
302  
303  
304  
305  
306  
307  
308  
309  
310  
311  
312  
313  
314  
315  
316  
317  
318  
319  
320  
321  
322  
323  
324  
325  
326  
327  
328  
329  
330  
331  
332  
333  
334  
335  
336  
337  
338  
339  
340  
341  
342  
343  
344  
345  
346  
347  
348  
349  
350  
351  
352  
353  
354  
355  
356  
357  
358  
359  
360  
361  
362  
363  
364  
365  
366  
367  
368  
369  
370  
371  
372  
373  
374  
375  
376  
377  
378  
379  
380  
381  
382  
383  
384  
385  
386  
387  
388  
389  
390  
391  
392  
393  
394  
395  
396  
397  
398  
399  
400  
401  
402  
403  
404  
405  
406  
407  
408  
409  
410  
411  
412  
413  
414  
415  
416  
417  
418  
419  
420  
421  
422  
423  
424  
425  
426  
427  
428  
429  
430  
431  
432  
433  
434  
435  
436  
437  
438  
439  
440  
441  
442  
443  
444  
445  
446  
447  
448  
449  
450  
451  
452  
453  
454  
455  
456  
457  
458  
459  
460  
461  
462  
463  
464  
465  
466  
467  
468  
469  
470  
471  
472  
473  
474  
475  
476  
477  
478  
479  
480  
481  
482  
483  
484  
485  
486  
487  
488  
489  
490  
491  
492  
493  
494  
495  
496  
497  
498  
499  
500  
501  
502  
503  
504  
505  
506  
507  
508  
509  
510  
511  
512  
513  
514  
515  
516  
517  
518  
519  
520  
521  
522  
523  
524  
525  
526  
527  
528  
529  
530  
531  
532  
533  
534  
535  
536  
537  
538  
539  
540  
541  
542  
543  
544  
545  
546  
547  
548  
549  
550  
551  
552  
553  
554  
555  
556  
557  
558  
559  
560  
561  
562  
563  
564  
565  
566  
567  
568  
569  
570  
571  
572  
573  
574  
575  
576  
577  
578  
579  
580  
581  
582  
583  
584  
585  
586  
587  
588  
589  
590  
591  
592  
593  
594  
595  
596  
597  
598  
599  
600  
601  
602  
603  
604  
605  
606  
607  
608  
609  
610  
611  
612  
613  
614  
615  
616  
617  
618  
619  
620  
621  
622  
623  
624  
625  
626  
627  
628  
629  
630  
631  
632  
633  
634  
635  
636  
637  
638  
639  
640  
641  
642  
643  
644  
645  
646  
647  
648  
649  
650  
651  
652  
653  
654  
655  
656  
657  
658  
659  
660  
661  
662  
663  
664  
665  
666  
667  
668  
669  
670  
671  
672  
673  
674  
675  
676  
677  
678  
679  
680  
681  
682  
683  
684  
685  
686  
687  
688  
689  
690  
691  
692  
693  
694  
695  
696  
697  
698  
699  
700  
701  
702  
703  
704  
705  
706  
707  
708  
709  
710  
711  
712  
713  
714  
715  
716  
717  
718  
719  
720  
721  
722  
723  
724  
725  
726  
727  
728  
729  
730  
731  
732  
733  
734  
735  
736  
737  
738  
739  
740  
741  
742  
743  
744  
745  
746  
747  
748  
749  
750  
751  
752  
753  
754  
755  
756  
757  
758  
759  
760  
761  
762  
763  
764  
765  
766  
767  
768  
769  
770  
771  
772  
773  
774  
775  
776  
777  
778  
779  
780  
781  
782  
783  
784  
785  
786  
787  
788  
789  
790  
791  
792  
793  
794  
795  
796  
797  
798  
799  
800  
801  
802  
803  
804  
805  
806  
807  
808  
809  
810  
811  
812  
813  
814  
815  
816  
817  
818  
819  
820  
821  
822  
823  
824  
825  
826  
827  
828  
829  
830  
831  
832  
833  
834  
835  
836  
837  
838  
839  
840  
841  
842  
843  
844  
845  
846  
847  
848  
849  
850  
851  
852  
853  
854  
855  
856  
857  
858  
859  
860  
861  
862  
863  
864  
865  
866  
867  
868  
869  
870  
871  
872  
873  
874  
875  
876  
877  
878  
879  
880  
881  
882  
883  
884  
885  
886  
887  
888  
889  
890  
891  
892  
893  
894  
895  
896  
897  
898  
899  
900  
901  
902  
903  
904  
905  
906  
907  
908  
909  
910  
911  
912  
913  
914  
915  
916  
917  
918  
919  
920  
921  
922  
923  
924  
925  
926  
927  
928  
929  
930  
931  
932  
933  
934  
935  
936  
937  
938  
939  
940  
941  
942  
943  
944  
945  
946  
947  
948  
949  
950  
951  
952  
953  
954  
955  
956  
957  
958  
959  
960  
961  
962  
963  
964  
965  
966  
967  
968  
969  
970  
971  
972  
973  
974  
975  
976  
977  
978  
979  
980  
981  
982  
983  
984  
985  
986  
987  
988  
989  
990  
991  
992  
993  
994  
995  
996  
997  
998  
999  
1000  
1001  
1002  
1003  
1004  
1005  
1006  
1007  
1008  
1009  
1010  
1011  
1012  
1013  
1014  
1015  
1016  
1017  
1018  
1019  
1020  
1021  
1022  
1023  
1024  
1025  
1026  
1027  
1028  
1029  
1030  
1031  
1032  
1033  
1034  
1035  
1036  
1037  
1038  
1039  
1040  
1041  
1042  
1043  
1044  
1045  
1046  
1047  
1048  
1049  
1050  
1051  
1052  
1053  
1054  
1055  
1056  
1057  
1058  
1059  
1060  
1061  
1062  
1063  
1064  
1065  
1066  
1067  
1068  
1069  
1070  
1071  
1072  
1073  
1074  
1075  
1076  
1077  
1078  
1079  
1080  
1081  
1082  
1083  
1084  
1085  
1086  
1087  
1088  
1089  
1090  
1091  
1092  
1093  
1094  
1095  
1096  
1097  
1098  
1099  
1100  
1101  
1102  
1103  
1104  
1105  
1106  
1107  
1108  
1109  
1110  
1111  
1112  
1113  
1114  
1115  
1116  
1117  
1118  
1119  
1120  
1121  
1122  
1123  
1124  
1125  
1126  
1127  
1128  
1129  
1130  
1131  
1132  
1133  
1134  
1135  
1136  
1137  
1138  
1139  
1140  
1141  
1142  
1143  
1144  
1145  
1146  
1147  
1148  
1149  
1150  
1151  
1152  
1153  
1154  
1155  
1156  
1157  
1158  
1159  
1160  
1161  
1162  
1163  
1164  
1165  
1166  
1167  
1168  
1169  
1170  
1171  
1172  
1173  
1174  
1175  
1176  
1177  
1178  
1179  
1180  
1181  
1182  
1183  
1184  
1185  
1186  
1187  
1188  
1189  
1190  
1191  
1192  
1193  
1194  
1195  
1196  
1197  
1198  
1199  
1200  
1201  
1202  
1203  
1204  
1205  
1206  
1207  
1208  
1209  
1210  
1211  
1212  
1213  
1214  
1215  
1216  
1217  
1218  
1219  
1220  
1221  
1222  
1223  
1224  
1225  
1226  
1227  
1228  
1229  
1230  
1231  
1232  
1233  
1234  
1235  
1236  
1237  
1238  
1239  
1240  
1241  
1242  
1243  
1244  
1245  
1246  
1247  
1248  
1249  
1250  
1251  
1252  
1253  
1254  
1255  
1256  
1257  
1258  
1259  
1260  
1261  
1262  
1263  
1264  
1265  
1266  
1267  
1268  
1269  
1270  
1271  
1272  
1273  
1274  
1275  
1276  
1277  
1278  
1279  
1280  
1281  
1282  
1283  
1284  
1285  
1286  
1287  
1288  
1289  
1290  
1291  
1292  
1293  
1294  
1295  
1296  
1297  
1298  
1299  
1300  
1301  
1302  
1303  
1304  
1305  
1306  
1307  
1308  
1309  
1310  
1311  
1312  
1313  
1314  
1315  
1316  
1317  
1318  
1319  
1320  
1321  
1322  
1323  
1324  
1325  
1326  
1327  
1328  
1329  
1330  
1331  
1332  
1333  
1334  
1335  
1336  
1337  
1338  
1339  
1340  
1341  
1342  
1343  
1344  
1345  
1346  
1347  
1348  
1349  
1350  
1351  
1352  
1353  
1354  
1355  
1356  
1357  
1358  
1359  
1360  
1361  
1362  
1363  
1364  
1365  
1366  
1367  
1368  
1369  
1370  
1371  
1372  
1373  
1374  
1375  
1376  
1377  
1378  
1379  
1380  
1381  
1382  
1383  
1384  
1385  
1386  
1387  
1388  
1389  
1390  
1391  
1392  
1393  
1394  
1395  
1396  
1397  
1398  
1399  
1400  
1401  
1402  
1403  
1404  
1405  
1406  
1407  
1408  
1409  
1410  
1411  
1412  
1413  
1414  
1415  
1416  
1417  
1418  
1419  
1420  
1421  
1422  
1423  
1424  
1425  
1426  
1427  
1428  
1429  
1430  
1431  
1432  
1433  
1434  
1435  
1436  
1437  
1438  
1439  
1440  
1441  
1442  
1443  
1444  
1445  
1446  
1447  
1448  
1449  
1450  
1451  
1452  
1453  
1454  
1455  
1456  
1457  
1458  
1459  
1460  
1461  
1462  
1463  
1464  
1465  
1466  
1467  
1468  
1469  
1470  
1471  
1472  
1473  
1474  
1475  
1476  
1477  
1478  
1479  
1480  
1481  
1482  
1483  
1484  
1485  
1486  
1487  
1488  
1489  
1490  
1491  
1492  
1493  
1494  
1495  
1496  
1497  
1498  
1499  
1500  
1501  
1502  
1503  
1504  
1505  
1506  
1507  
1508  
1509  
1510  
1511  
1512  
1513  
1514  
1515  
1516  
1517  
1518  
1519  
1520  
1521  
1522  
1523  
1524  
1525  
1526  
1527  
1528  
1529  
1530  
1531  
1532  
1533  
1534  
1535  
1536  
1537  
1538  
1539  
1540  
1541  
1542  
1543  
1544  
1545  
1546  
1547  
1548  
1549  
1550  
1551  
1552  
1553  
1554  
1555  
1556  
1557  
1558  
1559  
1560  
1561  
1562  
1563  
1564  
1565  
1566  
1567  
1568  
1569  
1570  
1571  
1572  
1573  
1574  
1575  
1576  
1577  
1578  
1579  
1580  
1581  
1582  
1583  
1584  
1585  
1586  
1587  
1588  
1589  
1590  
1591  
1592  
1593  
1594  
1595  
1596  
1597  
1598  
1599  
1600  
1601  
1602  
1603  
1604  
1605  
1606  
1607  
1608  
1609  
1610  
1611  
1612  
1613  
1614  
1615  
1616  
1617  
1618  
1619  
1620  
1621  
1622  
1623  
1624  
1625  
1626  
1627  
1628  
1629  
1630  
1631  
1632  
1633  
1634  
1635  
1636  
1637  
1638  
1639  
1640  
1641  
1642  
1643  
1644  
1645  
1646  
1647  
1648  
1649  
1650  
1651  
1652  
1653  
1654  
1655  
1656  
1657  
1658  
1659  
1660  
1661  
1662  
1663  
1664  
1665  
1666  
1667  
1668  
1669  
1670  
1671  
1672  
1673  
1674  
1675  
1676  
1677  
1678  
1679  
1680  
1681  
1682  
1683  
1684  
1685  
1686  
1687  
1688  
1689  
1690  
1691  
1692  
1693  
1694  
1695  
1696  
1697  
1698  
1699  
1700  
1701  
1702  
1703  
1704  
1705  
1706  
1707  
1708  
1709  
1710  
1711  
1712  
1713  
1714  
1715  
1716  
1717  
1718  
1719  
1720  
1721  
1722  
1723  
1724  
1725  
1726  
1727  
1728  
1729  
1730  
1731  
1732  
1733  
1734  
1735  
1736  
1737  
1738  
1739  
1740  
1741  
1742  
1743  
1744  
1745  
1746  
1747  
1748  
1749  
1750  
1751  
1752  
1753  
1754  
1755  
1756  
1757  
1758  
1759  
1760  
1761  
1762  
1763  
1764  
1765  
1766  
1767  
1768  
1769  
1770  
1771  
1772  
1773  
1774  
1775  
1776  
1777  
1778  
1779  
1780  
1781  
1782  
1783  
1784  
1785  
1786  
1787  
1788  
1789  
1790  
1791  
1792  
1793  
1794  
1795  
1796  
1797  
1798  
1799  
1800  
1801  
1802  
1803  
1804  
1805  
1806  
1807  
1808  
1809  
1810  
1811  
1812  
1813  
1814  
1815  
1816  
1817  
1818  
1819  
1820  
1821  
1822  
1823  
1824  
1825  
1826  
1827  
1828  
1829  
1830  
1831  
1832  
1833  
1834  
1835  
1836  
1837  
1838  
1839  
1840  
1841  
1842  
1843  
1844  
1845  
1846  
1847  
1848  
1849  
1850  
1851  
1852  
1853  
1854  
1855  
1856  
1857  
1858  
1859  
1860  
1861  
1862  
1863  
1864  
1865  
1866  
1867  
1868  
1869  
1870  
1871  
1872  
1873  
1874  
1875  
1876  
1877  
1878  
1879  
1880  
1881  
1882  
1883  
1884  
1885  
1886  
1887  
1888  
1889  
1890  
1891  
1892  
1893  
1894  
1895  
1896  
1897  
1898  
1899  
1900  
1901  
1902  
1903  
1904  
1905  
1906  
1907  
1908  
1909  
1910  
1911  
1912  
1913  
1914  
1915  
1916  
1917  
1918  
1919  
1920  
1921  
1922  
1923  
1924  
1925  
1926  
1927  
1928  
1929  
1930  
1931  
1932  
1933  
1934  
1935  
1936  
1937  
1938  
1939  
1940  
1941  
1942  
1943  
1944  
1945  
1946  
1947  
1948  
1949  
1950  
1951  
1952  
1953  
1954  
1955  
1956  
1957  
1958  
1959  
1960  
1961  
1962  
1963  
1964  
1965  
1966  
1967  
1968  
1969  
1970  
1971  
1972  
1973  
1974  
1975  
1976  
1977  
1978  
1979  
1980  
1981  
1982  
1983  
1984  
1985  
1986  
1987  
1988  
1989  
1990  
1991  
1992  
1993  
1994  
1995  
1996  
1997  
1998  
1999  
2000  
2001  
2002  
2003  
2004  
2005  
2006  
2007  
2008  
2009  
2010  
2011  
2012  
2013  
2014  
2015  
2016  
2017  
2018  
2019  
2020  
2021  
2022  
2023  
2024  
2025  
2026  
2027  
2028  
2029  
2030  
2031  
2032  
2033  
2034  
2035  
2036  
2037  
2038  
2039  
2040  
2041  
2042  
2043  
2044  
2045  
2046  
2047  
2048  
2049  
2050  
2051  
2052  
2053  
2054  
2055  
2056  
2057  
2058  
2059  
2060  
2061  
2062  
2063  
2064  
2065  
2066  
2067  
2068  
2069  
2070  
2071  
2072  
2073  
2074  
2075  
2076  
2077  
2078  
2079  
2080  
2081  
2082  
2083  
2084  
2085  
2086  
2087  
2088  
2089  
2090  
2091  
2092  
2093  
2094  
2095  
2096  
2097  
2098  
2099  
2100  
2101  
2102  
2103  
2104  
2105  
2106  
2107  
2108  
2109  
2110  
2111  
2112  
2113  
2114  
2115  
2116  
2117  
2118  
2119  
2120  
2121  
2122  
2123  
2124  
2125  
2126  
2127  
2128  
2129  
2130  
2131  
2132  
2133  
2134  
2135  
2136  
2137  
2138  
2139  
2140  
2141  
2142  
2143  
2144  
2145  
2146  
2147  
2148  
2149  
21

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 4:  
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
     (A) LENGTH: 1365 base pairs  
     (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
     (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  
 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: genomic DNA  
 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 4:

```

ACCACAGGAG AATGAAAAGA ACCCGGGACT CCCAAAGACG CTAGATGTGT      50
GAAGATCCTG ATCACTCATT GGTGTCTGA GTTCTGCGAT ATTCATCCCT      100
CAGCCAATGA GCTTACTGTT CTCGTGGGGG GTTTGTGAGC CTGCGGTAGG      150
AAGTTTTTGA AGTTCCGCCCT ACAGCTCTAG CTGTGTGAATT TGTACCCCTTT      200
CACGTAAAAA AGTAGTCCAG AGTTTACTAC ACCCTCCCTC CCCCCTCCCA      250
CCTCGTGCTG TGCTGAGTTT AGAAGTCTTC CTTATAGAAG TCTTCCGTAT      300
AGAACTCTTC CGGAGGAAGG AGGGAGGACC CCCCCCTTTT GCTCTCCAG      350
CATGCATTGT GTCAAGGCCA TTGCACTGAG CTGGTCAAG AAGTAAGCCG      400
CTAGCTTGCG ACTCTACTCT TATCTTAACT TAGCTCGGCT TCCTGCTGGT      450
ACCTTTGTG CC                                     462
ATG TCT GAT AAC AAG AAA CCA GAC AAA GCC CAC AGT GGC TCA      504
GGT GGT GAC GGT GAT GGG AAT ACG TGC AAT TTA TTG CAC CGG      546
TAC TCC CTG GAA GAA ATT CTG COT TAT CTA GGG TGG CTG GTC      588
TTC GCT GTT GTC ACA ACA AGT TTT CTG GCG CTC CAG ATG TTC      630
ATA GAC GCC CTT TAT GAG GAG CAG TAT GAA AGG GAT GTG GCC      672
TGG ATA GCC AGG CAA AGC AAG CGC ATG TCC TCT GTC GAT GAG      714
GAT GAA GAC GAT GAG GAT GAT GAG GAT GAC TAC TAC GAC GAC      756
GAG GAC GAC GAC GAC GAT GCC TTC TAT GAT GAT GAG GAT GAT      798
GAG GAA GAA GAA TTG GAG AAC CTG ATG GAT GAT GAA TCA GAA      840
GAT GAG GCC GAA GAA GAG ATG AGC GTG GAA ATG GGT GCC GGA      882
GCT GAG GAA ATG GGT GCT GGC GCT AAC TGT GCC TGT GTT CCT      924
GGC CAT CAT TTA AGG AAG AAT GAA GTG AAG TGT AGG ATG ATT      966
TAT TTC TTC CAC GAC CCT AAT TTC CTG GTG TCT ATA CCA GTG      1008
AAC COT AAG GAA CAA ATG GAG TGT AGG TGT GAA AAT GCT GAT      1050
GAA GAG GTT GCA ATG GAA GAG GAA GAA GAA GAG GAG GAG      1092
GAG GAG GAA GAG GAA ATG GGA AAC CCG GAT GGC TTC TCA CCT      1134
TAG
GCATGCAGTT GCAAAGCCCA GAAGAAAGAA ATGGACAGCG GAAGAAGTGG      1187
TTGTTTTTTT TTCCCCTTCA TTAATTTTCT AGTTTTTAGT AATCCAGAAA      1237
ATTTGATTTT GTTCTAAAGT TCATTATGCA AAGATGTCAC CAACAGACTT      1287
CTGACTGCAT GGTGAACCTT CATATGATAC ATAGGATTAC ACTTGTAACCT      1337
GTTAAAAATA AAGATTGAC TTGCATAC                                     1365

```

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 5:  
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
     (A) LENGTH: 4698 base pairs  
     (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
     (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  
 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: genomic DNA  
 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 5:

```

ACCAACAGGAG AATGAAAGA ACCCGGGACT CCCAAAGACG CTAGATGTGT      50
GAAGATCCCTG ATCACTCATT GGGTGTCTGA GTTCTGCGAT ATTCACTCCCT      100
CAGCCAAATGA GCTTACTGTT CTCGTGGGGG GTTTGTGAGC CTTGGGTAGG      150
AAGTTTTGCA AGTTCGCCCT ACAGCTCTAG CTTGTGAATT TGTACCCCTTT      200
CACGTAAGAAA AGTAGTCCAG AGTTTACTAC ACCCTCCCTC CCCCTCCCA      250
CCTCGTCTGT TGCTGAGTTT AGAAGTCTTC CTTATAGAAG TCTTCCGTAT      300
AGAACTCTTC CGAGGAAGG AGGGAGGACC CCCCCCTTT GCTCTCCCA      350
CATGCATTGT GCAACGCCCA TTGCACTGAG CTGGTCAAG AAGTAAGCCG      400
CTAGCTTGCG ACTCTACTCT TATCTTAAC TAGCTCGGCT TCCTGCTGGT      450
ACCCCTTGTTG CC
ATG TCT GAT AAC AAG AAA CCA GAC AAA GCC CAC AGT GGC TCA      504
GGT GGT GAC GGT GAT GGG AAT AGG TGC AAT TTA TTG CAC CGG      546
TAC TCC CTG GAA GAA ATT CTG CCT TAT CTA GGG TGG CTG GTC      588
TTC GCT GTT GTC ACA ACA AGT TTT CTG GCG CTC CAG ATG TTC      630
ATA GAC GCC CTT TAT GAG GAG CAG TAT GAA AGG GAT GTG GCC      672
TGG ATA GCC AGG CAA AGC AAG CGC ATG TCC TCT GTC GAT GAG      714
GAT GAA GAC GAT GAG GAT GAT GAG GAT GAC TAC GAC GAC      756
GAG GAC GAC GAC GAT GCC TTC TAT GAT GAT GAG GAT GAT      798
GAG GAA GAA GAA TTG GAG AAC CTG ATG GAT GAT GAA TCA GAA      840
GAT GAG GCC GAA GAA GAG ATG AGC GTG GAA ATG GGT GCC GGA      882
GCT GAG GAA ATG GGT GCT GGC GCT AAC TGT GCC T
GTGAGTAACC CGTGGTCTTT ACTCTAGATT CAGGTGGGGT GCATTCTTTA      966
CTCTTGCCCA CATCTGTAGT AAAGACACCA TTTTGGTTGG GGGTCATTGG      1016
TGGAGCCATT CCGTGGCTCT CTCGTCCACGC CTATCCCCGC TCCCTCCATC      1066
CCCCACTCCT TGCTCCGCTC CTCTTCCCTT TCCACACTTG CCTCTGAGAC      1116
TTCAGTCAAT CCGTCTGCTC TCCCTTCCCC CTTTGTCTCT CTTTGTCTCC      1166
TCCCCCTCGG CTCAACTTTT CGTGCTCTCT GCTCTCTGAT CCCCACCTCT      1216
TTCAAGCTTC CCATTTTGCT CCTCTCCCGA AACCTCTCCC TTCTGTCTTC      1266
CCTTTTCCGG CCTTTTCTTT CCGTCTCCCC TCCCCTCTCC TATTTACCTT      1316
TCACCAGCTT TGCTCTCCCT GCTCCCTCCC CCTTTTGGCA CCTTTTCTTT      1366
TCCTGTCTCCC CCCCCCTCC CCTCCCTGTT TACCCTTCAC GCCTTTTCCG      1416
CTACCTGCTT CCTCTCCCTT TGCTGTCTCC TCCCTATTGT CATTTTCCGG      1466
TCTCTCTCCC TCCCCCTCCC CCTCCCTCCC TATTGTGATT TTCCGGGTGCT      1516
CCTCCCTCCC CCTCCCAAG CCTTTTTTTT TTTTTTTTTT TTTTTTTTTT      1566
TTGGTTTTTT GAGACAGGGT TTCTCTTTGT ATCCCTGGGT GTCCCTGGCAG      1616
TCACTCTGTA GACCAAGCTG GCCTCAAACT CAGAAATCTG CCTGCTCTGT      1666
CCTCCCAAT GCTGGGATTA AAGGCTTGCA CAGGACTGCG CCGAGTGCAG      1716
GCCTTTCTTT TTTCTCTCT CTGTCTCCCC TAATCCCTTT TCTGCACTTT      1766
AACTCCCTTT TTGGCACCTT TCCTTTACAG GACCCCTCCC CCTCCCTGTT      1816
TTCCCTTCGG GCACCTTTCC TAGCCCTGCT CTGTTCCTCC TCCTGTCTCC      1866
CCTCCCTCCC TTTGCTCGAC TTTTAGCAGC CTACCTCTCC CCTGCTTTCT      1916
GCCCCGTTCG CCTTTTGTGT GCCTTTCTCT CTGGCTCCCC TCCACCTTCC      1966
AGCTACACCT TTTGTTTGTG TGTGTTGTTG GTTGTGTTGT TTGCTTTTTT      2016
TTCTTTTTTT GACACTTGTG TTCCAAGATC CCCCCTCCCC TCCGGCTTCC      2066
CCTCTGTGTG CTTTCTCTGT TCCTTCCCCC TCCTGTGCTC CCCCCTCCCT      2116
TCTGCTTTTC CTTGCTCTGC TCCTTCTCT GCTAACCTTT TAATGCTCTT      2166
CTTTTCTAGA CTCCCCCTCC CAGGCTTGCT GTTTGCTTCT GTGCACTTTT      2216
CTGACCCCTG TCCTCTTCC CCTCCAGCT CCCCCTCTTT TTCCACCTCT      2266
TCTTCTCCA GCCTGTCAAC CCTCCTTCT TCCTCTCTGT TTCTCCCACT      2316
CCTTGTCTTC TTTACCCCTT CCTCTCCCT ACTCTCTCC CTGCCCTGCT      2366
GACTTCTCTT CCAGCCGCCC AGTTCCTGCG AGTCTCGGAG TCTTTCTGCT      2416
CTCTCTGTCC ATCACTTCCC CCTAGTTTCA CTTCCTTTTC ACTCTCCCTT      2466
ATGTTCTCTT CTCTCATATC ATCCCTTCTT CTCTGTCCCC TCTCTCTGCT      2516
TCACTCACCT CTCCTCCCTT TCCTTTTCTT TCTCTTCCA TTTTCTTCTA      2566
CCTGCTTCTT TACCTGCTCT CTCCCATGCG CCTCTTACCT TTATGCCACT      2616
TCCATGTCCC CTCTCAATTG CCGTGCCCAT TGCTGCTCCT CACATCTTCC      2666

```

ATTTCCCTCT	TTCTCCCTTA	GCCTCTTCTT	CCTCTTCTCT	TGTATCTCCC	2716
TTCCCTTTGC	TTCTCCCTCC	TCCTTTCCCC	TTCCCTTATG	CCCTCTACTC	2766
TACTTGTATCT	TTCTCTCTCT	CCACATACCC	TTTTTCTCTT	CCAGCCTGCG	2816
CTTTGTCCCT	AGACCCTACA	GTATCCTGTG	CACAGGAAGT	GGGAGGTGCG	2866
ATCAACAACA	AGGAGGCAAG	AAACAGAGCA	AAATCCCAAA	ATCAGCAGGA	2916
AAGCGTGGAT	GAAATAAAGG	CCAGGTTCTG	AGGACAGCTG	GAATCTTAGC	2966
AAGTGGCTCC	TATAACCCTA	AGTACCAAGG	GAGAAAGTGA	TGGTGAAGAT	3016
CTTGATCCCT	GCTGCTTCTT	TTACATAIGT	TGGCACATCT	TTCTCAAATG	3066
CAGGCCATGC	TCCATGCTTG	GGCCTTGCTC	AGCGTGGTTA	AGTAATGGGA	3116
GAATCTGAAA	ACTAGGGGCC	AGTGGTTTGT	TTTGGGGACA	AATTAGCAGC	3166
TAGTGATATT	TTCCCCCTAAA	AATTATAACA	AACAGATTCA	TGATTTGAGA	3216
TCCTTCTACA	GGTGAGAAAT	GGAAAAATG	TCACATAGAA	GTTCTTTTAA	3266
GGCTAAAGAT	ACTTGGAACC	ATAGAAGCGT	TGTTAAAAATA	CTGCTTTCTT	3316
TTGCTAAAAAT	ATTCTTTCTC	ACATATTCAT	ATTCTCCAG		3355
GT GTT CCT	GGC CAT CAT	TTA AGG	AAG AAT GAA	GTG AAG TGT	3396
AGG ATG ATT	TAT TTC TTC	CAC GAC	CCT AAT TTC	CTG GTG TCT	3438
ATA CCA GTG	AAC CCT AAG	GAA CAA	ATG GAG TGT	AGG TGT GAA	3480
AAT GCT GAT	GAA GAG GTT	GCA ATG	GAA GAG GAA	GAA GAA GAA	3522
GAG GAG GAG	GAG GAG GAA	GAG GAA	ATG GGA AAC	CCG GAT GGC	3564
TTC TCA CCT	TAG				3576
GCATGCAGGT	ACTGGCTTCA	CTAACCAACC	ATTCCTAACA	TATGCCTGTA	3626
GCTAAGAGCA	TCTTTTTTAA	AAATATTATT	GGTAAACTAA	ACAATTGTTA	3676
TCTTTTTTACA	TTAATAAGTA	TTAAATTAAT	CCAGTATACA	GTTTTAAGAA	3726
CCCTAAGTTA	AACAGAAGTC	AATGATGTCT	AGATGCCTGT	TCTTTAGATT	3776
GTAGTGAGAC	TACTTACTAC	AGATGAGAA	TTGTTAGACT	CGGGAGTAGA	3826
GACCACTAAA	AGATCATGCA	GTGAAATGTG	GCCATGGAAA	TCCGATATTG	3876
TTCTTATAGT	ACCTTTGAGA	CAGCTGATAA	CAGCTGACAA	AAATAAGTGT	3926
TTCAAGAAA	ATCACACGCC	ATGGTTTACA	TGCAAAATTAT	TATTTTGTG	3976
TTCTGATTTT	TTTCATTCTC	AGACCTGTGG	TTTTAAAGAG	ATGAAAATCT	4026
CTTAAATTTT	CCTTCATCTT	TAATTTTCTT	TAACCTTAGT	TTTTTCACT	4076
TAGAATTCAA	TTCAAATCTT	TAATTCATCT	TTAATTTTTA	GATTTCTTAA	4126
AATGTTTTTT	AAAAAAAATG	CAAATCTCAT	TTTTAAGAGA	TGAAAAGCAGA	4176
GTAAGTGGGG	GGCTTAGGGA	ATCTGTAGGG	TTGCGGTATA	GCAATAGGGA	4226
GTCTGGTCT	CTGAGAAGCA	GTGAGAGAGA	ATGGAAAACC	AGGCCCTTGC	4276
CAGTAGGTTA	GTGAGGTTGA	TATGATCAGA	TTATGGACAC	TCTCCAAATC	4326
ATAAATACT	TACAGCTTAA	GGATCTCTGA	GGGAAAACACA	ACAGGGAAAT	4376
ATTTTATGTT	CTCTTTGAGA	AACATGACA	AGACATAAAA	TTGGCAAGAA	4426
AGTCAGAGT	GTATCTTAAT	AAGTGTGTCT	TATCTCTTAT	TTTCTTCTAC	4476
AGTTGCAAG	CCAGAAGAA	AGAAATGGAC	AGCGGAAGAA	GTGGTTGTTT	4526
TTTTTTCCCC	TTCAATTAAT	TTCTAGTTTT	TAGTAATCCA	GAAATTTTGA	4576
TTTTGTCTTA	AAGTTTATTA	TGCAAGATG	TCACCAACAG	ACTTCTGACT	4626
GCATGGTGAA	CTTTTCATAT	ATACATAGGA	TTACACTTGT	ACCTGTATAA	4676
AATAAAGTT	TGACTTGCAT	AC			4698

Leu Pro Tyr Leu Gly Trp Leu Val Phe  
5

Leu Pro Tyr Leu Gly Trp Leu Val Phe  
5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 7:  
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
     (A) LENGTH: 2418 base pairs  
     (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
     (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  
 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: genomic DNA  
 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 7:

```

GGATCCAGGC  CCTGCCAGGA  AAAATATAAG  GGCCCTGCGT  GAGAACAGAG  50
GGGGTCATCC  ACTGCATGAG  AGTGGGGATG  TCACAGAGATC  CAGCCCACCC  100
TCCTGGTAGC  ACTGAGAAGC  CAGGGCTGTG  CTTGCGGTCT  GCACCCGTAG  150
GGCCCGTGGA  TTCTCTTCCT  TGGAGCTCCA  GGAACACAGC  AGTGAGGCCCT  200
TGGTCTGAGA  CAGTATCCTC  AGGTCACAGA  GCAGAGGATG  CACAGGGTGT  250
GCCAGCAGTG  AATGTTTGCC  CTGAATGCAC  ACCAAGGGCC  CCACCTGCCA  300
CAGGACACAT  AGGACTCCAC  AGAGTCTGGC  CTCACCTCCC  TACTGTCAGT  350
CCTGTAGAAT  GCACCTCTGC  TGGCCGGCTG  TACCCTGAGT  ACCCTCTCAC  400
TTCTCCCTTC  AGGTTTTCAG  GGGACAGGCC  AACCAGAGG  ACAGGATTCC  450
CTGGAGGCCA  CAGAGGAGCA  CCAAGGAGAA  GATCTGTAA  TAGGCCCTTG  500
TTAGAGTCTC  CAAGGTTTCA  TTCTCAGCTG  AGGCCCTCTC  CACACTCCCT  550
CTCTCCCGAC  GCCTGTGGGT  CTTCATTGCC  CAGCTCCTGC  CCACACTCCT  600
GCCTGCTGCC  CTGACGAGAG  TCATCATGTC  CTCTGAGGCT  AAGAGTCTGC  650
ACTGCAGGCC  TGAGGAGGCC  CTCTGAGGCT  AACAGAGAGC  CCTGGGCTG  700
GTGTGTGTGC  AGGCTGCCAC  CTCTCTCTCC  TCTCTCTGAG  TCTCTGGCAC  750
CCTGTGAGAG  GTGCCCATCG  GTGGTCAAC  AGATCTCTCC  CACAGTCCCT  800
AGGGAGCCTC  GCCTTTTCCC  ACTACATCA  ACTTCACTCG  ACAGAGGCCAA  850
CCCACTGAGG  GTTCACAGAG  CCGTGAAGAG  GAGGGGCCAA  GCACCTCTTG  900
TATCTGAGAG  TCCTGTCTCC  GAGCAGTAAT  CACTAGAAG  GTGCGTGATT  950
TGGTGTGGTT  TCTGTCTCCT  AAATATCGAG  CCAGGAGGCC  AGTCACAAAG  1000
CGAGAAATGC  TGGAGAGTGT  CATCAAAAT  TACAAGCACT  GTTTTCTCTGA  1050
GATCTTCGGC  AAAGCCTCTG  AGTCCTTGA  GCTGGCTTTT  GGCATTGAGC  1100
TGAGGAAGAC  AGACCCACCC  GGCCACTCCT  ATGTCTCTGT  CACCTGCCTA  1150
GGTCTCTCCT  ATGATGGCCT  GCTGGGTGAT  AATCAGATCA  TGCCCAAGAC  1200
AGGCTTCCTG  ATAATTGTCC  TGGTCATGAT  TGCAATGGAG  GCGCGCCATG  1250
CTCCTGAGGA  GGAATCTGG  GAGGAGCTGA  GTGTGATGGA  GGTGTATGAT  1300
GGGAGGGAGC  ACAGTGCCTA  TGGGAGCCCC  AGGAAGCTGC  TCACCCAAAG  1350
TTTGGTGAG  GAAAAGTACC  TGGAGTACGG  CAGGTGCCGG  ACAGTGATCC  1400
CGCAGCCTAT  GAGTTCTCTG  GGGGTCCAAG  GGCCCTCGCT  GAAACCAAGT  1450
ATGTGAAAGT  CCTTGAGTAT  GTGATCAAG  TCAGTGCAAG  AGTTTCGCTTT  1500
TTCTTCCCAT  CCTGCGTGA  AGCAGCTTTG  AGAGAGGAGG  AAGAGGGAGT  1550
CTGAGCATGA  GTTCAGGCCA  AGGCCAGTGG  GAGGGGGAGT  GGGCCAGTGC  1600
ACCTCCAGGC  GCCGCGTCCA  GCAGCTTCCC  CTGCCTCGTG  TGACATGAGG  1650
CCCATCTTTC  ACTCTGAAGA  GAGCGGTACG  TGTTCCTCAG  AGTAGGTTTC  1700
TGTCTATTGG  GGTGACTTGG  AGATTATCT  TGTTCCTCTT  TTGGAATTGT  1750
TCAAAATGTT  TTTTTTAAGG  GATGGTTGAA  TGAACCTCAG  CATCCAAGTT  1800
TATGAATGAC  AGCAGTCACA  CAGTTCTGTG  TATATAGTTT  AAGGGTAAGA  1850
GTCTGTGTGT  TTATTCAGAT  TGGGAAATCC  ATTCTATTTT  GTGAATTGGG  1900
ATAATAACAG  CAGTGAATA  AGTACTTAGA  AATGTGAAAA  ATGAGCAGTA  1950
AAATAGATGA  GATAAAGAAC  TAAAGAAATT  AAGAGATAGT  CAATTCTTGC  2000
CTTATACCTC  AGTCTATTCT  GTAAAAATTT  TAAAGATATA  TGCATACCTG  2050
GATTTCCTTG  GCTTCTTTGA  GAATGTAAGA  GAAATTAAT  CTGAATTAAAG  2100
AATTCTTCCT  GTTCACTGGC  TCTTTTCTTC  TCCATTGAGT  GAGCATCTGC  2150
TTTTTGGAG  GCCCTGGGTT  AGTAGTGGAG  ATGCTAAGCT  AAGCCAGACT  2200
CATACCACCC  CATAGGGCTG  TAGAGTCTAG  GAGCTGCAGT  CACGTAAATCG  2250
AGGTGGCAGC  ATGTCTCTTA  AAGATGTAGG  AAGAAAGTAG  AGAGGGGTGA  2300
GGGTGTGGGG  CTCGGGTGGA  GAGTGTGGGA  GTGTCAATGC  CCTGAGCTGG  2350
GCCATTTTGG  GCTTTGGGAA  ACTGCAGTTC  TCTTCTGGGG  AGCTGAGTGT  2400
AATGATCTTG  GTTGGATCC  2418

```

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 8:  
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
     (A) LENGTH: 5724 base pairs  
     (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
     (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  
 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: genomic DNA  
 (ix) FEATURE:  
     (A) NAME/KEY: MAGe-1 gene  
 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 8:

```

CCCCGGGCAC  CACTGGCATC  CCTCCCCCTA  CCACCCCCAA  TCCCTCCCTT      50
TACGCCACCC  ATCCAAACAT  CTTACAGCTC  ACCCCACAGC  CAAGCCAGGC      100
AGAAATCCGGT  TCCACCCCTG  CTCTCAACCC  AGGGAAGCCC  AGGTGCCCGAG     150
ATGTGACGCC  ACTGACTTGA  GCATTAGTGG  TTAGAGAGAA  GCGAGGTTTT      200
CGGCTGAGGG  GGCGGCTTGA  GATCGGTGGA  GGAAGCGGG  CCCAGCTCTG      250
TAAGGAGGCA  AGGTGCATAT  CTGAGGGAGG  ACTGAGGACC  CACTTACCCC      300
AGATAGAGGA  CCCCAAATTA  TCCCTTCATG  CCAGTCTGSG  ACCATCTGGT      350
GGTGGACTTC  TCAGCTGSG  CCAACCCAG  CCGCTTGCT  GCTTAARACA      400
CTSGGGACAT  GAAGTCAGAG  CTCGGTGTGA  TCAGGGAGAG  GCTGCTTAGG     450
AGAGGCGACG  CTCACGGCTG  TGGCAGACAT  CAGCTCAGG  ATTCTCAAGS     500
AGGCTGAGG  GTCCCTAAGA  CCCCACCTCC  GTGACCCAA  CCCCACCTCA      550
ATGCTCACT  CCGTGACCCA  ACCCCCTCTT  CATTTGTCTT  CCAACCCCA      600
CCCCACATCC  CCAACCCCAT  CCTTCAACCC  TGAATGCCAT  CGGCCAGGC      650
ATTCCACCCCT  CACCCCCACC  CCAACCCCCA  CGCCACTTCC  CACCCCCACC     700
CAGGCAGGAT  CCGGTTCGCC  CCAGGAACAA  TCCGGGTGCC  CGGATGTGAC      750
GCCACTGACT  TGCACATTGT  GGGGCAGAGA  GAAGCGAGGT  TTCCATTCTG      800
AGGCAAGCGG  TAGAGTTCCG  CCGAAGGAAC  CTGACCCAGG  CTCTGTGAGG     850
AGGCAAGGTG  AGAGGCTGAG  GGAAGACTGA  GGAACCCGCC  ACTCCAAATA     900
GAGGACCCCA  AATATTCCAG  CCCCGCCCTT  GGTGCCAGCC  CTGGCCCAAC     950
CGCGGGGAAG  CGTCTCAGCC  TGGGCTGCCC  CCAGACCCCT  GCTCCAAAG      1000
CCTTGAGAGA  CACCAAGGTT  TTCTCCCAA  GCTCTGGAAT  CAGAGGTGTC     1050
TGTGACCAGG  GCAGGACTGG  TTAGAGAGG  GCAGGGACAC  GGCTCTGACC     1100
GGCATCAAGA  TCAGCACCCA  AGAGGGAGGG  CTGTGGGCC  CCAAGACTGC     1150
ATCTCAATCC  CCACCTCCAC  CCAATTGCA  TTCCATTCC  CCAACCAACC     1200
CCCATCTCT  CAGCTACACC  TCCACCCCA  TCCCTACTCC  TACTCCGTCA     1250
CTGACCACCC  ACCCTCCAGC  CCAAGCACCA  GCCCAACCC  TTCTGCCCC      1300
TCAACCTCAC  TGCCCCCAAC  CCAACCCCT  TCTCTCTCAT  GTGCCCACT      1350
CCCATCGCCT  CCCCATTCT  GGCAAGATCC  GGTTTGCCCC  TGCTCTCAAC     1400
CCAGGGAAGC  CCTGGTAGGC  CCGATGTGAA  ACCACTGACT  TGAACCTTCAG    1450
AGATCTGAGA  GAAGCCAGGT  TCATTTAATG  GTTCTGAGGG  GCGGCTTGAG     1500
ATCCACTGAG  GGGAGTGCTT  TTAGGCTCTG  TGAGGAGGCA  AGGTGAGATG     1550
CTGAGGAGG  ACTGAGGAGG  CACACACCCC  AGGTAGATGG  CCCCAAATG      1600
ATCCAGTACC  ACCCTGCTGT  CCAAGCCCTG  ACCACCCGGC  CAGGACAGAT     1650
GTCTCAGCTG  GACCACCCCC  CGTCCCGTCC  CACTGCCACT  TAACCCACAG     1700
GGCAATCTGT  AGTCATAGCT  TATGTGACGG  GGGCAGGGTT  GGTCAAGGAA      1750
GGCAGGGCCC  AGGCATCAAG  GTCCAGATC  CGCCCGGCAT  TAGGGTCAGG     1800
ACCTTGGGAG  GGAATCTGAG  GTTCCCCACC  CACACCTGTC  TCTCATCTCT     1850
CACCGCCACC  CCACTCACAT  TCCCATACCT  ACCCCCTACC  CCAACCTCA      1900
TCTTGTCTGA  ATCCCTGTCT  TCAACCCAG  GAAGCCACGG  GAATGGCGGC     1950
CAGGCACTCG  GATCTTGACG  TCCCATCCA  GGGTCTGATG  GAGGGAAGGG     2000
CTGTGACAG  GGCTCAGCG  GAGCAGAGG  AGGCGCTGAC  TGCGAGATGA     2050
GGGAGGCTC  AGACGACCG  GCACCTTAG  ACRCCGCTAG  CCGTCTGAG      2100
ACTGAGGCTG  CCACTTCTGG  CCTCAGAAAT  GGCACGATG  GGCACCTCAG     2150
TTGATGGGG  GTGGGACCCA  GGCTGCAAG  GCTTACGCGG  AGGAAGAGGA     2200
GTGAGGACT  AGGGGACCTT  GGAATCCAGA  TCAAGTGTGA  CCTCGCGCC      2250
GAGAGGTCCA  GGGCAGGGTG  GCCACATATG  GCCCATATT  CTTGATCTCT     2300
TAGAGGTACA  GGACAGAGGT  GTGGTCTGAG  AAGTGGGGCC  TCAGGTCAAC     2350
AGAGGGAGGA  GTTCCAGGAT  CCAATATGCC  CAGATGTGTC  CCCCTTCATG     2400
AGGACTGGG  ATATCCCCGG  CTCAGAAGA  AGGGACTCCA  CACAGTCTGG     2450
CTGTCCCCTT  TTAGTAGCTC  TAGGGGGACC  AGATCAGGGA  TGGCGGTATG     2500
TTCCATTCTC  ACTTGTACCA  CAGGCAGGAA  GTTGGGGGG  CCTCAGGGAG     2550
ATGGGGTCTT  GGGGTAAAGG  GGGGATGTCT  ACTCATGTCA  GGGAAATTGGG     2600
GTTTGAGGAA  GCACAGGCGC  TGGCAGGAAT  AAAGATGAGT  GAGACAGACA     2650
AGGCTATTGG  AATCCACACC  CCAGAACCAA  AGGGGTACAG  CCTGACACAC     2700

```

GTACCCAGGGA	TGTGGCCCT	TTTTCACCTG	TGTTTCCAGA	TGTGGGGGAC	2750
TGGAGGACCT	CATTCTCAGA	GGGTACAGCTA	GGCAGACGTA	GGGACCCCCA	2800
TCTTGCTCTAA	AGACAGAGAGC	AGTCCACAGAT	CTGCCATCGC	TCTGGGTGAG	2850
GAACATGAGG	GAGGACTCGAG	GGTACCCAGG	GACAGGACGA	CTGAGGAGCA	2900
CTGCACAGAA	ATCAGCCGCTC	CCCTCTCTGT	CACCCAGGAC	AGCATGGGCT	2950
GGCGCGAGGT	CCGAGGCTCT	TCCGTTTATG	TGGGATCATC	GATGTGACGG	3000
ACGGGGAGGC	CTTGTGCTGA	GAAGAGCTCGC	CTCAGGTCAG	TAGAGAGGAC	3050
CTCCAGCGCC	TGTCGACAGG	TACAAGTGTCG	GACCAAGCGC	GACACCTTCC	3100
CAGGACACAT	TAATTTCRAAT	GAATTTTGAAT	ATCTCTTGCT	GGCCTCTCCC	3200
AAGGACCTATG	GCAGGTGTGG	CCAGATGTGT	GTTCCTTCCAT	TGCTTCCCAT	3250
TCCTTATCAT	GGATGTGAAC	CTTCTGATGT	GATTTCTCAG	ACCAGCAAAA	3300
GGCAGAGATC	CAGGCGCTGC	CAGGAAAAAT	ATAAGGGGCC	GGGTGAGAAA	3350
CAGGAGGGGT	CATCCACTGCA	ATAGAGATGG	ATGCTCAGCA	GAGTCCAGCC	3400
CACCCCTCTG	GTAGCAGTGA	GAAGACGAGG	TGTGCTTTGC	GGTCTGACAC	3450
CGAGGGGCG	CTGGATCTCC	CTTCTCGGAG	CTCCAGAGAC	GAGGACAGTA	3500
GGGTGTTGAT	TGAGACAGTA	TCCCTGGGTC	CACAGAGAGA	CGATGCACAG	3550
GGTGTGCCAG	CAGTGAATGT	TGCGCTGAA	TGCACACCAA	GGGGCCCCAC	3600
TGCCACAGGA	CACATATGAC	TCCACAGAGT	TGCGCTCTAC	CTCCCTACTG	3650
TGAGTCTGCT	AGAAATCGAC	CTTCTGCGCC	GGGTGTACCC	TGAGTACCTC	3700
CTCATCTTCT	CTCTCAGGTT	TTCAGGGGAG	AGGGCAACCC	AGGAGACAGG	3750
ATTCTCTGGA	GGCCGACAGG	GAGGACCAAG	GAGAGATCT	GTAAATGAGC	3800
TTCTGTTTAG	GTCTCCAAAG	TTCAGTCTTC	AGCTGAGGCC	TCTCACACAC	3850
CTCCTCTCTC	CCCAGGCGCT	TGAGCTTCTA	TGTGCCAGCT	CCTGCCCCAC	3900
CTCCTGCGTC	CTGCGCTGAT	GAGAGTCTAC			3930
ATG TCT CTG	GAG CAG AGG	AGT CCG	CAC TGC	AAG CCG	TGT GAG GAA
CGC CTT GAG	GCC CAA GAG	GTC CTG	CTG GGC	CTG TGT	GTG GTG
GAG GCT GCC	ACC TCC TCT	TCC CTG	CCT GTG	CTG GTC	ACC GGC
CTG GAG	GTG CCG	ACT GGT	TCA ACA	GAT CCT	CCC CAG
AGT CCT CAG	GGA CGC	TCC GCT	TCT CCC	ACT ACC	ACT TTC
ACT CGA CAG	GAG CAA	CCC AGT	GAG GGT	TCC AGC	AGC CAGT
GAG GAG GGG	CAC AGC	ACC TCT	TGT ATC	CTG GAG	CTC TTG
GGG GCA GTA	ATC ACT	AAG AAG	GTC GCT	GAT TTG	GTT GGT
CTG CTC CTC	AAA TAT	CGA GGC	AGG CAG	GCA CTC	ACA AAG
GAA ATG CTG	GAG AGT	GTG ACT	AAA AAT	TAC AAG	CAT TGT
TCT GAG ATT	TTC GGC	AAA GCC	TCT GAG	TCC TTG	CAG CTG
TTT GGC ATT	GAC GTG	AAG GAA	GCA CAG	CCC ACC	GGC CAC
TAT GTC CTT	GTG ACT	TGC CTA	GCT TCT	CCT TCC	TAT GAT
CTG GGT GAT	ATC CAG	ATC ATC	CCC AAG	ACA GGC	TTT CTC
ATT GTC CTC	GTG ATT	ATT GCA	ATG GAG	GGC GGC	CAT GCT
GAG GAG GAA	ATC TGG	GAG GAG	GTG AGT	GTG ATG	GAG GTG
GAT GGG AAG	GAG CAG	AGT GCC	TAT GGT	GAG CCC	AGG AAG
CTC ACC CAA	GAT TTG	GTG CAG	GAA AAG	TAC CTG	GAG TAC
AGG TGC CGG	ACA GTG	ATC CCG	CAC GCT	ATG AGT	TCC TGT
GTC CAA GGG	CCC TCG	CTG AAA	CCA GCT	ATG TGA	
AGATCTCTGA	GTATGTGATC	AAGGTCAGTG	CAAGAGTTC		
GCCTTTTCTT	CCCATCTCTG	CGTGAAGCAG	CTTTGAGAGA	GGAGGAAGAG	4800
GGAGTCTAGT	CATGAGTTGC	AGCCAGAGCC	AGTGGGAGGG	GCGTCTGGCC	4900
AGTGACACCT	CCAGGGGCGC	GCTCCAGAGC	TCTCCCTGTC	TGCTGTGACA	4950
TGAGGCCCCAT	TCTTCACTCT	GAAGAGAGCG	GTCAGTGTTT	TCAGATTGAT	5000
GTCTCTGTTC	TATTTGGTGA	CTTGAGATAT	TATCTTTGTT	CTCTTTTGA	5050
ATTGTTCAAA	TGTTTTTTTT	TAAAGGGATG	TGTGAATGAC	TCTCAGCATC	5100
AAGTTTATGA	ATGACAGACG	TACACATGAT	CTGTGTATAT	AGTTTAAAGG	5150
TAAAGATCTT	GTGTTTTTAT	CAGATTTGGA	ATCCCAATCT	ATTTTTGTAA	5200
TGGGATAAT	AACAGCAGTG	GAATAAGTAC	TTAGAGAAAT	GAAATTAAGG	5250
CAGTAAAAAT	GATGAGACAT	AGAACTAAAG	AAATTAAGAG	ATGTCAGTAA	5300
CTTGCCCTTAT	ACTCCAGTCT	ATTCTGTAAA	ATTTTAAAG	ATATATGCA	5350
ACTCGGATTT	CCPTTGGCTT	TGTGAGAAT	TAAAGAAAAA	TAAATCTGAA	5400
TAAAGAAATTC	TTCTGTCTCA	CTGGCTCTTT	TCTTCTCCAT	GCACTGAGCA	5450
TCTGCTTTTT	GGAGAGGCCCT	GGGTTAGTAG	TGGAGATGCT	AAGGTAAAGC	5500
AGACTCATAAC	CCACCCATAT	GGTCTGAGAG	TCTAGGAGCT	GACATCAGCT	5550
AATCAGAGGTG	GCAGATGTGC	CTCTAAAGAT	GTAGGGAAAA	GATGAGAGGG	5600
GGTGAGGGTG	TGGGGCTCTG	GGTGAGAGTG	GTGAGGAGTG	ATATGCCCTGA	5650
GCTGGGGCAT	TTTGGGCTTT	GGGAAACTGC	AGTTCCTTCT	GGGGGAGCTG	5700
ATTGTATATGA	TCTTGGGTTG	ATCC			5720



- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 9:  
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
     (A) LENGTH: 4157 base pairs  
     (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
     (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  
 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: genomic DNA  
 (ix) FEATURE:  
     (A) NAME/KEY: MAGE-2 gene  
 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 9:

```

CCCATCCAGA TCCCATCCCG GGCAGAATCC GGTTCACCCC TTGCGGTGAA      50
CCCAGGGAAG TCACGGGGCCC GGATGTGACG CCACTGACTT GCACATTGGA      100
GGTCAGAGGA CAGCGAGATT CTCGCCCTGA GCAACGGCCT GACGTCGGCG      150
GAGGGGAAGCA GGCGCAGGCT CCGTGAGGAG GCAAGGTAAG ACGCCGAGGG      200
AGGACTGAGG CGGGCCTCAC CCCAGACAGA GGGCCCCCAA TTAATCCAGC      250
GCTGCCTCTG CTGCCGGGCC TGGACCACCC TGCAAGGGAA GACTTCTCAG      300
GCTCAGTCGC CACCACCTCA CCCCGCCACC CCCCGCCGCT TTAACCCGAG      350
GGAACCTCTG CGTAAGAGCT TTGTGTGACC AGGGCAGGGC TGGTTAGAAG      400
TGCTCAGGGC CCAGACTCAG CCAGGAATCA AGGTCAAGGAC CCCAAGAGGG      450
GACTGAGGGC AACCACCCCC CTACCCCTAC TACCAATCCC ATCCCCCAAC      500
ACCAACCCCA CCCCCATCCC TCAAAACACA ACCCCACCCC CAAACCCCAT      550
TCCCATCTCC TCCCCACCCA CCATCTCTGGC AGAATTCGGC TTTCGCCCTG      600
CAATCAACCC ACGGAGACTCT CGGGAATGGC GSCCTGACAC CGGATCCTG      650
ACGTTCCCAT GTACGGCTAA GGGAGGCTAA GGGTGGGTC TCGTGAATAT      700
GGCCTTTGGG ATGCAGAGGA AGGCCCCAGG CTTCTCGAAA GACAGTGGAG      750
TCCCTTAGGG ACCGACATG CAGAGACAGG GAGCCCTCTG TACCCCTGTC      800
TCAAACAGCA CCACTTTTTC ATTACGCCGA GGAATCTCA GGAATGCAGA      850
CCCACTTCAG GGGGTTGGGG CCCAGCCTGC GAGGAGTCAA GGGGAGGAAG      900
AAGAGGGAGG ACTGAGGGGA CTTGGAGTCT CAGATCAGTG GCAACCTTGG      950
CTTGGGGGAT CCTGGGCACA GTGGCCGAAT GTGCCCGCTG CTCATTGTAC      1000
GTTCAAGGTT ACAGAGAGTT GAGGGCTGTG GTCTGAGGGC TGGGACTTGC      1050
GGTCAGCAGA GGGAGGAATC CCAGGATCTG CGGACCCCAA GGTGTGCCCC      1100
TTTCATGAGG ACTCCCCATA CCCCCGGCCC AGAAAGAAAGG GATGCCACGT      1150
AGTCTGGAAG TAAATTGTTC TTAGCTCTGG GGAACCTTGA TCAGGGATGG      1200
CCCTAAGTGA CAATCTCAT TGTACACAGG GCAGGAGGTT GGGGAACCCCT      1250
CAGGGAGATA AGGTGTTGGT GTAAAGAGGA GCTGTCTGCT CATTTCAGGG      1300
GGTTCCCCCT TGAGAAAGGG CAGTCCCTGG CAGGAGTAAA GATGAGTAAC      1350
CCACAGGAGG CCATCATAA C GTTCACCCTA GAACCAAAGG GGTGAGCCCT      1400
GGACAACGCA CGTGGGGTAA CAGGATGTGG CCCCCTCTCA CTGTCTTTTC      1450
CAGATCTCAG GGAGTTGATG ACCTTGTTTT CAGAAGGTGA CTCAGTCAAC      1500
ACAGGGGCCC CTCTGTGCGA CAGATGCAGT GGTTTCTAGG TCTGCCAAGC      1550
ATCCAGGTGG AGAGCCTTAG GTAGGATTGA GGGTACCCTT GGGCCAGAA      1600
GCAGCAAGGG GGCCCCATAG AAATCTGCCC TGCCCTCGCG GTTACTCTAG      1650
AGACCCTGGG CAGGGCTGTC AGCTGAAGTC CCTCTATTAT CTGGGATCTT      1700
TGATGTCAAG GAAGGGGAGG CCTTGGTCTG AAGGGGCTGG AGTCAGGTGA      1750
GTAGAGGGAG GGTCCTCAGC CCTGCCAGGA GTGGACGTGA GGACCAAGCT      1800
GACTCGTCAC CCAGGACACC TGGACTCCAA TGAATTGTAG ATCTCTGCGT      1850
TCTCCTCGCG GAGGACATCG TCACGTATGG CCAAGTGTGG GTCCCCCTTA      1900
TCTCCTCTCT TACCATATCA GGGATGTGAG TTCTTGACAT GAGAGATTCT      1950
CAAGCCAGCA AAAGGGTGGG ATTAGGCCCT ACAAGGAGAA AGGTGAGGGC      2000
CTCTGAGTGA CACAGAGAGG ACCCTCCACC CAAGTAGAGT GGGGACCTCA      2050
CGGAGTCTGG CCAACCTCTG TGAGACTTCT GGAATTCGGT GGCTGTGCTT      2100
CGAGTCTGCA CACTGTAAGC CCGTGCAATC CTCTCCAGG AATCAGGAGC      2150
TCCAGGAACC AGGCAGGTAG GCCTTGGTCT GAGTCAGTGC CTCAGGTCAC      2200
AGAGCAGAGG GAGGCCAACA AGTGCCACA CTGAAGGTTT GCTCTGGAAT      2250
CACACCAAGG GCCCCACCCG CCGAGAACAA ATGGAGCTCC AGAGGGCTGT      2300
GCCTCAGCCT CCTATTCTC AGTCTCTCAG CTGAGGATG TCGTGGCCGT      2350
CTGTACCCCT AGGTGCCCTC CCACTTCTCT CTCACGGTTC TGAGAGGGGAC      2400
AGGCTGACAA GTAGACCCTG AGGCACGTGA GGAGCATTTA AGGAGAAGAT      2450
GCTTAAGTAA GCCTTTGTCA GAGCCTCCAA GGTTCAGTTC AGTTCTCAC      2500
TAAGGCCCTA CACACGCTCC TTCTCTCCCC AGGCCGTGGG GTCTTCTATT      2550
CCAGCTCCTT GCCCGCATCT CTGCCGTGCT CCGTGACAG AGTCATC      2597
ATG CTT CTT GAG CAG AGG AGT CAG CAC TGC AAG CCT GAA GAA      2639
GCG CTT GAG GCC CGA GGA GAG GCC CTG GGC CTG GTG GGT GCG      2681
CAG GCT CTT GCT ACT GAG GAG CAG CAG ACC GCT TCT TCC TCT      2723

```

TCT ACT CTA GTG GAA GTT ACC CTG GGG GAG GTG CCT GCT GCC	2765
GAC TCA CCG AGT CCT CCC CAC AGT CCT CAG GGA GCC TCC AGC	2807
TTC TCG ACT ACC ATC AAC TAC ACT CTT TGG AGA CAA TCC GAT	2849
GAG GGC TCC AGC AAC CAA GAA GAG GAG GGG CCA AGA ATG TTT	2891
CCC GAC CTG GAG TCC GAG TTC CAA GCA GCA ATC AGT AGG AAG	2933
ATG GTT GAG TTG GTT CAT TTT CTG CTC CTC AAG TAT CGA GCC	2975
AGG GAG CCG GTC ACA AAG GCA GAA ATG CTG GAG AGT GTC CTC	3017
AGA AAT TGC CAG GAC TTC TTT CCC GTG ATC TTC AGC AAA GCC	3059
TCC GAG TAC TTG CAG CTG GTC TTT GGC ATC GAG GTG GTG GAA	3101
GTG GTC CCC ATC AGC CAC TTG TAC ATC CTT GTC ACC TGC CTG	3143
GGC CTC TCC TAC GAT GGC CTG CTG GGC GAC AAT CAG GTC ATG	3185
CCC AAG ACA GGC CTC CTG ATA ATC GTC CTG GCC ATA GCA	3227
ATA GAG GGC GAC TGT GCC CCT GAG GAG AAA ATC TGG GAG GAG	3269
CTG AGT ATG TTG GAG GTG TTT GAG GGG AGG GAG GAC AGT GTC	3311
TTC GCA CAT CCC AGG AAG CTG CTC ATG CAA GAT CTG GTG CAG	3353
GAA AAC TAC CTG GAG TAC CGG CAG GTG CCC GGC AGT GAT CCT	3395
GCA TGC TAC GAG TTC CTG TGG GGT CCA AGG GCC CTC ATT GAA	3437
ACC AGC TAT GTG AAA GTC CTC CAC CAT ACA CTA AAG ATC GGT	3479
GGA GAA CCT CAC ATT TCC TAC CCA CCC CTG CAT GAA CGG GCT	3521
TTG AGA GAG GGA GAA GAG TGA	3542
GTCTCAGCAC ATGTTGCAGC CAGGGCCAGT GGGAGGGGGT CTGGGCCAGT	3592
GCACCTTCCA GGGCCCCATC CATTAGCTTC CACTGCCTCG TGTGATATGA	3642
GGCCCATTCG TGCCCTCTTG AAGAGAGCAG TCAGCATTCCT TAGCAGTGAG	3692
TTTCTGTTCT GTTGGATGAC TTTGAGATTI ATCTTTCTTT CCTGTTGGA	3742
TTGTTCAAAAT GTTCCCTTTA ACACATGTTT GGATGAACCT CAGCATCCAA	3792
GTTTATGAAT GACAGTAGTC ACACATGTTT CTGTTTATAT AGTTTAGGGG	3842
TAGAGATCCT GTTTTTTAT CAGATTGGGA AATCCATTC ATTTTGTGAG	3892
TTGTACATA ATACACAGCAG TGGAAATATGT ATTTGCCCTAT ATTTGTGAAGC	3942
AATTAGCAGT AAATATCATG ATACAAAGAA CTCAAAAGAT AGTTAATTCT	3992
TGCTTTATAC CTCAGTCTAT TATGTAATAA TAAAAAATAT TGTATGTTT	4042
TGCTTCTTTG AGAATGCAAA AGAAATTAAA TCTGAATAAA TTCCTCCTGT	4092
TCACTGGCTC ATTTCTTTAC CATTCACTCA GCATCTGCTC TGTGGAAGGC	4142
CCTGGTAGTA GTGGG	4157

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 10:  
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
     (A) LENGTH: 662 base pairs  
     (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
     (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  
 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: genomic DNA  
 (ix) FEATURE:  
     (A) NAME/KEY: MAGE-21 gene  
 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 10:

GGATCCCCAT	GGATCCAGGA	AGAATCCAGT	TCCACCCCTG	CTGTGAACCC	50
AGGGAAGTCA	CGGGGCCGGA	TGTACGCCA	CTGACTTGCG	CGTIGGAGGT	100
CAGAGAACAG	CGAGATTCTC	GCCTTGAGCA	ACGGCCTGAC	GTCGGCGGAG	150
GGAAGCAGGC	GCAGGCTCCG	TGAGGAGGCA	AGGTAAAGATG	CCGAGGGGAG	200
ACTGAGGCGG	GCCTCACCCC	AGACAGAGGG	CCCCCAATAA	TCCAGCGCTG	250
CCTCTGCTGC	CAGGCCTGGA	CCACCCCTGCA	GGGGAAGACT	TCTCAGGCTC	300
AGTCGCCACC	ACCTCACCCC	GCCACCCCCC	GCCGCTTTAA	CCGCAAGGAA	350
CTCTGGTGTA	AGAGCTTTGT	GTGACCAAGG	CAGGGCTGCT	TAGAAGTGCT	400
CAGGGCCAG	ACTCAGCCAG	GAATCAAGGT	CAGGACCCCA	AGAGGGGACT	450
GAGGGTAACC	CCCCGSCACC	CCCACACCA	TTCCCATCCC	CCAACACCAA	500
CCCCACCCC	ATCCCCAAC	ACCACACCA	CCACCATCGC	TCAAAACATCA	550
ACGCAACCCC	CAAAACCCGA	TTCCCATCCC	CACCCATCCT	GGCAGAAATCG	600
GAGCTTTGCC	CCTGCAATCA	ACCCACGGAA	GCTCCGGGAA	TGGCGGCCAA	650
GCACGCGGAT	CC				662

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 11:  
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
     (A) LENGTH: 1640 base pairs  
     (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
     (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  
 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA to mRNA  
 (ix) FEATURE:  
     (A) NAME/KEY: cDNA MAGE-3  
 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 11:

GCCGCGAGGG	AAGCCGGCCC	AGGCTCGGTG	AGGAGGCAAG	GTTCGTAGGG	50
GACAGGCTGA	CCTGGAGGAC	CAGAGGCCCC	CGGAGGAGCA	CTGAAGGAGA	100
AGATCTGCCA	GTGGGTCTCC	ATTGCCACGC	TCTGCCCCAC	ACTCCCCGCT	150
GTTCGCCCTGA	CCAGAGTCAT	C			171
ATG CCT CTT	GAG CAG AGG	AGT CAG	CAC TGC AAG	CCT GAA GAA	213
GGC CTT GAG	GCC CGA GGA	GAG GCC	CTG GGC CTG	GTG GGT GCG	255
CAG GCT CCT	GCT ACT GAG	GAG CAG	GAG GCT GCC	TCC TCC TCT	297
TCT ACT CTA	GTT GAA GTC	ACC CTG	GGG GAG GTG	CCT GCT GCC	339
GAG TCA CCA	GAT CTT CCC	CAG AGT	CCT CAG GGA	GCC TCC AGC	381
CTC CCC ACT	ACC ATG AAC	TAC CCT	CTC TGG AGC	CAA TCC TAT	423
GAG GAC TCC	AGC AAC CAA	GAA GAG	GAG GGG CCA	AGC ACC TTC	465
CCT GAC CTG	GAG TCC GAG	TTC CAA	GCA GCA CTC	AGT AGG AAG	507
GTG GCC GAG	TTG GTT CAT	TTT CTG	CTC CTC AAG	TAT CGA GCC	549
AGG GAG CCG	GTC ACA AAG	GCA GAA	ATG CTG GGG	AGT GTC GTT	591
GGA AAT TGG	CAG TAT TTC	TTT CCT	GTG ATC TTC	AGC AAA GCT	633
TCC AGT TCC	TTG CAG CTG	GTC TTT	GGC ATC GAG	CTG ATG GAA	675
GTG GAC CCC	ATC GGC CAC	TTG TAC	ATC TTT GCC	ACC TGC CTG	717
GGC CTC TCC	TAC GAT GGC	CTG CTG	GGT GAC AAT	CAG ATC ATG	759
CCC AAG GCA	GGC CTC	CTG ATA	ATC GTC CTG	GCC ATA ATC	801
AGA GAG GGC	GAC TGT GCC	CCT GAG	GAG AAA ATC	TGG GAG GAG	843
CTG AGT GTG	TTA GAG GTG	TTT GAG	GGG AGG GAA	GAC AGT ATG	885
TTG GGG GAT	CCC AAG AAG	CTG CTC	ACC CAA CAT	TTC GTG CAG	927
GAA AAC TAC	CTG GAG TAC	CGG CAG	GTC CCC GGC	AGT GAT CCT	969
GCA TGT TAT	GAA TTC	CTG TGG	GGT CCA AGG	GCC CTC GTT	1011
ACC AGC TAT	GTG AAA GTC	CTG CAC	CAT ATG GTA	AAG ATC AGT	1053
GGA GGA CCT	CAC ATT TCC	TAC CCA	CCC CTG CAT	GAG TGG GTT	1095
TTG AGA GAG	GGG GAA GAG	TGA			1116
GTCTGAGCAC	GAGTTGCAGC	CAGGGCCAGT	GGGAGGGGGT	CTGGGCCAGT	1166
GCACCTTCCG	GGGCCGCATC	CCTTAGTTTC	CACTGCCTCC	TGTGACGTGA	1216
GGCCCATCTCT	TCACCTCTTTG	AAGCGAGCAG	TCAGCATTCT	TAGTAGTGGG	1266
TTTCTGTCTCT	GTTCGATGAC	TTTGAGATTA	TTCTTTGTTT	CCTGTTGGAG	1316
TTGTTCAAAT	GTTCCTTTTA	ACGGATGGTT	GAATGAGCGT	CAGCATCCAG	1366
GTTTATGAAT	GACAGTAGTC	ACACATAGTG	CTGTTTATAT	AGTTTAGGAG	1416
TAAGAGTCCTT	GttTTTTACT	CAAAATggGA	AATCCATTCC	ATTTTGTGAA	1466
TTGTGACATA	ATAATAGCAG	TGGTAAAGT	ATTTGCTTAA	AATTGTGAGC	1516
GAATTAGCAA	TAACATACTAT	GAGATAACTC	AAGAAATCAA	AAGATAGTTG	1566
ATTCTTGCCCT	TGTACCTCAA	TCTATTCTGT	AAAATTAAAC	AAATATGCAA	1616
ACCAGGATT	CCTTGACTTC	TTTG			1640

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 12:  
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
     (A) LENGTH: 943 base pairs  
     (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
     (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  
 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: genomic DNA  
 (ix) FEATURE:  
     (A) NAME/KEY: MAGE-31 gene  
 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 12:

GGATCCTCCA	CCCCAGTAGA	GTGGGGACCT	CACAGAGTCT	GGCCAACCCT	50
CCTGACAGTT	CTGGGAATCC	GTGGCTGCGT	TTGCTGTCTG	CACATTGGGG	100
GCCCGTGGAT	TCCTCTCCCA	GGAATCAGGA	GCTCCAGGAA	CAAGGCAGTG	150
AGGACTTGGT	CTGAGGCAGT	GTCTCAGGT	CACAGAGTAG	AGGGggCTCA	200
GATAGTGCCA	ACGGTGAAGG	TTTGCTTGG	ATTCAAACCA	AGGGCCCCAC	250
CTGCCCCAGA	ACACATGGAC	TCCAGAGCGC	CTGGCCTCAC	CCTCAATACT	300
TTGAGTCTTG	CAGCCTCAGC	ATGCGCTGGC	CGGATGTACC	CTGAGGTGCC	350
CTCTCACTTC	CTCCTTCAGG	TTCTGAGGGG	ACAGGCTGAC	CTGAGGAGCC	400
AGAGGGCCCC	GGAGGAGCAC	TGAAGGAGAA	GATCTGTAAG	TAAGCCTTTG	450
TTAGAGCCTC	CAAGGTTCCA	TTCACTACTC	AGCTGAGGTC	TCTCACATGC	500
TCCCTCTCTC	CCCAGGCCAG	TGGGTCCTCA	TTGCCAGACT	CCTGCCCCACA	550
CTCCCGCCTG	TTGCCCTGAC	CAGAGTCATC			580
ATG CCT CTT	GAG CAG AGG AGT CAG	CAC TGC AAG CCT	GAA GAA		622
GGC CTT GAG	GCC CGA GGA GAG GCC	CTG GGC CTG GTG	GGT GCG		664
CAG GCT CTT	GCT ACT GAG GAG CAG	GAG GCT GCC TCC	TCC TCT		706
TCT AGT GTA	GTT GAA GTC ACC CTG	GGG GAG GTG CCT	GCT GCC		748
GAG TCA CCA	GAT CCT CCC CAG AGT	CCT CAG GGA GCC	TCC AGC		790
CTC CCC ACT	ACC ATG AAC TAC CCT	CTC TGG AGC CAA	TCC TAT		832
GAG GAC TCC	AGC AAC CAA GAA GAG	GAG GGG CCA AGC	ACC TTC		874
CCT GAC CTG	GAG TCT GAG TTC CAA	GCA GCA CTC AGT	AGG AAG		916
GTG GCC AAG	TTG GTT CAT TTT CTG	CTC			943

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 13:  
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
     (A) LENGTH: 2531 base pairs  
     (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
     (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  
 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: genomic DNA  
 (ix) FEATURE:  
     (A) NAME/KEY: MAGE-4 gene  
 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 13:

```

GGATCCAGGC CCTGCCTGGA GAAATGTGAG GGCCTGAGT GAACACAGTG      50
GGGATCATCC ACTCCATGAG AGTGGGGGACC TCACAGAGTC CAGCCTACCC      100
TCTTGATGGC ACTGAGGGAC CGGGGCTGTG CTTACAGTCT GCACCCCTAAG      150
GGCCCATGGA TTCTCTCTCT AGGAGCTCCA GGAACAAGGC AGTGAGGCCT      200
TGGTCTGAGA CAGTGTCTCT AGGTTACAGA GCAGAGGATG CACAGGCTGT      250
GCCAGCAGTG AATGTTTGCC CTGAATGACAC ACCAAGGGGCC CCACCTGCCA      300
CAAGACACAT AGGACTCCAA AGAGTCTGGC CTCACCTCCC TACCATCAAT      350
CCTGCAGAAT CGACCTCTCG TGCGCCGCTA TACCTGAGG TGCTCTCTCA      400
CTTCTCTCTT CAGGTTCTGA GCAGACAGGC CAGGCTTCC CAGGCTTCC      450
TGGAGGCCAC AGAGGAGCAC CAGGAGAGAG ATCTGTAGT AAGCCTTTGT      500
TGTAGCCTCT AAGATTGGT TCTCAGCTGA GGTCTCTCAC ATGCTCCCTC      550
TCTCCGTAGG CCTGTGGGTC CCAATGGCCC AGCTTTTGCC TGCACCTTG      600
CTGCTGCCCC TGACCAAGAGT CATC
ATG TCT TCT GAG CAG AAG AGT CAG CAC TGC AAG CCT GAG GAA      666
GGC GTT GAG GCC CAA GAA GAG GCC CTG GGC CTG GTG GGT GCA      708
CAG GCT CCT ACT ACT GAG GAG CAG GAG GCT GCT GTC TCC TCC      750
TCC TCT CCT CTG GTC CCT GGC ACC CTG GAG GAA GTG CCT GCT      792
GCT GAG TCA GCA GGT CCT CCC CAG AGT CCT CAG GGA GCC TCT      834
GCC TTA CCC ACT ACC ATC AGC TTC ACT TGC TGG AGG CAA CCC      876
AAT GAG GGT TCC AGC AGC CAA GAA GAG GAG GGG CCA AGC ACC      918
TCG CCT GAC GCA GAG TCC TTG TTC CGA GAA GCA CTC AGT AAC      960
AAG GTG GAT GAG TTG GCT CAT TTT CTG CTG CGC AAG TAT CGA      1002
GCC AAG GAG CTG GTC ACA AAG GCA GAA ATG CTG GAG AGA GTC      1044
ATC AAA AAT TAC AAG CGC TGC TTT CCT GTG ATC TTC GGC AAA      1086
GCC TCC GAG TCC CTG AAG ATG ACC TTT GGC ATT GAC GTG AAG      1128
GAA GTG GAC CCC GCC AGC AAC ACC TAC ACC CTT GTC ACC TGC      1170
CTG GGC CTT TCC TAT GAT GGC CTG CTG GGT AAT AAT GAC ATC      1212
TTT CCC AAG ACA GGC CTT CTG ATA ATC GTC CTG GGC ACA ATT      1254
GCA ATG GAG GGC GAC AGC GCC TCT GAG GAG GAA ATC TGG GAG      1296
GAG CTG GGT GTG ATG GGG GTG TAT GAT GGG AGG GAG CAC ACT      1338
GTC TAT GGG GAG CCC AGG AAA CTG CTC ACC CAA GAT TGG GTG      1380
CAG GAA AAC TAC CTG GAG TAC CGG CAG GTA CCC GGC AGT AAT      1422
CCT CGC CGC TAT GAG TTC CTG TGG GGT CCA AGG GCT CTG GCT      1464
GAA ACC AGC TAT GTG AAA GTC CTG GAG CAT GTG GTC AGG GTC      1506
AAT GCA AGA GTT CAC ATT GCC TAC CCA TCC CTG CGT GAA GCA      1548
GCT TTG TTA GAG GAG GAA GAG GGA GTC TGA
GCATGAGTTG CAGCCAGGGC TGTGGGGGAG GGGCAGGGCT GGGCCAGTGC      1628
ACTCAACAGC CCTGTGCAGC AGCTTCCCTT GCCTCGTGTA ACATGAGGCC      1678
CATTTCTTCAC TCTGTTTGAA GAAATAGTCT AGTGTTCCTTA GTAGTGGGTT      1728
TCTATTTTGT TGGATGACTT GGAGATTAT CTCTGTCTTC TTTTCAATT      1778
GTTGAAATGT TCCCTTTAAT GGAGGGTGA ATTACTTCA GCATCCAGT      1828
TTTGAATCG TAGTTAACTT ATATTCTCTT TAATATAGTT TAGGAGTAAG      1878
AGTCTGTGTT TTTATTGAGA TTGGGAAATC CGTTCATTAT TGTGAATTG      1928
GGACATAATA ACAGCAGTGG AGTAAGTATT TAGAAGTGTG AATTCAACGT      1978
GAAATAGGTG AGATAAATTA AAGATACTTT AATTCCCGCC TTATGCTCCA      2028
GTCTATTCTG TAAATATTAA AAATATATAT GCATACCTGG ATTTCTGTGA      2078
TTCTCGTGAAT GTAAGAGAAA TTAAATCTGA ATAAATAATT CTTTCTGTGA      2128
ACTGGCTCAT TTCTTCTCTA TGCACCTGAGC ATCTGCTCTG TTGAAGGGCC      2178
AGGATTAGTA GTGGAGTAC TAGGGTAAAG CAGACACACA CCTACCGATA      2228
GGGTATTAAAG AGTCTAGGAG CGCGGTTCATA TAATTAAAGT GACAAGATGT      2278
CCTCTAAGAT GTAGGGGAAA AGTAAACGAGT GTGGGTATGG GGCTCCAGGA      2328
GAGAGTGGTC GGGGTGTAAT TCCCTGTGTG GGGCCTTTTG GGCTTTGGGA      2378
AACTGCATTT TCTCTGAGG GATCTGATTC TAATGAAGCT TGGTGGGTCC      2428
AGGGCCAGAT TCTCAGAGG AGAGGGAAAA GCCCAGATTG GAAAGTTGC      2478

```



- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 14:  
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
     (A) LENGTH: 2531 base pairs  
     (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
     (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  
 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: genomic DNA  
 (ix) FEATURE:  
     (A) NAME/KEY: MAGE-41 gene  
 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 14:

GGATCCAGGC	CCTGCCTGGA	GAAATGTGAG	GGCCCTGAGT	GAACACAGTG	50
GGGATCATCC	ACTCCATGAG	AGTGGGGACC	TCACAGAGTC	CAGCCTACCC	100
TCTTGATGGC	ACTGAGGGAC	CGGGGCTGTG	CTTACAGTCT	GCACCCTAAG	150
GGCCCATGGA	TTCCTCTCCT	AGGAGCTCCA	GGAACAAGGC	AGTGAGGCGT	200
TGGTCTGAGA	CAGTGTCTCT	AGGTTACAGA	GCAGAGGATG	CACAGGCGCT	250
GCCAGCAGTG	AATGTTTGCC	CTGAATGCAC	ACCAAGGGCC	CCACCTGCCA	300
CAAGACACAT	AGGACTCCAA	AGAGTCTGGC	CTCACCTCCC	TACCATCAAT	350
CCTGCAGAAAT	CGACCTCTGC	TGGCCGGTGA	TACCCTGAGG	TGCTCTCTCA	400
TCTCTCTCCT	CAGGTTCTGA	GCAGACAGGC	CAACCGGAGA	CAGGATTCCT	450
TGGAGGCCAC	AGAGGAGCAC	CAAGGAGAAG	ATCTGTAAGT	AAAGCTTTGT	500
TAGAGCCCTCT	AAGATTGTGT	TCTCAGCTGA	GGTCTCTCAC	ATGCTCCCTC	550
TCTCCGTAGG	CCTGTGGGCT	CCCATGTGCC	AGCTTTTGCC	TGCACTCTTG	600
CTCTGCTGCC	TGAGCAGGAT	CATC			624
ATG TCT TCT	GAG CAG AAG AGT	CAG CAC TGC AAG	CCT GAG GAA		666
GGC GTT GAG	GCC CAA GAA GAG	GCC CTG GGC CTG	GTG GGT GCG		708
CAG GCT CCT	ACT ACT GAG GAG	CAG GAG GCT GCT	GTC TCC TCC		750
TCC TCT CCT	CTG GTC CCT GGC	ACC CTG GAG GAA	GTG CTT GCT		792
GCT GAG TCA	GCA GGT CCT CCC	CAG AGT CCT CAG	GGA GCC TCT		834
GCC TTA CCC	ACT ACC ATT AGC	TTC ACT TGC TGG	AGG CAA CCC		876
AAT GAG GGT	TCC AGC AGC CAA	GAA GAG GAG GGG	CCA AGC ACC		918
TGC CCT GAC	GCA GAG TCC TTG	TTC CGA GAA GCA	CTC AGT AAC		960
AAG GTG GAT	GAG TTG GCT CAT	TTT CTG CTC CGC	AAG TAT CGA		1002
GCC AAG GAG	CTG GTC ACA AAG	GCA GAA ATG CTG	GAG AGA GTC		1044
ATC AAA AAT	TAC AAG CGC TGC	TTT CCT GTG ATC	TTC GGC AAA		1086
GCC TCC GAG	TCC CTG AAG ATG	ATC TTT GGC ATT	GAC GTG AAG		1128
GAA GTG GAC	CCC ACC AGC AAC	ACC TAC ACC CTT	GTC ACC TGC		1170
CTG GGC CTT	TCC TAT GAT GGC	CTG CTG GGT AAT	AAT CAG ATC		1212
TTT CCC AAG	ACA GGC CTT CTG	ATA ATC GTC CTG	GGC ACA ATT		1254
GCA ATG GAG	GCG GAC AGC GCC	TCT GAG GAG GAA	ATC TGC GAG		1296
GAG CTG GGT	GTG ATG GGG GTG	TAT GAT GGG AGG	GAG CAC ACT		1338
GTG TAT GGG	GAG CCC AGG AAA	CTG CTC ACC CAA	GAT TGG GTG		1380
CAG GAA AAC	TAC CTG GAG TAC	CGG CAG GTA CCC	GGC AGT AAT		1422
CCT GCG CGC	TAT GAG TTC CTG	TGG GGT CCA AGG	GCT CTG GCT		1464
GAA ACC AGC	TAT GTG AAA GTC	CTG GAG CAT GTG	GTC AGG GTC		1506
AAT GCA AGA	GTT CGC ATT GCC	TAC CCA TCC CTG	CGT GAA GCA		1548
GCT TTG TTA	GAG GAG GAA GAG	GGA GTC TGA			1578
GCATGAGTTG	CAGCCAGGGC	TGTGGGGAAG	GGGCGAGGCT	GGGCCAGTGC	1628
ATCTAACAGC	CCTGTGCAGC	AGCTTCCCTT	GCCTCGTGTA	ACATGAGGCG	1678
CATTCTTCAC	TCTGTTTGA	GAAAATAGTC	AGTGTTCTTA	GTAGTGGGTT	1728
TCTATTTTGT	TGAGATGACT	GGAGATTAT	CTCTGTTTCC	TTTTACAATT	1778
GTGAAATGCT	TCTTTTAAAT	GGATGGTTGA	ATTAACTTCA	GCATCCAAAT	1828
TATGAAATCG	TAGTTAACTG	ATATTGCTGT	TATATAGATT	TAGGAGTAAG	1878
AGTCTCTGTT	TTATTTCTGA	TGGGAAATC	CGTTCTATTT	TAGTAAGTTG	1928
GGACATAATA	ACAGCAGTGG	AGTAAGTATT	TAGAAGTGTG	AATTCACCGT	1978
GAAATAGGTG	AGATAAGATA	AAAGATACTT	AATTCGCCGC	TATTCCTCTA	2028
GTCTATTCTG	TAAATTTAA	AAATATATAT	GCATACCTGG	ATTTCCTTGG	2078
CTTCCTGAAT	GTAAAGAGAA	TTAAATCTGA	ATAAATATAT	CTTTCCTGTA	2128
AGGCTGTCAT	TCTCTCTCTA	TGCACGTGAG	ATCTGCTCTG	TGGAAGGCCCT	2178
AGGATTAGTA	GTGGAGATCA	TAGGGTAAAG	CAGACACACA	CCTACCGATA	2228
GGGTATTAAAG	AGTCTAGAGG	CGCGGTCTATA	TAATTAAGGT	GACAAGATGT	2278
CTCTTAAGAT	GTAGGGGAAA	AGTAACGAGT	GTGGGTATGG	GGCTCCAGGT	2328
GAGAGTGGTC	GGGTGTAAT	TCCCTGTGTG	GGGCTTTTGG	GGCTTTGGGA	2378
AACTCCATTT	TCTTCTGAGG	GATCTGATTC	TAATGAAGCT	TGGTGGGTCC	2428



2478  
2528  
2531

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 15:  
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
     (A) LENGTH: 1068 base pairs  
     (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
     (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  
 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA to mRNA  
 (ix) FEATURE:  
     (A) NAME/KEY: cDNA MAGE-4  
 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 15:

G GGG CCA AGC ACC TCG CCT GAC GCA GAG TCC TTG TTC CGA	40
GAA GCA CTC AGT AAC AAG GTG GAT GAG TTG GCT CAT TTT CTG	82
CTC CGC AAG TAT CGA GCC AAG GAG CTG GTC ACA AAG GCA GAA	124
ATG CTG GAG AGA GTC ATC AAA AAT TAC AAG CGC TGC TTT CCT	166
GTG ATC TTC GGC AAA GCC TCC GAG TCC CTG AAG ATG ATC TTT	208
GGC ATT GAC GTG AAG GAA GTG GAC CCC GCC AGC AAC ACC TAC	250
ACC CTT GTC ACC TGC CTG GGC CTT TCC TAT GAT GGC CTG CTG	292
GGT AAT AAT CAG ATC TTT CCC AAG ACA GGC CTT CTG ATA ATC	334
GTC CTG GGC ACA ATT GCA ATG GAG GGC GAC AGC GCC TCT GAG	376
GAG GAA ATC TGG GAG GAG CTG GGT GTG ATG GGG GTG TAT GAT	418
ACC AAG GAG CAC ACT GTC TAT GGG GAG CCC AGG AAA CTG CTC	460
GGG CAA GAT TGG GTG CAG GAA AAC TAC CTG GAG TAC CGG CAG	502
GTA CCC GGC AGT AAT CCT GCG CGC TAT GAG TTC CTG TGG GGT	544
CCA AGG GCT CTG GCT GAA ACC AGC TAT GTG AAA GTC CTG GAG	586
CAT GTG GTC AGG GTC AAT GCA AGA GTT CGC ATT GCC TAC CCA	628
TCC CTG CGT GAA GCA GCT TTG TTA GAG GAG GAA GAG GGA GTC	670
TGAGCATGAG TTGCAGCCAG GGCTGTGGGG AAGGGGCAGG GCTGGGCCAG	720
TGCATCTAAC AGCCCTGTGC AGCAGCTTCC CTTGCCCTCGT GTAACATGAG	770
GCCCATCTCT CACTCTGTGT GAAGAAAATA GTCAGTGTT TTAGTAGTGG	820
GTTTCTATTT TGTGTGATGA CTTGGAGATT TATCTCTGTT TCCTTTTACA	870
ATTGTTGAAA TGTTCCTTTT AATGGATGGT TGAATTAACT TCAGCATCCA	920
AGTTTATGAA TCGTAGTTAA CGTATATTGC TGTTAATATA GTTTAGGAGT	970
AAGAGTCTTG TTTTATTATC AGATTGGGAA ATCCGTCTTA TTTTGTGAAT	1020
TGGGACATA ATAACAGCAG TGGAGTAAGT ATTTAGAAGT GTGAATTC	1068

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 16:
- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 2226 base pairs
    - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: genomic DNA
  - (ix) FEATURE:
    - (A) NAME/KEY: MAGE-5 gene
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 16:

```

GGATCCAGGC CTTGCCAGGA GAAAGGTGAG GGCCTGTGT GAGCAGAGAG      50
GGGACCATT C ACCCCAAGAG GGTGGAGACC TCACAGATT C CAGCCTACCC      100
TCCTGTTAGC ACTGGGGGCC TGAGGCTGTG CTTGCAGTCT GCACCTCAGAG      150
GGCCCATGCA TTCTCTTCC AGGAGCTCCA GGAAACAGAC ACTGAGGCCT      200
TGGTCTGAGG CCGTGCCCTC AGGTACAGAG GCAGAGGAGA TGCAGAGCTC      250
TAGTCCAGAG AGTGAACGTT TGCCTTGAAT GCACACTAAT GGCCCCCATC      300
GCCCCAGAAC ATATGGGACT CCAGAGCACC TGGCCTCACC CTCTCTACTG      350
TCAGTCCCTG AGAATCAGCC TCTGCTTGCT TGTGTACCTT GAGGTGCCCT      400
CTCACTTTTT CTTTCAGGTT CTCAGGGGAC AGGCTGACCA GGATCACCAG      450
GAAGCTCCAG AGGATCCCCA GGAGGCCCTA GAGGAGCACC AAGGAGAGAG      500
ATCTGTAAAT AAGCCTTTGT TAGAGCCTCC AAGGTTCAAT TTTTAGCTGA      550
GGCTTCTCAC ATGCTCCCTC TCTCTCCAGG CCAGTGGGTC TCCATTGCCC      600
AGCTCTGCGC CACACTCTCG CCTGTGCGG TGACCAAGAT CTC          644
ATG TCT CTT GAG CAG AAG AGT CAG CAC TGC AAG CCT GAG GAA      684
CTC CTC TGG TCC CAG GCA CCC TGG GGG AGG TGC CTG CTG CTG      728
GGT CAC CAG GTC CTC TCA AGA GTC CTC AGG GAG CCG CCG CCA      770
TCC CCA CTG CCA TCG ATT TCA CTC TAT GGA GGC AAT CCA TTA      812
AGG GCT CCA GCA ACC AAG AAG AGG AGG GGC CAA GCA CCT CCC      854
CTG ACC CAG AGT CTC TGT TCC GAG CAG CAC TCA GTA AGA AGG      896
TGG CTG ACT TGA          908
TTCAATTTCT GCTCCTCAAG TATTAAGTCA AGGAGCTGGT CACAAGGGCA      958
GAAATGCTGG AGAGCGTCAT CAARAATTAC AAGCGCTGGT TTCCTGAGAT      1008
CTTCGGCAAA GCCTCCGAGT CTTTGACGCT GGTCTTTGGC ATTGACGTGA      1058
AGGAAGCGGA CCCCACAGC AACACCTACA CCCTTGTCTC CTGCTTGGGA      1108
CTCCTATGAT GGCTGCTGG TTAGAATAAA TCAGATCATG CCCAAGACGG      1158
GCTCCTGAT AATCGTCTTG GGCATGATTG CAATGGAGGG CAATGCGCTC      1208
CCTGAGGAGA AAATCTGGGA GGAGCTGAGT GTGATGAAGG TGATATGTTG      1258
GAGGAGCAC AGTGTCTGTG GGGAGCCAG GAAGCTGCTC ACCCAAGATT      1308
TGGTGCAGGA AAATCTACGT GAGTACCGGC AGGTGCCAG CAGTGATCCC      1358
ATATGCTATG AGTTACTGTG GGGTCCAAG GCACCTGCTG CTTGAAAGTA      1408
CTGGAGCAGC TGGTCAGGGT CAATGCAAGA GTTCTCATTT CCTACCCATC      1458
CCTGCGTGAA GCAGCTTTGA GAGAGGAGGA AGAGGGAGTC TGAGCATGAG      1508
CTGCAGCCAG GGCACCTCG AGGGGGGCTG GGCCAGTGCA CCTTCCAGGG      1558
CTCCGTCAG TAGTTTCCCC TGCCCTTAATG TGACATGAGG CCAATTCCTC      1608
TCTCTTGAA GAGAGCAGTC AACATTCTTA GTAGTGGGTT TCTGTTCTAT      1658
TGAGTAGACT TGAGATTGT CTTTGTTCCT TTTTGAATTT GTTCAATCTG      1708
TTCTTTTAAT GGGTGGTTGA ATGAACCTCA GCATTCAAT TATGAAATGA      1758
CAGTAGTCAC ACATAGTCTG GTTTATATAG TTTAGGAGTA AGAGTCTTGT      1808
TTTTTATTC AATTGGGAAA TCCATTCCAT TTTGTGAATT GGGACATAGT      1858
TACAGCAGTG GAATAAGTAT TCATTTAGAA ATGTGAATGA GCAGTAAAC      1908
TGATGACATA AAGAAATTAA AAGATATTTA ATTCCTTGCT ATACTCAGT      1958
TATTCGGTAA AATTTTTTTT AAAAATATGT CATACCTGGA TTTCTTGGC      2008
TTCTTTGAGA ATGTAAGACA AATTAATCT GAATAAATCA TTCTCCCTGT      2058
TCACCTGGCT ATTTATTTCT TATGCACTGA GCATTGTGCT TGGGAGAGG      2108
CCTGGGTTAA TAGTGAGATG GCTAAGGTAA GCGCAGCTCA CCCCTACCA      2158
CAGGAGTAGA AAGTCTAGGA GCAGCAGTCA TATAATTAG GTGGAGAGAT      2208
GCCCTCTAAG ATGTAGAG      2226

```

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 17:  
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
   (A) LENGTH: 2305 base pairs  
   (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
   (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  
 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: genomic DNA  
 (ix) FEATURE:  
   (A) NAME/KEY: MAGE-51 gene  
 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 17:

GGATCCAGGC	CTTGCCAGGA	GAAAGGTGAG	GGCCCTGTGT	GAGCACAGAG	50
GGGACCATTG	ACCCCAAGAG	GGTGAGAGACC	TCACAGATTG	CAGCCTACCC	100
TCCTGTTAGC	ACTGGGGGCC	TGAGGCTGTG	CTTGAGTCT	GCACCTGAG	150
GGCCCATGCA	TTCTCTCTCC	AGGAGCTCCA	GGAAACAGAC	ACTGAGGCT	200
TGCTCTGAGG	CCGTGCCCTC	AGGTCACAGA	GCAGAGGAGA	TGTGAGGCT	250
TAGTGCCAGC	AGTGACGTT	TGCTTGAAT	GCACATAT	GGCCCCATC	300
GGCCCAAGAC	ATATGSGACT	CCAGAGACCC	TGGCTCACC	CTCTCTACTG	350
TCAGTCTCTG	AGATCAGCT	TCCTGCTGCT	TGTGTACCT	GAGTGCCCT	400
CTCACTTTT	CCCTCAGTGT	CTCAGGGGAC	AGGCTGACCA	GGATCACCAG	450
GAGCTCCAG	AGGATCCCCA	GGAGGCCCTA	GAGGAGCACC	AAAGGAGAAG	500
ATCTGTAGT	AAGCCTTTGT	TAGAGCCTCC	AAGGTTCACT	TTTTAGCTGA	550
GGCTTCTCAC	ATGCTCCCTC	TCTCTCCAGG	CCAGTGGGTC	TCCATTGCCC	600
AGCTCTGCCC	CACACTCCCTG	CCTGTTCGGG	TGACCAGAGT	CGTC	644
ATG TCT CTT	GAG CAG AAG AGT	CAG CAC TGC AAG	CCT GAG GAA		686
GGC CTT GAC	ACC CAA GAA GAG	CCC TGG GCC TGG	TGG GTG TGC		720
AGG CTG CCA	CTA CTG AGG AGC	AGG AGG CTG TGT	CCT CTT CCT		778
CTC CTC TGG	TCC CAG GCA CCC	TGG GGG AGG TGC	CTG CTG CTG		812
GGT CAC CAG	GTC CTC TCA AGA	GTC CTC AGG GAG	CCT CCG CCA		854
TCC CCA CTG	CCA TCG ATT TCA	CTC TAT GGA GGC	AAT CCA TTA		896
AGG GCT CCA	GCA ACC AAG AAG	AGG AGG GGC CAA	GCA CCT CCC		938
CTG ACC CAG	AGT CTG TGT TCC	GAG CAG CAC TCA	GTA AGA AGG		980
TGG CTG ACT	TGA				992
TTCATTTTCT	GCTCCTCAAG	TATTAAGTCA	AGGAGCCGGT	CACAAAAGGCA	1042
GAAATGCTGG	AGAGCGTCAT	CAAAAATTAC	AAGCGCTGCT	TTCCTGAGAT	1092
CTTCGGCAAA	GCCTCCGAGT	CCTTGCACT	GGTCTTTGGC	ATTGACGTGA	1142
AGGAAGCGGA	CCCCACAGC	AACACCTACA	CCCTTTGTAC	CTGCGTGGGA	1192
CTCTATGAT	GGCCTGGTGG	TTTAATCAGA	TCATGCCCAA	GACGGGCCCT	1242
CTGATAATCG	TCTTGGGCAT	GATTGCAATG	GAGGGCAAAT	GCCTCCCTGA	1292
GGAGAAAATC	TGGGAGGAGC	TGGGTGTGAT	GAAGGTGTAT	GT'TGGGAGGG	1342
AGCAGCTGT	CTGTGGGGAG	CCCAGGAAGC	TGCTACCCCA	AGATT'TGGTG	1392
CAGGAAAACT	ACCTGGAGTA	CCGCAAGGTG	CCAGCAGTGA	TCCCATATGC	1442
TATGAGTTAC	TGTGGGGTCC	AAGGGCAGTC	GCTGCTTGAA	AGTACTGGAG	1492
CACGTGGTCA	GGGTCAATGC	AAGAGTTCTC	ATTTCCTACC	CATCCCTGCA	1542
TGAAGCAGCT	TTGAGAGAGG	AGGAAGAGGG	AGTCTGAGCA	TGAGCTGCAG	1592
CCAGGGCCAC	TGCGAGGGGG	GCTGGGCCAG	TGCACCTTCC	AGSGCTCCGT	1642
CCAGTAGTTT	CCCTCGCTT	AATGTGACAT	GAGGCCCAT	TGCTCTCTT	1692
TGAAGAGAGC	AGTCAACATT	CTTAGTAGTG	GGTTTCTGAT	CTATTGGAGT	1742
ACTTTGAGAT	TGTCTTTGT	TTCCTTTGG	AATGTTTCAA	ATGTTCTCTT	1792
TAATGGGTGG	TGAAATGAAC	TTGAGCATTC	AATTTATAGA	ATGACAGTAG	1842
TCACACATAG	TGCTCTTAT	ATAGTTTAGG	AGTAAGAGTC	TGTTTTTTTA	1892
TTGAGATTGG	GAAATCCATT	CCATTTTGTG	AATTGGGACA	TAGTTACAGC	1942
AGTGAATATA	GTATTCATT	AGAAATGTGA	ATGAGCAGTA	AAACTGATAG	1992
GATAAAGAAA	TTAAAGATA	TTTAATCTTT	GCCTTATACT	CAGTCTATTC	2042
GGTAAATTTT	TTTTTTPAAA	ATGTGCATAC	CTGGATTTC	TTTGCTCTCT	2092
TGAGAAATGTA	AGACAAATTA	AATCTGAATA	AATCATCTCT	CCTGTTCTCT	2142
GGCTCATTTA	TTCTCTATGC	ACTGAGCATT	TGCTCTGTGG	AAGGCCCTGG	2192
GTTAATAGTG	GAGATGCTAA	GGTAAGCCAG	ACTCACCCCT	ACCCACCCCT	2242
TAGTAAAGTG	TAGSAGCAGC	AGTCATATAA	TTAAGGTGGA	GAGATGCCCT	2292
CTAAGATGTA	GAG				2305

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 18:
- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 225 base pairs
    - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
  - (ix) FEATURE:
    - (A) NAME/KEY: MAGE-6 gene
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 18:

TAT	TTC	TTT	CCT	GTG	ATC	TTC	AGC	AAA	GCT	TCC	GAT	TCC	TTG	42
CAG	CTG	GTC	TTT	GGC	ATC	GAG	CTG	ATG	GAA	GTG	GAC	CCC	ATC	84
GGC	CAC	GTG	TAC	ATC	TTT	GCC	ACC	TGC	CTG	GGC	CTC	TCC	TAC	126
GAT	GGC	CTG	CTG	GGT	GAC	AAT	CAG	ATC	ATG	CCC	AGG	ACA	GGC	168
TTC	CTG	ATA	ATC	CTG	GCC	ATA	ATC	GCA	AGA	GAG	GGC	GAC		210
TGT	GCC	CCT	GAG	GAG										225

122  
 123  
 124  
 125  
 126  
 127  
 128  
 129  
 130  
 131  
 132  
 133  
 134  
 135  
 136  
 137  
 138  
 139  
 140  
 141  
 142  
 143  
 144  
 145  
 146  
 147  
 148  
 149  
 150  
 151  
 152  
 153  
 154  
 155  
 156  
 157  
 158  
 159  
 160  
 161  
 162  
 163  
 164  
 165  
 166  
 167  
 168  
 169  
 170  
 171  
 172  
 173  
 174  
 175  
 176  
 177  
 178  
 179  
 180  
 181  
 182  
 183  
 184  
 185  
 186  
 187  
 188  
 189  
 190  
 191  
 192  
 193  
 194  
 195  
 196  
 197  
 198  
 199  
 200  
 201  
 202  
 203  
 204  
 205  
 206  
 207  
 208  
 209  
 210  
 211  
 212  
 213  
 214  
 215  
 216  
 217  
 218  
 219  
 220  
 221  
 222  
 223  
 224  
 225  
 226  
 227  
 228  
 229  
 230  
 231  
 232  
 233  
 234  
 235  
 236  
 237  
 238  
 239  
 240  
 241  
 242  
 243  
 244  
 245  
 246  
 247  
 248  
 249  
 250  
 251  
 252  
 253  
 254  
 255  
 256  
 257  
 258  
 259  
 260  
 261  
 262  
 263  
 264  
 265  
 266  
 267  
 268  
 269  
 270  
 271  
 272  
 273  
 274  
 275  
 276  
 277  
 278  
 279  
 280  
 281  
 282  
 283  
 284  
 285  
 286  
 287  
 288  
 289  
 290  
 291  
 292  
 293  
 294  
 295  
 296  
 297  
 298  
 299  
 300  
 301  
 302  
 303  
 304  
 305  
 306  
 307  
 308  
 309  
 310  
 311  
 312  
 313  
 314  
 315  
 316  
 317  
 318  
 319  
 320  
 321  
 322  
 323  
 324  
 325  
 326  
 327  
 328  
 329  
 330  
 331  
 332  
 333  
 334  
 335  
 336  
 337  
 338  
 339  
 340  
 341  
 342  
 343  
 344  
 345  
 346  
 347  
 348  
 349  
 350  
 351  
 352  
 353  
 354  
 355  
 356  
 357  
 358  
 359  
 360  
 361  
 362  
 363  
 364  
 365  
 366  
 367  
 368  
 369  
 370  
 371  
 372  
 373  
 374  
 375  
 376  
 377  
 378  
 379  
 380  
 381  
 382  
 383  
 384  
 385  
 386  
 387  
 388  
 389  
 390  
 391  
 392  
 393  
 394  
 395  
 396  
 397  
 398  
 399  
 400  
 401  
 402  
 403  
 404  
 405  
 406  
 407  
 408  
 409  
 410  
 411  
 412  
 413  
 414  
 415  
 416  
 417  
 418  
 419  
 420  
 421  
 422  
 423  
 424  
 425  
 426  
 427  
 428  
 429  
 430  
 431  
 432  
 433  
 434  
 435  
 436  
 437  
 438  
 439  
 440  
 441  
 442  
 443  
 444  
 445  
 446  
 447  
 448  
 449  
 450  
 451  
 452  
 453  
 454  
 455  
 456  
 457  
 458  
 459  
 460  
 461  
 462  
 463  
 464  
 465  
 466  
 467  
 468  
 469  
 470  
 471  
 472  
 473  
 474  
 475  
 476  
 477  
 478  
 479  
 480  
 481  
 482  
 483  
 484  
 485  
 486  
 487  
 488  
 489  
 490  
 491  
 492  
 493  
 494  
 495  
 496  
 497  
 498  
 499  
 500  
 501  
 502  
 503  
 504  
 505  
 506  
 507  
 508  
 509  
 510  
 511  
 512  
 513  
 514  
 515  
 516  
 517  
 518  
 519  
 520  
 521  
 522  
 523  
 524  
 525  
 526  
 527  
 528  
 529  
 530  
 531  
 532  
 533  
 534  
 535  
 536  
 537  
 538  
 539  
 540  
 541  
 542  
 543  
 544  
 545  
 546  
 547  
 548  
 549  
 550  
 551  
 552  
 553  
 554  
 555  
 556  
 557  
 558  
 559  
 560  
 561  
 562  
 563  
 564  
 565  
 566  
 567  
 568  
 569  
 570  
 571  
 572  
 573  
 574  
 575  
 576  
 577  
 578  
 579  
 580  
 581  
 582  
 583  
 584  
 585  
 586  
 587  
 588  
 589  
 590  
 591  
 592  
 593  
 594  
 595  
 596  
 597  
 598  
 599  
 600  
 601  
 602  
 603  
 604  
 605  
 606  
 607  
 608  
 609  
 610  
 611  
 612  
 613  
 614  
 615  
 616  
 617  
 618  
 619  
 620  
 621  
 622  
 623  
 624  
 625  
 626  
 627  
 628  
 629  
 630  
 631  
 632  
 633  
 634  
 635  
 636  
 637  
 638  
 639  
 640  
 641  
 642  
 643  
 644  
 645  
 646  
 647  
 648  
 649  
 650  
 651  
 652  
 653  
 654  
 655  
 656  
 657  
 658  
 659  
 660  
 661  
 662  
 663  
 664  
 665  
 666  
 667  
 668  
 669  
 670  
 671  
 672  
 673  
 674  
 675  
 676  
 677  
 678  
 679  
 680  
 681  
 682  
 683  
 684  
 685  
 686  
 687  
 688  
 689  
 690  
 691  
 692  
 693  
 694  
 695  
 696  
 697  
 698  
 699  
 700  
 701  
 702  
 703  
 704  
 705  
 706  
 707  
 708  
 709  
 710  
 711  
 712  
 713  
 714  
 715  
 716  
 717  
 718  
 719  
 720  
 721  
 722  
 723  
 724  
 725  
 726  
 727  
 728  
 729  
 730  
 731  
 732  
 733  
 734  
 735  
 736  
 737  
 738  
 739  
 740  
 741  
 742  
 743  
 744  
 745  
 746  
 747  
 748  
 749  
 750  
 751  
 752  
 753  
 754  
 755  
 756  
 757  
 758  
 759  
 760  
 761  
 762  
 763  
 764  
 765  
 766  
 767  
 768  
 769  
 770  
 771  
 772  
 773  
 774  
 775  
 776  
 777  
 778  
 779  
 780  
 781  
 782  
 783  
 784  
 785  
 786  
 787  
 788  
 789  
 790  
 791  
 792  
 793  
 794  
 795  
 796  
 797  
 798  
 799  
 800  
 801  
 802  
 803  
 804  
 805  
 806  
 807  
 808  
 809  
 810  
 811  
 812  
 813  
 814  
 815  
 816  
 817  
 818  
 819  
 820  
 821  
 822  
 823  
 824  
 825  
 826  
 827  
 828  
 829  
 830  
 831  
 832  
 833  
 834  
 835  
 836  
 837  
 838  
 839  
 840  
 841  
 842  
 843  
 844  
 845  
 846  
 847  
 848  
 849  
 850  
 851  
 852  
 853  
 854  
 855  
 856  
 857  
 858  
 859  
 860  
 861  
 862  
 863  
 864  
 865  
 866  
 867  
 868  
 869  
 870  
 871  
 872  
 873  
 874  
 875  
 876  
 877  
 878  
 879  
 880  
 881  
 882  
 883  
 884  
 885  
 886  
 887  
 888  
 889  
 890  
 891  
 892  
 893  
 894  
 895  
 896  
 897  
 898  
 899  
 900  
 901  
 902  
 903  
 904  
 905  
 906  
 907  
 908  
 909  
 910  
 911  
 912  
 913  
 914  
 915  
 916  
 917  
 918  
 919  
 920  
 921  
 922  
 923  
 924  
 925  
 926  
 927  
 928  
 929  
 930  
 931  
 932  
 933  
 934  
 935  
 936  
 937  
 938  
 939  
 940  
 941  
 942  
 943  
 944  
 945  
 946  
 947  
 948  
 949  
 950  
 951  
 952  
 953  
 954  
 955  
 956  
 957  
 958  
 959  
 960  
 961  
 962  
 963  
 964  
 965  
 966  
 967  
 968  
 969  
 970  
 971  
 972  
 973  
 974  
 975  
 976  
 977  
 978  
 979  
 980  
 981  
 982  
 983  
 984  
 985  
 986  
 987  
 988  
 989  
 990  
 991  
 992  
 993  
 994  
 995  
 996  
 997  
 998  
 999  
 1000  
 1001  
 1002  
 1003  
 1004  
 1005  
 1006  
 1007  
 1008  
 1009  
 1010  
 1011  
 1012  
 1013  
 1014  
 1015  
 1016  
 1017  
 1018  
 1019  
 1020  
 1021  
 1022  
 1023  
 1024  
 1025  
 1026  
 1027  
 1028  
 1029  
 1030  
 1031  
 1032  
 1033  
 1034  
 1035  
 1036  
 1037  
 1038  
 1039  
 1040  
 1041  
 1042  
 1043  
 1044  
 1045  
 1046  
 1047  
 1048  
 1049  
 1050  
 1051  
 1052  
 1053  
 1054  
 1055  
 1056  
 1057  
 1058  
 1059  
 1060  
 1061  
 1062  
 1063  
 1064  
 1065  
 1066  
 1067  
 1068  
 1069  
 1070  
 1071  
 1072  
 1073  
 1074  
 1075  
 1076  
 1077  
 1078  
 1079  
 1080  
 1081  
 1082  
 1083  
 1084  
 1085  
 1086  
 1087  
 1088  
 1089  
 1090  
 1091  
 1092  
 1093  
 1094  
 1095  
 1096  
 1097  
 1098  
 1099  
 1100  
 1101  
 1102  
 1103  
 1104  
 1105  
 1106  
 1107  
 1108  
 1109  
 1110  
 1111  
 1112  
 1113  
 1114  
 1115  
 1116  
 1117  
 1118  
 1119  
 1120  
 1121  
 1122  
 1123  
 1124  
 1125  
 1126  
 1127  
 1128  
 1129  
 1130  
 1131  
 1132  
 1133  
 1134  
 1135  
 1136  
 1137  
 1138  
 1139  
 1140  
 1141  
 1142  
 1143  
 1144  
 1145  
 1146  
 1147  
 1148  
 1149  
 1150  
 1151  
 1152  
 1153  
 1154  
 1155  
 1156  
 1157  
 1158  
 1159  
 1160  
 1161  
 1162  
 1163  
 1164  
 1165  
 1166  
 1167  
 1168  
 1169  
 1170  
 1171  
 1172  
 1173  
 1174  
 1175  
 1176  
 1177  
 1178  
 1179  
 1180  
 1181  
 1182  
 1183  
 1184  
 1185  
 1186  
 1187  
 1188  
 1189  
 1190  
 1191  
 1192  
 1193  
 1194  
 1195  
 1196  
 1197  
 1198  
 1199  
 1200  
 1201  
 1202  
 1203  
 1204  
 1205  
 1206  
 1207  
 1208  
 1209  
 1210  
 1211  
 1212  
 1213  
 1214  
 1215  
 1216  
 1217  
 1218  
 1219  
 1220  
 1221  
 1222  
 1223  
 1224  
 1225  
 1226  
 1227  
 1228  
 1229  
 1230  
 1231  
 1232  
 1233  
 1234  
 1235  
 1236  
 1237  
 1238  
 1239  
 1240  
 1241  
 1242  
 1243  
 1244  
 1245  
 1246  
 1247  
 1248  
 1249  
 1250  
 1251  
 1252  
 1253  
 1254  
 1255  
 1256  
 1257  
 1258  
 1259  
 1260  
 1261  
 1262  
 1263  
 1264  
 1265  
 1266  
 1267  
 1268  
 1269  
 1270  
 1271  
 1272  
 1273  
 1274  
 1275  
 1276  
 1277  
 1278  
 1279  
 1280  
 1281  
 1282  
 1283  
 1284  
 1285  
 1286  
 1287  
 1288  
 1289  
 1290  
 1291  
 1292  
 1293  
 1294  
 1295  
 1296  
 1297  
 1298  
 1299  
 1300  
 1301  
 1302  
 1303  
 1304  
 1305  
 1306  
 1307  
 1308  
 1309  
 1310  
 1311  
 1312  
 1313  
 1314  
 1315  
 1316  
 1317  
 1318  
 1319  
 1320  
 1321  
 1322  
 1323  
 1324  
 1325  
 1326  
 1327  
 1328  
 1329  
 1330  
 1331  
 1332  
 1333  
 1334  
 1335  
 1336  
 1337  
 1338  
 1339  
 1340  
 1341  
 1342  
 1343  
 1344  
 1345  
 1346  
 1347  
 1348  
 1349  
 1350  
 1351  
 1352  
 1353  
 1354  
 1355  
 1356  
 1357  
 1358  
 1359  
 1360  
 1361  
 1362  
 1363  
 1364  
 1365  
 1366  
 1367  
 1368  
 1369  
 1370  
 1371  
 1372  
 1373  
 1374  
 1375  
 1376  
 1377  
 1378  
 1379  
 1380  
 1381  
 1382  
 1383  
 1384  
 1385  
 1386  
 1387  
 1388  
 1389  
 1390  
 1391  
 1392  
 1393  
 1394  
 1395  
 1396  
 1397  
 1398  
 1399  
 1400  
 1401  
 1402  
 1403  
 1404  
 1405  
 1406  
 1407  
 1408  
 1409  
 1410  
 1411  
 1412  
 1413  
 1414  
 1415  
 1416  
 1417  
 1418  
 1419  
 1420  
 1421  
 1422  
 1423  
 1424  
 1425  
 1426  
 1427  
 1428  
 1429  
 1430  
 1431  
 1432  
 1433  
 1434  
 1435  
 1436  
 1437  
 1438  
 1439  
 1440  
 1441  
 1442  
 1443  
 1444  
 1445  
 1446  
 1447  
 1448  
 1449  
 1450  
 1451  
 1452  
 1453  
 1454  
 1455  
 1456  
 1457  
 1458  
 1459  
 1460  
 1461  
 1462  
 1463  
 1464  
 1465  
 1466  
 1467  
 1468  
 1469  
 1470  
 1471  
 1472  
 1473  
 1474  
 1475  
 1476  
 1477  
 1478  
 1479  
 1480  
 1481  
 1482  
 1483  
 1484  
 1485  
 1486  
 1487  
 1488  
 1489  
 1490  
 1491

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 19:  
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
   (A) LENGTH: 1947 base pairs  
   (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
   (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  
 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: genomic DNA  
 (ix) FEATURE:  
   (A) NAME/KEY: MAGE-7 gene  
 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 19:

TGAATGGACA	ACAAAGGGCCC	CACACTCCCC	AGAACACAAG	GGACTCCAGA	50
GAGCCCAGCC	TCACCTTCCC	TACTGTCACT	CCTGCAGCCT	CAGCCTCTGC	100
TGGCCGGCTG	TACCCTGAGG	TGCCCTCTCA	CTTCCTCCTT	CAGGTTCTCA	150
CGCGACAGGC	CGGCCAGGAG	GTCAAGAGCC	CCAGGAGGCC	CCAGAGGAGC	200
ACCGAAGGAG	AAGATCTGTA	AGTAGGCCTT	TGTTAGGGCC	TCCAGGGCGT	250
GGTTTCAAAA	TGAGGGCCCT	CACAAGCTCC	TTCTCTCCCC	AGATCTGTGG	300
GTTCCTCCCC	ATCGCCCCAG	TGCTGCCCGC	ACTCCAGCCT	GCTGCCCTGA	350
CCAGAGTCAT	CATGTCCTCT	GAGCAGAGGA	GTCAAGACTG	CAAGCCTGAG	400
GATGCTCTGA	GGCCCCAAGA	CAGGAGGCTC	TGGGCTCTGT	GGGTGCGCAG	450
GCTCCCGCCA	CCGAGGAGCA	CAGAGGCTGC	TCCTCCTTCA	CTCTGATTGA	500
AGGCACCCCT	GAGGAGGTGC	CTGCTGCTGG	GTCCCCCAGT	CCTCCCTTGA	550
GTCTCAGGGT	TCCTCCTTTT	CCCTGACCAT	CAGCAACAAC	ACTCTATGGA	600
GCCCAATCCAG	TSAGGGCAC	AGCAGCCGGG	AAGAGGAGGG	GCCCAACCACC	650
TAGACACACC	CCGCTCACCT	GGCGTCCCTG	TTCCA		685
ATG GGA AGG	TGG CTG AGT	TGG TTC GCT	TCC TGC	TGC ACA AGT	727
ATC GAG TCA	AGG AGC TGG	TCA CAA AGG	CAG AAA	TGC TGG ACA	769
GTG TCA TCA	AAA ATT ACA	AGC ACT AGT	TTC CTT	GTG ATT TAT	811
GGC AAA GCC	TCA GAG TGC	ATG CAG	GTG ATG	TTT GGC ATT GAC	853
ATG AAG GAA	GTG GAC CCC	CGG GCC ACT	CCT ACG	TCC TTG TCA	895
CCT GCT TGG	GCC TCT CCT	ACA ATG	GCC TGC	TGG GTG ATG ATC	937
AGA GCA TGC	CCG AGA CCG	GCC TTC TGA			964
TTATGGTCTT	GACCATGATC	TTAATGGAGG	GCCACTGTGC	CCCTGAGGAG	1014
GCAATCTGGG	AAGCGTTGAG	TGTAATGGTG	TATGATGGGA	TGGAGCAGTT	1064
TCCTTGGGCA	GCTGAGGAAG	CTGCTCACCC	AAGATTGGGT	GCAGGAAAAC	1114
TACCTGCAAT	ACCGCCAGGT	GCCCAGCAGT	GATCCCCCGT	GCTACCAAGT	1164
CCTGTGGGGT	CCAAGGGCCC	TCATTGAAAC	CAGCTATGTG	AAAGTCTCTG	1214
AGTATGCAGC	CAGGGTCAGT	ACTAAGAGA	GCATTCTCTA	CCCATCCCTG	1264
CATGAAGAGG	CTTTGGGAGA	GGAGGAAGAG	GGAGCTGAG	CAGAAGTTGC	1314
AGCCAGGGCG	AGTGGGGCAG	ATTGGGGGAG	GGCCTGGGCA	GTGCACGTTT	1364
CACACATCCA	CCACCTTCCC	TGTCCTGTTA	CATGAGGCC	ATTCTTCACT	1414
GTGTGTTTGA	AGAGAGCAGT	CAATGTTCTC	AGTAGCGGGG	AGTGTGTTGG	1464
GTGTGAGGGA	ATACAGGGTG	GACCATCTCT	CAGTTCTCTG	TCTCTTGGGC	1514
GATTGTGGAG	TTTATCTTTG	TTTCCTTTTG	CAGTCGTTCA	AATGTTCCCT	1564
TTAATGGATG	GTGTAATGAA	CTTCAACATT	CATTTTCATG	ATGACAGTAG	1614
GCAGACTTAC	TGTTTTTAT	ATAGTTAAAA	GTAAGTGATC	TGTTTTTAT	1664
TTATGTAAAG	AAATCTATGT	TATTTCTTGA	ATTGGGACAA	CATAACATAG	1714
CAGAGGATTA	AGTACCTTTT	ATAATGTGAA	AGAACAAGC	GGTAAATAGG	1764
GTGATATAAA	GAATAAAGA	AATTAATTG	GCTGGGCACG	GTGGCTACCG	1814
CCTGTAATCC	CAGCACTTTA	GGAGGCAGAG	GCACGGGGAT	CACGAGGTCA	1864
GGAGATCGAG	ACCATTCTGT	CTAACACAGT	GAACACCAT	CTCTATTAAA	1914
AATACAAAAC	TTAGCCGGGC	GTGGTGGCGG	GTG		1947

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 20:  
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
     (A) LENGTH: 1810 base pairs  
     (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
     (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  
 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: genomic DNA  
 (ix) FEATURE:  
     (A) NAME/KEY: MAGE-8 gene  
 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 20:

```

GAGCTCCAGG AACCAGGCTG TGAGGTCTTG GTCTGAGGCA GTATCTTCAA      50
TCACAGAGCA TAAGAGGCCC AGGCGAGTAG AGCAGTCAAG CTGAGGTTGGT      100
GTTTCCCCCG TATGTATACC AGAGGCCCGCT CTGGCATTAC AACAGCAGGA      150
ACCCACAGT  TCTTGAGCCT ACCAGCCCTT TTGTCACTCC TGGAGCCTTG      200
GCCTTTGCCA GGAAGCTGCA CCTGTAGATG CCCTCTCAAT TTCTCTCTTA      250
GGTTCCGACA GAACAGGCCA GCCAGGAGGT CAGGAGGCCC CAGAGAAGCA      300
CTCAAGAAGA CCTGTAAATA GACCTTTGTT AGGGCATCCA GGGTGTAGTA      350
CCGAGCTGAG GCCTCTACA CGCTTCCTCT CTCCCCAGGC CTGTGGGTCT      400
CAATTGCCCA GCTCCGCCCC ACCTCTCTCT GCTGCCCTGA CCTGAGTCAT      450
C
ATG CTT CTT GGG CAG AAG AGT CAG CGC TAC AAG GCT GAG GAA      493
GGC CTT CAG GCC CAA GGA GAG GCA CCA GGG CTT ATG GAT GTG      535
CAG ATT CCC ACA GCT GAG GAG CAG AAG GCT GCA TCC TCC TCC      577
TCT ACT CTG ATC ATG GGA ACC CTT GAG GAG GTG ACT GAT TCT      619
GGG TCA CCA AGT CCT CCC CAG AGT CCT GAG GGT GCC TCC TCT      661
TCC CTG ACT GTG ACC GAC AGC ACT CTG TGG AGC CAA TCC GAT      703
GAG GGT TCC AGC AGC AAT GAA GAG GAG GGG CCA AGC ACC TCC      745
CCG GAC CCA GCT CAC CTG GAG TCC CTG TTC CGG GAA CCA CTT      787
GAT GAG AAA GTG GCT GAG TTA GTT CGT TTC CTG CTC CGC AAA      829
TAT CAA ATT AAG GAG CCG GTC ACA AAG GCA GAA ATG CTT GAG      871
AGT GTC ATT AAA AAT TAC AAG AAC CAC TTT CCT GAT ATC TTC      913
AGC AAA GCC TCT GAG TGC ATG CAG GTG ATC TTT GGC ATT GAT      955
GTG AAG GAA GTG GAC CCT GCC GGC CAC TCC TAC ATC CTT GTC      997
ACC TGC CTG GGC CTC TCC TAT GAT GGC CTG CTG GGT GAT GAT      1039
CAG AGT ACG CCC AAG ACC GGC CTC CTG ATA ATC GTC CTG GGC      1081
ATG ATC TTA ATG GAG GGC AGC CGC GCC CCG GAG GAG GCA ATC      1123
TGG GAA GCA TTG AGT GTG ATG GGG GCT GTA TGA      1156
TGGGAGGGAG CACAGTGTCT ATTGGAAGCT CAGGAAGCTG CTCACCCAAG      1206
AGTGGGTGCA GGAGAATAC CTGGAATACC GCCAGGCGCC CGGCAGTGAT      1256
CCTGTGCGCT ACGAGTTTCT GTGGGGTCCA AGGGCCCTTG CTGAAACCAG      1306
CTATGTGAAA GTCTCTGGAG ATGTGGTCAG GGTCAATGCA AGAGTTTCGA      1356
TTTCTACCC ATCCCTGCAT GAAGAGGCTT TGGGAGAGGA GAAAGGAGTT      1406
TGAGCAGGAG TTGCAGCTAG GGCCAGTGGG GCAGSTTGTG SGAGGGGCTG      1456
GGCCAGTGCA CGTTCCAGGG CACATCCAC CACTTTCCCT GCTCTGTTC      1506
ATGAGGCCCA TTCTCACTC TGTGTTTGAA GAGCAGAGTC ACAGTTTCA      1556
GTAGTGGGGA GCATGTTGGG TGTGAGGGAA CACATGTGG ACCATCTCTC      1606
AGTTCCTGTT CTATTGGGCG ATTTGAGGTT TTATCTTTGT TTCCTTTTGG      1656
AATTGTTCCA ATGTTCTTTC TAATGAGTGG TGTAAATGAAC TTCAACATTC      1706
TTTATTATGA TGACAGTGA CAGACTTACT GCTTTTATATA TAGTTTATGA      1756
GTAAGAGTCT TGCTTTTTCAT TTACTATGGG AAACCCATGT TATTTCCTGA      1806
ATTC

```

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 21:  
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
   (A) LENGTH: 1412 base pairs  
   (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
   (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  
 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: genomic DNA  
 (ix) FEATURE:  
   (A) NAME/KEY: MAGE-9 gene  
 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 21:

TCTGAGACAG	TGTCCTCAGG	TCGCAGAGCA	GAGGAGACCC	AGGCAGTGTG	50
AGCAGTGAAG	GTGAAGTGTT	CACCCGTGAAT	GTGCACCAAG	GGCCCCACCT	100
GCCCCAGCAC	ACATGGGACC	CCATAGCACC	TGGCCCCATT	CCCCCTACTG	150
TCACTCATAG	AGCCTTGATC	TCTCGAGGCT	AGCTGCACGC	TGAGTAGCCC	200
TCTCACTTCC	TCCTCAGGT	TCTCGGGACA	GGCTAACCCAG	GAGGACAGGA	250
GCCCCAAGAG	GCCCCAGAGC	AGCACTGACG	AAGACCTGTA	AGTCAGCCTT	300
TGTTAGAACC	TCCAAGGTTC	GGTTCTCAGC	TGAAGTCTCT	CACACACTCC	350
CTCTCTCCCC	AGGCCTGTGG	GTCTCCATCG	CCCAGCTCCT	CCCCACGCTC	400
CTGACTGCTG	CCCTGACCAG	AGTCATC			427
ATG TCT CTC	GAG CAG AGG AGT CCG	CAC TGC AAG CCT GAT GAA			469
GAC CTT GAA	GCC CAA GGA GAG GAC	TTG GGC CTG ATG GGT GCA			511
CAG GAA CCC	ACA GGC GAG GAG GAG	GAG ACT ACC TCC TCC TCT			553
GAG AGC AAG	GAG GAG GAG GTG TCT	GCT GCT GGG TCA TCA AGT			595
CCT CCC CAG	AGT CCT CAG GGA GGC	GCT TCC TCC TCC ATT TCC			637
GTC TAC TAC	ACT TTA TGG AGC CAA	TTC GAT GAG GGC TCC AGC			679
AGT CAA GAA	GAG GAA GAG CCA	AGC TCC TCG GTC GAC CCA GCT			721
CAG CTG GAG	TTC ATG TTC CAA GAA	GCA CTG AAA TTG AAG GTG			763
GCT GAG TTG	GTT CAT TTC CTG CTC	CAC AAA TAT CGA GTC AAG			805
GAG CCG GTC	ACA AAG GCA GAA	ATG CTG GAG AGC GTC ATC AAA			847
AAT TAC AAG	CGC TAC TTT CCT	GTG ATC TTC GGC AAA GCC TCC			889
GAG TTC ATG	CAG GTG ATC TTT	GGC ACT GAT GTG AAG GAG GTG			931
GAC CCC GCC	GGC CAC TCC TAC	ATC CTT GTC ACT GCT CTT GGC			973
CTC TCG TGC	GAT AGC ATG CTG	GGT GAT GGT CAT AGC ATG CCC			1015
AAG GCC GCC	CTC CTG ATC ATT	GTC CTG GGT GTG ATC CTA ACC			1057
AAA GAC AAC	TGC GCC CCT GAA	GAG GTT ATC TGG GAA GCG TTG			1099
AGT GTG ATG	GGG GTG TAT GTT	GGG AAG GAG CAC ATG TTC TAC			1141
GGG GAG CCC	AGG AAG CTG CTC	ACC CAA GAT TGG GTG CAG GAA			1183
AAC TAC CTG	GAG TAC CGG CAG	GTG CCC GGC AGT GAT CTT GCG			1225
CAC TAC GAG	TTC CTG TGG GGT	TCC AAG GCC CAC GCT GAA ACC			1267
AGC TAT GAG	AAG GTC ATA AAT	TAT TTG GTC ATG CTC AAT GCA			1309
AGA GAG CCC	ATC TGC TAC CCA	TCC CTT TAT GAA GAG GTT TTG			1351
GGA GAG GAG	CAA GAG GGA GTC	TGA			1375
GCACCAGCCG	CAGCCGGGGC	CAAAGTTTGT	GGGGTCA		1412



- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 22:  
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
     (A) LENGTH: 920 base pairs  
     (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
     (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  
 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: genomic DNA  
 (ix) FEATURE:  
     (A) NAME/KEY: MAGE-10 gene  
 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 22:

ACCTGCTCCA	GGACAAAGTG	GACCCCACTG	CATCAGCTCC	ACCTACCCCTA	50
CTGTGCTGCC	TGGAGCCTTG	GCCTCTGCCG	GCTGCATCCT	GAGGAGCCAT	100
CTCTCACTTC	CTTCTTCAGG	TTCTCAGGGG	ACAGGGAGAG	CAAGAGGTCA	150
AGAGCTGTGG	GACACACAG	AGCAGCACTG	AAGGAGAAGA	CCTGTAAATT	200
GSCCTTTGTT	AGAACCTCCA	GGGTGTGTT	CTCAGCTGTG	GCCACTTACA	250
CCCTCCCTCT	CTCCCCAGGC	CTGTGGGTCC	CCATCGCCCA	AGTCTGTCCC	300
ACACTCCCA	CTGCTACCCT	GATCAGATC	ATC		333
ATG CCT CGA	GCT CCA AAG	CGT CAG CGC	TGC ATG CCT	GAA GAA	375
GAT CTT CAA	TCC CAA AGT	GAG ACA CAG	GGC CTC GAG	GGT GCA	417
CAG GCT CCC	CTG GCT GTG	GAG GAG GAT	GCT TCA TCA	TCC ACT	459
TCC ACC AGC	TCC TCT TTT	CCA TCC TCT	TTT CCC TCC	TCC TCC	501
TCT TCC TCC	TCC TCC TGC	TAT CCT CTA	ATA CCA AGC	ACC	543
CCA GAG GAG	GTT TCT GCT	GAT GAT GAG	ACA CCA AAT	CCT CCC	585
CAG AGT GCT	CAG ATA GCC	TGC TCC TCC	CCC TCG GTC	GTT GCT	627
TCC CTT CCA	TTA GAT CAA	TCT GAT GAG	GGC TCC AGC	AGC CAA	669
AAG GAG GAG	AGT CCA AGC	ACC CTA CAG	GTC CTG CCA	GAC AGT	711
GAG TCT TTA	CCC AGA AGT	GAG ATA GAT	GAA AAG GTG	ACT GAT	753
TTG GTG CAG	TTT CTG CTC	TTC AAG TAT	CAA ATG AAG	GAG CCG	795
ATC ACA AAG	GCA GAA ATA	CTG GAG AGT	GTC ATA AAA	AAT TAT	837
GAA GAC CAC	TTC CCT TTG	TTG TTT AGT	GAA GCC TCC	GAG TGC	879
ATG CTG CTG	GTC TTT GGC	ATT GAT GTA	AAG GAA GTG	GAT CC	920

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 23:  
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
     (A) LENGTH: 1107 base pairs  
     (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
     (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  
 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: genomic DNA  
 (ix) FEATURE:  
     (A) NAME/KEY: MAGE-11 gene  
 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 23:

```

AGAGAACAGG CCAACCTGGA GGACAGGAGT CCCAGAGAGAA CCCAGAGGAT      50
CACITGGAGGA GAACAAGTGT AAGTAGGCCCT TTGTTAGATT TTCCTAGGTT      100
CATATCTCAT CTGAGTCTGT TCTACAGCTC CCTCTCTCCC CAGGCTGTGG      150
GGCCCCATCA CCCAGATATT TCCCACAGTT CGGCTCTGCTG ACCTAACCAAG      200
AGTCATCATG CCTCTTGAGC AAAGAAGTCA GCACTGCAAG CCTGAGGAAG      250
CCTTCAGGCC CAAGAAGAAG ACCTGGGCGCT GGTGGGTGCA CAGGCTCTCC      300
AAGCTGAGGA GCAGGAGGCT GCCTTCTTCT CCTCTACTCT GAATGTGGGC      400
ACTCTAGAGG AGTTGCTGTC TGCTGAGTCA CCAAGTCCTC CCCAGAGTCC      450
TCAGGAAGAG TCCTTCTCTC CCACTGCCAT GGATGCCATC TTTGGGAGCC      500
TATCTGATGA GGGCTCTGGC AGCCAAAGAA AGGAGGGGCC AAGTACCTCG      550
CCTGACCTGA TAGACCTTGA GTCTTTTCC CAAGATATAC TACATGACAA      600
GATAATTGAT TTGGTTTATT TATTCTCCGC AAGTATCGAG TCAAGGGGCT      616
GATCACAAAG GCAGAA
ATG CTG GGG AGT GTC ATC AAA AAT TAT GAG GAC TAC TTT CCT      658
GAG ATA TTT AGG GAA GCC TCT GTA TGC ATG CAA CTG CTC TTT      700
GGC ATT GAT GTG AAG GAA GTG GAC CCC ACT AGC CAC TCC TAT      742
GTC CTT GTC ACC TCC CTC AAC CTC TCT TAT GAT GGC ATA CAG      784
TGT AAT GAG CAG AGC ATG CCC AAG TCT GGC CTC CTG ATA ATA      826
GTC CTG GGT GTA ATC TTC ATG GAG GGG AAC TGC ATC CCT GAA      868
GAG GTT ATG TGG GAA GTC CTG AGC ATT ATG GGG GTG TAT GCT      910
GGA AGG GAG CAC TTC CTC TTT GGG GAG CCC AAG AGG CTC CTT      952
ACC CAA AAT TGG GTG CAG GAA AAG TAC CTG GTG TAC CGG CAG      994
GTG CCC GGC ACT GAT CCT GCA TGC TAT GAG TTC CTG TGG GGT      1036
CCA AGG GCC CAC GCT GAG ACC AGC AAG ATG AAA GTT CTT GAG      1078
TAC ATA GCC AAT GCC AAT GGG AGG GAT CC                               1107

```

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 24:  
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
   (A) LENGTH: 2150 base pairs  
   (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
   (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  
 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: genomic DNA  
 (ix) FEATURE:  
   (A) NAME/KEY: smage-I  
 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 24:

```

TCTGTCTGCA  TATGCTCTCA  CTGTGTGTGA  GCAGTCTCAA  ATGGATCTCT      50
CTCTACAGAC  CTCTGICTGT  GTCTGGCACC  CTAAGTGGCT  TTGCATGGGC      100
ACAGGTTTCT  GCCCCTGCAT  GGAGCTTAAA  TAGATCTTTC  TCCACAGGCC      150
TATACCCCTG  CATTGTAACT  TTAAGTGGCT  TTATCTGGAT  ACAGGCTCTCT      200
GCCCTGTAT  GCAGGCTTAT  GTTTTCTGT  CTGCTTAACC  CTTCCAAAGTG      250
AAGCTAGTGA  AAGATCTTAC  CCACITTTGG  AAGCTCTAAA  CTACAGCTTT      300
ATGCAGTGGC  CTAACAGTGT  TTAATTTCTT  CCACAGGGTT  TGCAGAAAAG      350
AGCTTGATCC  ACGAGTTTCA  AAGTCTCTGT  ATGTTCTTAG  AAAG              394
ATG TTC TCC TGG AAA GCT TCA AAA GCC AGG TCT CCA TTA AGT
CCA AGG TAT TCT CTA CCT GGT AGT ACA GAG GTA CTT ACA GGT
TGT CAT TCT TAT CCT TCC AGA TTC CTG TCT GCC AGC TCT TTT
ACT TCA GCC CTG AGC ACA GTC AAC ATG CCT AGG GGT CAA AAG
AGT AAG ACC CGC TCC CGT GCA AAA CGA CAG CAG TCA CGC AAG
GAG GTT CCA GTA GTT CAG CCC ACT GCA GAG GAA GCA GGT TCT
TCT CCT GTT GAC CAG AGT GCT GGG TCC AGC TTC CCT GGT GGT
TCT GCT CCT GAG GGT GTG AAA ACC CCT GGA TCT TTT GGT GCA
GGT GTA TCC TGC ACA GGC TCT GGT ATA GGT GGT AGA AAT GCT
GCT GTC CTG CCT GAT ACA AAA AGT TCA GAT GGC ACC CAG GCA
GGG ACT TCC ATT CAG CAC ACA CTG AAA GAT CCT ATC ATG AGG
AAG GCT AGT GTG CTG ATA GAA TTC CTG CTA GAT AAA TTT AAG
ATG AAA GAA GCA GTT ACA AGG AGT GAA ATG CTG GCA GTA GTT
AAC AAG AAG TAT AAG GAG CAA TTC CCT GAG ATC CTC AGG AGA
ACT TCT GCA CGC CTA GAA TTA GTC TTT GGT CTT GAG TTG AAG
GAA ATT GAT CCC AGC ACT CAT TCC TAT TTG CTG GTA GGC AAA
CTG GGT CTT TCC ACT GAG GGA AGT TTG AGT AGT AAC TGG GGT
TTG CCT AGG ACA GGT CTC CTA ATG TCT GTC CTA GGT GTG ATC
TTC ATG AAG GGT AAC CGT GCC ACT GAG CAA GAG GTC TGG CAA
TTT CTG CAT GGA GTG GGG GTA TAT GCT GGG AAG AAG CAC TTG
ATC TTT GGC GAG CTT GAG GAG TTT ATA AGA GAT GTA GTG CCG
GAA AAT TAC CTG GAG TAC CGC CAG GTA CCT GGC AGT GAT CCC
CCA AGC TAT GAG TTC CTG TGG GGA CCC AGA GCC CAT GCT GAA
ACA ACC AAG ATG AAA GTC CTG GAA GTT TTA GCT AAA GTC AAT
GGC ACA GTC CCT AGT GCC TTC CCT AAT CTC TAC CAG TTG GGT
CTT AGA GAT CAG GCA GGA GGG GTG CCA AGA AAG AGA GTT CAA
GGC AAG GGT GTT CAT TCC AAG GCC CCA TCC CAA AAG TCC TCT
AAC AGT TAG
TTAGTCTCTG  TCTGTGTGTG  TTGAAAAACA  GTACGGCTCC  TAATCAGTAG      1537
AGAGTTCAFA  GCTTACCAGA  ACCAACATGC  ATCCATCTTT  GGCCTGTAT      1537
ACATTAGTAG  AATGGAGGCT  ATTTTGTGTA  CTTTTCAAAT  GTTTGTTTAA      1587
CTAAACAGTG  CTTTTTGCCA  TGCTTCTTGT  TAACTCGATA  AAGAGGTAAC      1737
TGTCATTGT  CAGATTAGGA  CTGTGTTTGT  TATTTGCAAC  AAATCGGAAA      1787
ACATTATTTT  GTTTTTACTA  AAACATTGTG  TAACATTGCA  TTGGAGAAGG      1837
GATTGTCAAT  GCAATGTGAT  ATCATAAGT  GGTGAACAA  CAGTGAAGTG      1887
GGAAAGTTTA  TATTGTTAAT  TTTGAAAAAT  TTAGAGTGT  GATTGCTGTA      1937
TACTTTTTTC  TTTTTGTAT  AATGCTAAGT  GAAATAAAGT  TGGATTGTAT      1987
GACTTTACTC  AAATTCAITA  GAAAGTAAAT  CGTAAATCT  TATTACTTTA      2037
TTATTTTCTT  CAATTATGAA  TTAAGCATTG  GTTATCTGGA  AGTTTCTCCA      2087
GTAGCACAGG  ATCTAGTATG  AAATGTATCT  AGTATAGGCA  CTGACAGTGA      2137
GTTATCAGAG  TCT

```

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 25:  
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
   (A) LENGTH: 2099 base pairs  
   (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
   (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  
 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: genomic DNA  
 (ix) FEATURE:  
   (A) NAME/KEY: smage-II  
 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 25:

ACCTTATTGG	GTCTGCTGTC	ATATGCCTCC	ACTTGTGTGT	AGCAGTCTCA	50
AATGATCTC	TCTCTACAGA	CCTCTGCTCT	TGCTCGGCAC	CCTAAGTGGC	100
TTTGCATGG	CACAGGTTTC	TGCCCTCGCA	TGGAGCTTAA	ATAGATCTTT	150
CTCCACAGG	CTATACCCCT	GCATTGTAA	TTTAAGTGGC	TTTATGTGGA	200
TACAGGCTC	TGCCCTTGTA	TGCAGGCCTA	AGTTTCTCT	TCTGCTTAGC	250
CCCTCCAAG	GAAGCTAGTG	AAAGATCTAA	CCCACCTTTG	GAAGTCTGAA	300
ACTAGACTTT	TATGCAGTGG	CCTAACAAGT	TTTAAATTTCT	TCCACAGGGT	350
TTGCAGAAA	GAGCTTGATC	CACGAGTTCG	GAAGTCTCTG	TATGTTCCCTA	400
GAAAGATGTT	CTCCTGGAAA	GCTTCAAAAG	CCAGGTCTCC	ATTAAGTCCA	450
AGGTATTCTC	TACCTGGTAG	TACAGAGGTA	CTTACAGGTT	GTCATTCTTA	500
TCTTTCCAGA	TTCTCTGCTG	CCAGCTCTTT	TACTTCAGCC	CTGAGCACAG	550
TCAACATGCC	TAGGGGTCAA	AAGAGTAAGA	CCCGTCCCG	TGCAAAACGA	600
CAGGAGCTAC	GCAGGGAGGT	TCCAGTAGTT	CAGCCCACTG	CAGAGGAAGC	650
AGGGTCTTCT	CCTGTGACC	AGAGTCTGG	GTCCAGCTTC	CCTGGTGGTT	700
CTGCTCCTCA	GGGTGTGAAA	ACCCCTGGAT	CTTTTGGTGC	AGGTGTATCC	750
TGCACAGGCT	CTGGTATAGG	TGGTAGAAAT	GCTGCTGTCC	TGCCGTGATC	800
AAAAAGTTCA	GATGGCACCC	AGGCAGGGAC	TTCCATTTCAG	CACACACTGA	850
AAGATCTCTAT	CATGAGGAAG	GCTAGTGTGC	TGATAGAATT	CCTGCTAGAT	900
AAGTTTAAGA	TGAAAGAAGC	AGTTACAAGG	AGTGAAATGC	TGGCAGTAGT	950
TAAACAAGAAG	TATAAGGAGC	AATTCCTCGA	GATCCTCAGG	AGAACTTCTG	1000
CACGCCCTAGA	ATTAGTCTTT	GGTCTTGAGT	TGAAGGAAAT	TGATCCCAGC	1050
ACTCATTCCT	ATTGTCTGTT	AGGCAAACTG	GGTCTTTCCA	CTGAGGGGAA	1100
TTTGAGTAGT	AACGTGGGGT	TGCCTAGGAC	AGGTCTCCTA	ATGTCTGTCC	1150
TAGGTGTGAT	CTTCATGAAG	GGTAACCGTG	CCACTGAGCA	AGAGGTCTGG	1200
CAATTTCTGC	ATGGAGTGGG	GGTATATGCT	GGGAAGAAGC	ACTTGATCTT	1250
TGGCGAGCCT	GAGGAGTTTA	TAAGAGATGT	AGTGCGGGAA	AATTACCTGG	1300
AGTACCGCCA	GGTACCTGGC	AGTGATCCCC	CAAGCTATGA	GTTCCCTGTT	1350
GGACCCAGAG	CCCATGCTGA	AACAACCAAG	ATGAAAGTCC	TGGAAGTTTT	1400
AGCTAAAGTC	AATGGCACAG	TCCCTAGTGC	CTTCCCTAAT	CTCTACCAAT	1450
TGGCTCTTAG	AGATCAGGCA	GGAGGGGTGC	CAGAAGGAG	AGTTCAAGGC	1500
AAGGGTGTTC	ATTCAGAGCC	CCATCCCAA	AGCTCTCTTA	ACATGTAGTT	1550
GAGTCTGTTC	TGTTGTGTTT	GAAAACAGT	CAGGCTCCTA	CTCAGTAGAG	1600
ACTTCATAGC	CTACGAGAAC	CAACATGCA	CCATCTCTGG	CCTGTATATC	1650
ATTAGTAGAA	TGGAGGAGAT	TTTTGTGTA	TTTCAAAAGT	TGTGTTAACT	1700
AAACAGTGCT	TTTTGCCATG	CTTCTTGTTA	ACTGCATAAA	GAGGTAACGT	1750
TCACTTGTCA	GATTAGGACT	TGTTTTGTTA	TTTGCAACAA	ACTGGAAAC	1800
ATTATTTTGT	TTTTATCTAA	ACATTGTGTA	ACATTGCAAT	GGAGAAAGGA	1850
TGTGCATGGC	AATGTGATAT	CATACAGTGG	TGAAACAACA	GTGAAGTGGG	1900
AAAGTTTATA	TGTGTAGTTT	TGAAAATTTT	ATGAGTGTGA	TGCTGTGATA	1950
CTTTTCTTCT	TTTTGTATAA	TGCTAAGTGA	AATAAGTTG	GATTTGATGA	2000
CTTTACTCAA	ATTCATTAGA	AAGTAAATCA	TAAAACCTTA	TTACTTTATT	2050
ATTTTCTTCA	ATTATTAATT	AAGCAATTGGT	TATCTGGAAG	TTTCTCCAG	2099

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 26:  
(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
    (A) LENGTH: 9 amino acids  
    (B) TYPE: amino acids  
    (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  
(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein  
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 26:

Glu Ala Asp Pro Thr Gly His Ser Tyr  
5

1  
2  
3  
4  
5  
6  
7  
8  
9  
10  
11  
12  
13  
14  
15  
16  
17  
18  
19  
20  
21  
22  
23  
24  
25  
26  
27  
28  
29  
30  
31  
32  
33  
34  
35  
36  
37  
38  
39  
40  
41  
42  
43  
44  
45  
46  
47  
48  
49  
50  
51  
52  
53  
54  
55  
56  
57  
58  
59  
60  
61  
62  
63  
64  
65  
66  
67  
68  
69  
70  
71  
72  
73  
74  
75  
76  
77  
78  
79  
80  
81  
82  
83  
84  
85  
86  
87  
88  
89  
90  
91  
92  
93  
94  
95  
96  
97  
98  
99  
100  
101  
102  
103  
104  
105  
106  
107  
108  
109  
110  
111  
112  
113  
114  
115  
116  
117  
118  
119  
120  
121  
122  
123  
124  
125  
126  
127  
128  
129  
130  
131  
132  
133  
134  
135  
136  
137  
138  
139  
140  
141  
142  
143  
144  
145  
146  
147  
148  
149  
150  
151  
152  
153  
154  
155  
156  
157  
158  
159  
160  
161  
162  
163  
164  
165  
166  
167  
168  
169  
170  
171  
172  
173  
174  
175  
176  
177  
178  
179  
180  
181  
182  
183  
184  
185  
186  
187  
188  
189  
190  
191  
192  
193  
194  
195  
196  
197  
198  
199  
200  
201  
202  
203  
204  
205  
206  
207  
208  
209  
210  
211  
212  
213  
214  
215  
216  
217  
218  
219  
220  
221  
222  
223  
224  
225  
226  
227  
228  
229  
230  
231  
232  
233  
234  
235  
236  
237  
238  
239  
240  
241  
242  
243  
244  
245  
246  
247  
248  
249  
250  
251  
252  
253  
254  
255  
256  
257  
258  
259  
260  
261  
262  
263  
264  
265  
266  
267  
268  
269  
270  
271  
272  
273  
274  
275  
276  
277  
278  
279  
280  
281  
282  
283  
284  
285  
286  
287  
288  
289  
290  
291  
292  
293  
294  
295  
296  
297  
298  
299  
300  
301  
302  
303  
304  
305  
306  
307  
308  
309  
310  
311  
312  
313  
314  
315  
316  
317  
318  
319  
320  
321  
322  
323  
324  
325  
326  
327  
328  
329  
330  
331  
332  
333  
334  
335  
336  
337  
338  
339  
340  
341  
342  
343  
344  
345  
346  
347  
348  
349  
350  
351  
352  
353  
354  
355  
356  
357  
358  
359  
360  
361  
362  
363  
364  
365  
366  
367  
368  
369  
370  
371  
372  
373  
374  
375  
376  
377  
378  
379  
380  
381  
382  
383  
384  
385  
386  
387  
388  
389  
390  
391  
392  
393  
394  
395  
396  
397  
398  
399  
400  
401  
402  
403  
404  
405  
406  
407  
408  
409  
410  
411  
412  
413  
414  
415  
416  
417  
418  
419  
420  
421  
422  
423  
424  
425  
426  
427  
428  
429  
430  
431  
432  
433  
434  
435  
436  
437  
438  
439  
440  
441  
442  
443  
444  
445  
446  
447  
448  
449  
450  
451  
452  
453  
454  
455  
456  
457  
458  
459  
460  
461  
462  
463  
464  
465  
466  
467  
468  
469  
470  
471  
472  
473  
474  
475  
476  
477  
478  
479  
480  
481  
482  
483  
484  
485  
486  
487  
488  
489  
490  
491  
492  
493  
494  
495  
496  
497  
498  
499  
500  
501  
502  
503  
504  
505  
506  
507  
508  
509  
510  
511  
512  
513  
514  
515  
516  
517  
518  
519  
520  
521  
522  
523  
524  
525  
526  
527  
528  
529  
530  
531  
532  
533  
534  
535  
536  
537  
538  
539  
540  
541  
542  
543  
544  
545  
546  
547  
548  
549  
550  
551  
552  
553  
554  
555  
556  
557  
558  
559  
560  
561  
562  
563  
564  
565  
566  
567  
568  
569  
570  
571  
572  
573  
574  
575  
576  
577  
578  
579  
580  
581  
582  
583  
584  
585  
586  
587  
588  
589  
590  
591  
592  
593  
594  
595  
596  
597  
598  
599  
600  
601  
602  
603  
604  
605  
606  
607  
608  
609  
610  
611  
612  
613  
614  
615  
616  
617  
618  
619  
620  
621  
622  
623  
624  
625  
626  
627  
628  
629  
630  
631  
632  
633  
634  
635  
636  
637  
638  
639  
640  
641  
642  
643  
644  
645  
646  
647  
648  
649  
650  
651  
652  
653  
654  
655  
656  
657  
658  
659  
660  
661  
662  
663  
664  
665  
666  
667  
668  
669  
670  
671  
672  
673  
674  
675  
676  
677  
678  
679  
680  
681  
682  
683  
684  
685  
686  
687  
688  
689  
690  
691  
692  
693  
694  
695  
696  
697  
698  
699  
700  
701  
702  
703  
704  
705  
706  
707  
708  
709  
710  
711  
712  
713  
714  
715  
716  
717  
718  
719  
720  
721  
722  
723  
724  
725  
726  
727  
728  
729  
730  
731  
732  
733  
734  
735  
736  
737  
738  
739  
740  
741  
742  
743  
744  
745  
746  
747  
748  
749  
750  
751  
752  
753  
754  
755  
756  
757  
758  
759  
760  
761  
762  
763  
764  
765  
766  
767  
768  
769  
770  
771  
772  
773  
774  
775  
776  
777  
778  
779  
780  
781  
782  
783  
784  
785  
786  
787  
788  
789  
790  
791  
792  
793  
794  
795  
796  
797  
798  
799  
800  
801  
802  
803  
804  
805  
806  
807  
808  
809  
810  
811  
812  
813  
814  
815  
816  
817  
818  
819  
820  
821  
822  
823  
824  
825  
826  
827  
828  
829  
830  
831  
832  
833  
834  
835  
836  
837  
838  
839  
840  
841  
842  
843  
844  
845  
846  
847  
848  
849  
850  
851  
852  
853  
854  
855  
856  
857  
858  
859  
860  
861  
862  
863  
864  
865  
866  
867  
868  
869  
870  
871  
872  
873  
874  
875  
876  
877  
878  
879  
880  
881  
882  
883  
884  
885  
886  
887  
888  
889  
890  
891  
892  
893  
894  
895  
896  
897  
898  
899  
900  
901  
902  
903  
904  
905  
906  
907  
908  
909  
910  
911  
912  
913  
914  
915  
916  
917  
918  
919  
920  
921  
922  
923  
924  
925  
926  
927  
928  
929  
930  
931  
932  
933  
934  
935  
936  
937  
938  
939  
940  
941  
942  
943  
944  
945  
946  
947  
948  
949  
950  
951  
952  
953  
954  
955  
956  
957  
958  
959  
960  
961  
962  
963  
964  
965  
966  
967  
968  
969  
970  
971  
972  
973  
974  
975  
976  
977  
978  
979  
980  
981  
982  
983  
984  
985  
986  
987  
988  
989  
990  
991  
992  
993  
994  
995  
996  
997  
998  
999  
1000  
1001  
1002  
1003  
1004  
1005  
1006  
1007  
1008  
1009  
1010  
1011  
1012  
1013  
1014  
1015  
1016  
1017  
1018  
1019  
1020  
1021  
1022  
1023  
1024  
1025  
1026  
1027  
1028  
1029  
1030  
1031  
1032  
1033  
1034  
1035  
1036  
1037  
1038  
1039  
1040  
1041  
1042  
1043  
1044  
1045  
1046  
1047  
1048  
1049  
1050  
1051  
1052  
1053  
1054  
1055  
1056  
1057  
1058  
1059  
1060  
1061  
1062  
1063  
1064  
1065  
1066  
1067  
1068  
1069  
1070  
1071  
1072  
1073  
1074  
1075  
1076  
1077  
1078  
1079  
1080  
1081  
1082  
1083  
1084  
1085  
1086  
1087  
1088  
1089  
1090  
1091  
1092  
1093  
1094  
1095  
1096  
1097  
1098  
1099  
1100  
1101  
1102  
1103  
1104  
1105  
1106  
1107  
1108  
1109  
1110  
1111  
1112  
1113  
1114  
1115  
1116  
1117  
1118  
1119  
1120  
1121  
1122  
1123  
1124  
1125  
1126  
1127  
1128  
1129  
1130  
1131  
1132  
1133  
1134  
1135  
1136  
1137  
1138  
1139  
1140  
1141  
1142  
1143  
1144  
1145  
1146  
1147  
1148  
1149  
1150  
1151  
1152  
1153  
1154  
1155  
1156  
1157  
1158  
1159  
1160  
1161  
1162  
1163  
1164  
1165  
1166  
1167  
1168  
1169  
1170  
1171  
1172  
1173  
1174  
1175  
1176  
1177  
1178  
1179  
1180  
1181  
1182  
1183  
1184  
1185  
1186  
1187  
1188  
1189  
1190  
1191  
1192  
1193  
1194  
1195  
1196  
1197  
1198  
1199  
1200  
1201  
1202  
1203  
1204  
1205  
1206  
1207  
1208  
1209  
1210  
1211  
1212  
1213  
1214  
1215  
1216  
1217  
1218  
1219  
1220  
1221  
1222  
1223  
1224  
1225  
1226  
1227  
1228  
1229  
1230  
1231  
1232  
1233  
1234  
1235  
1236  
1237  
1238  
1239  
1240  
1241  
1242  
1243  
1244  
1245  
1246  
1247  
1248  
1249  
1250  
1251  
1252  
1253  
1254  
1255  
1256  
1257  
1258  
1259  
1260  
1261  
1262  
1263  
1264  
1265  
1266  
1267  
1268  
1269  
1270  
1271  
1272  
1273  
1274  
1275  
1276  
1277  
1278  
1279  
1280  
1281  
1282  
1283  
1284  
1285  
1286  
1287  
1288  
1289  
1290  
1291  
1292  
1293  
1294  
1295  
1296  
1297  
1298  
1299  
1300  
1301  
1302  
1303  
1304  
1305  
1306  
1307  
1308  
1309  
1310  
1311  
1312  
1313  
1314  
1315  
1316  
1317  
1318  
1319  
1320  
1321  
1322  
1323  
1324  
1325  
1326  
1327  
1328  
1329  
1330  
1331  
1332  
1333  
1334  
1335  
1336  
1337  
1338  
1339  
1340  
1341  
1342  
1343  
1344  
1345  
1346  
1347  
1348  
1349  
1350  
1351  
1352  
1353  
1354  
1355  
1356  
1357  
1358  
1359  
1360  
1361  
1362  
1363  
1364  
1365  
1366  
1367  
1368  
1369  
1370  
1371  
1372  
1373  
1374  
1375  
1376  
1377  
1378  
1379  
1380  
1381  
1382  
1383  
1384  
1385  
1386  
1387  
1388  
1389  
1390  
1391  
1392  
1393  
1394  
1395  
1396  
1397  
1398  
1399  
1400  
1401  
1402  
1403  
1404  
1405  
1406  
1407  
1408  
1409  
1410  
1411  
1412  
1413  
1414  
1415  
1416  
1417  
1418  
1419  
1420  
1421  
1422  
1423  
1424  
1425  
1426  
1427  
1428  
1429  
1430  
1431  
1432  
1433  
1434  
1435  
1436  
1437  
1438  
1439  
1440  
1441  
1442  
1443  
1444  
1445  
1446  
1447  
1448  
1449  
1450  
1451  
1452  
1453  
1454  
1455  
1456  
1457  
1458  
1459  
1460  
1461  
1462  
1463  
1464  
1465  
1466  
1467  
1468  
1469  
1470  
1471  
1472  
1473  
1474  
1475  
1476  
1477  
1478  
1479  
1480  
1481  
1482  
1483  
1484  
1485  
1486  
1487  
1488  
1489  
1490  
1491  
1492  
1493  
1494  
1495  
1496  
1497  
1498  
1499  
1500  
1501  
1502  
1503  
1504  
1505  
1506  
1507  
1508  
1509  
1510  
1511  
1512  
1513  
1514  
1515  
1516  
1517  
1518  
1519  
1520  
1521  
1522  
1523  
1524  
1525  
1526  
1527  
1528  
1529  
1530  
1531  
1532  
1533  
1534  
1535  
1536  
1537  
1538  
1539  
1540  
1541  
1542  
1543  
1544  
1545  
1546  
1547  
1548  
1549  
1550  
1551  
1552  
1553  
1554  
1555  
1556  
1557  
1558  
1559  
1560  
1561  
1562  
1563  
1564  
1565  
1566  
1567  
1568  
1569  
1570  
1571  
1572  
1573  
1574  
1575  
1576  
1577  
1578  
1579  
1580  
1581  
1582  
1583  
1584  
1585  
1586  
1587  
1588  
1589  
1590  
1591  
1592  
1593  
1594  
1595  
1596  
1597  
1598  
1599  
1600  
1601  
1602  
1603  
1604  
1605  
1606  
1607  
1608  
1609  
1610  
1611  
1612  
1613  
1614  
1615  
1616  
1617  
1618  
1619  
1620  
1621  
1622  
1623  
1624  
1625  
1626  
1627  
1628  
1629  
1630  
1631  
1632  
1633  
1634  
1635  
1636  
1637  
1638  
1639  
1640  
1641  
1642  
1643  
1644  
1645  
1646  
1647  
1648  
1649  
1650  
1651  
1652  
1653  
1654  
1655  
1656  
1657  
1658  
1659  
1660  
1661  
1662  
1663  
1664  
1665  
1666  
1667  
1668  
1669  
1670  
1671  
1672  
1673  
1674  
1675  
1676  
1677  
1678  
1679  
1680  
1681  
1682  
1683  
1684  
1685  
1686  
1687  
1688  
1689  
1690  
1691  
1692  
1693  
1694  
1695  
1696  
1697  
1698  
1699  
1700  
1701  
1702  
1703  
1704  
1705  
1706  
1707  
1708  
1709  
1710  
1711  
1712  
1713  
1714  
1715  
1716  
1717  
1718  
1719  
1720  
1721  
1722  
1723  
1724  
1725  
1726  
1727  
1728  
1729  
1730  
1731  
1732  
1733  
1734  
1735  
1736  
1737  
1738  
1739  
1740  
1741  
1742  
1743  
1744  
1745  
1746  
1747  
1748  
1749  
1750  
1751  
1752  
1753  
1754  
1755  
1756  
1757  
1758  
1759  
1760  
1761  
1762  
1763  
1764  
1765  
1766  
1767  
1768  
1769  
1770  
1771  
1772  
1773  
1774  
1775  
1776  
1777  
1778  
1779  
1780  
1781  
1782  
1783  
1784  
1785  
1786  
1787  
1788  
1789  
1790  
1791  
1792  
1793  
1794  
1795  
1796  
1797  
1798  
1799  
1800  
1801  
1802  
1803  
1804  
1805  
1806  
1807  
1808  
1809  
1810  
1811  
1812  
1813  
1814  
1815  
1816  
1817  
1818  
1819  
1820  
1821  
1822  
1823  
1824  
1825  
1826  
1827  
1828  
1829  
1830  
1831  
1832  
1833  
1834  
1835  
1836  
1837  
1838  
1839  
1840  
1841  
1842  
1843  
1844  
1845  
1846  
1847  
1848  
1849  
1850  
1851  
1852  
1853  
1854  
1855  
1856  
1857  
1858  
1859  
1860  
1861  
1862  
1863  
1864  
1865  
1866  
1867  
1868  
1869  
1870  
1871  
1872  
1873  
1874  
1875  
1876  
1877  
1878  
1879  
1880  
1881  
1882  
1883  
1884  
1885  
1886  
1887  
1888  
1889  
1890  
1891  
1892  
1893  
1894  
1895  
1896  
1897  
1898  
1899  
1900  
1901  
1902  
1903  
1904  
1905  
1906  
1907  
1908  
1909  
1910  
1911  
1912  
1913  
1914  
1915  
1916  
1917  
1918  
1919  
1920  
1921  
1922  
1923  
1924  
1925  
1926  
1927  
1928  
1929  
1930  
1931  
1932  
1933  
1934  
1935  
1936  
1937  
1938  
1939  
1940  
1941  
1942  
1943  
1944  
1945  
1946  
1947  
1948  
1949  
1950  
1951  
1952  
1953  
1954  
1955  
1956  
1957  
1958  
1959  
1960  
1961  
1962  
1963  
1964  
1965  
1966  
1967  
1968  
1969  
1970  
1971  
1972  
1973  
1974  
1975  
1976  
1977  
1978  
1979  
1980  
1981  
1982  
1983  
1984  
1985  
1986  
1987  
1988  
1989  
1990  
1991  
1992  
1993  
1994  
1995  
1996  
1997  
1998  
1999  
2000  
2001  
2002  
2003  
2004  
2005  
2006  
2007  
2008  
2009  
2010  
2011  
2012  
2013  
2014  
2015  
2016  
2017  
2018  
2019  
2020  
2021  
2022  
2023  
2024  
2025  
2026  
2027  
2028  
2029  
2030  
2031  
2032  
2033  
2034  
2035  
2036  
2037  
2038  
2039  
2040  
2041  
2042  
2043  
2044  
2045  
2046  
2047  
2048  
2049  
2050  
2051  
2052  
2053  
2054  
2055  
2056  
2057  
2058  
2059  
2060  
2061  
2062  
2063  
2064  
2065  
2066  
2067  
2068  
2069  
2070  
2071  
2072  
2073  
2074  
2075  
2076  
2077  
2078  
2079  
2080  
2081  
2082  
2083  
2084  
2085  
2086  
2087  
2088  
2089  
2090  
2091  
2092  
2093  
2094  
2095  
2096  
2097  
2098  
2099  
2100  
2101  
2102  
2103  
2104  
2105  
2106  
2107  
2108  
2109  
2110  
2111  
2112  
2113  
2114  
2115  
2116  
2117  
2118  
2119  
2120  
2121  
2122  
2123  
2124  
2125  
2126  
2127  
2128  
2129  
2130  
2131  
2132  
2133  
2134  
2135  
2136  
2137  
2138  
2139  
2140  
2141  
2142  
2143  
2144  
2145  
2146  
2147  
2148  
2149  
2150  
2151  
2152  
2153  
2154  
2155  
2156  
2157  
2158  
2159  
2160  
2161  
2162  
2163  
2164  
2165  
2166  
2167  
2168  
2169  
2170  
2171  
2172  
2173  
2174  
2175  
2176  
2177  
2178  
2179  
2180  
2181  
2182  
2183  
2184  
2185  
2186  
2187  
2188  
2189  
2190  
2191  
2192  
2193  
2194  
2195  
2196  
2197  
2198  
2199  
2200  
2201  
2202  
2203  
2204  
2205  
2206  
2207  
2208  
2209  
2210  
2211  
2212

We claim:

1. Isolated nucleic acid molecule which codes for or is complementary to a nucleic acid molecule which codes for tumor rejection antigen precursor MAGE-3.
2. The isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 1, which codes for tumor rejection antigen precursor MAGE-3.
3. The nucleic acid molecule of claim 2, wherein said molecule is cDNA.
4. The nucleic acid molecule of claim 3, wherein said molecule has the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1 (MAGE-3) or SEQ ID NO: 2 (MAGE-31).
5. Expression vector comprising the nucleic acid molecule of claim 2 operably linked to a promoter.
6. The expression vector of claim 5, further comprising a nucleic acid molecule which codes for HLA-A1.
7. Cell line transfected with the nucleic acid molecule of claim 2.
8. The cell line of claim 7, wherein said cell line expresses HLA-A1.
9. The cell line of claim 7, wherein said cell line is further transfected with a nucleic acid molecule which codes for HLA-A1.
10. Isolated tumor rejection antigen precursor coded for by the nucleic acid molecule of claim 2.
11. Vaccine comprising the isolated tumor rejection antigen precursor of claim 10 and an adjuvant.

12. Isolated tumor rejection antigen derived from the tumor rejection antigen precursor of claim 10, wherein said tumor rejection antigen is antigen D.

13. Isolated complex of the tumor rejection antigen of claim 12 and HLA-A1.

14. Method for treating a disorder characterized by expression of tumor rejection antigen precursor MAGE-3, comprising administering to a subject an amount of a cytolytic T cell specific for complexes of a tumor rejection antigen derived from MAGE-3 and a human leukocyte antigen molecule, sufficient to generate an immune response against said complexes.

15. The method of claim 14, wherein said human leukocyte antigen is HLA-A1.

16. The method of claim 15, wherein said tumor rejection antigen is antigen D.

17. Method for treating a disorder characterized by expression of tumor rejection antigen precursor MAGE-3, comprising administering an agent sufficient to provoke an immune response to complexes of a tumor rejection antigen derived from MAGE-3 and a human leukocyte antigen, to a subject in need thereof.

18. The method of claim 17, wherein said human leukocyte antigen is HLA-A1.

19. The method of claim 18, wherein said tumor rejection antigen is antigen D.

20. Method for determining a disorder characterized by expression of tumor rejection antigen precursor MAGE-3, comprising contacting a sample taken from a subject with an agent which identifies said tumor rejection antigen

precursor to determine expression of said tumor rejection antigen precursor as a determination of said disorder.

21. Method for determining a disorder characterized by expression of tumor rejection antigen precursor MAGE-3 and presentation of a tumor rejection antigen derived therefrom by a cell, comprising contacting a sample taken with a subject with an agent which identifies said tumor rejection antigen to determine said tumor rejection antigen as a determination of said disorder.

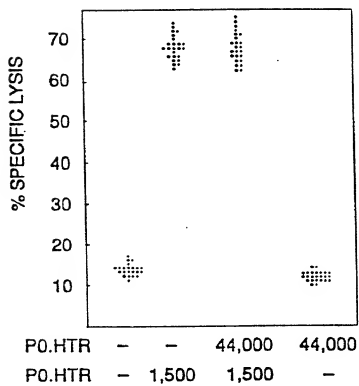
11  
12  
13  
14  
15  
16  
17  
18  
19  
20  
21  
22  
23  
24  
25  
26  
27  
28  
29  
30  
31  
32  
33  
34  
35  
36  
37  
38  
39  
40  
41  
42  
43  
44  
45  
46  
47  
48  
49  
50  
51  
52  
53  
54  
55  
56  
57  
58  
59  
60  
61  
62  
63  
64  
65  
66  
67  
68  
69  
70  
71  
72  
73  
74  
75  
76  
77  
78  
79  
80  
81  
82  
83  
84  
85  
86  
87  
88  
89  
90  
91  
92  
93  
94  
95  
96  
97  
98  
99  
100  
101  
102  
103  
104  
105  
106  
107  
108  
109  
110  
111  
112  
113  
114  
115  
116  
117  
118  
119  
120  
121  
122  
123  
124  
125  
126  
127  
128  
129  
130  
131  
132  
133  
134  
135  
136  
137  
138  
139  
140  
141  
142  
143  
144  
145  
146  
147  
148  
149  
150  
151  
152  
153  
154  
155  
156  
157  
158  
159  
160  
161  
162  
163  
164  
165  
166  
167  
168  
169  
170  
171  
172  
173  
174  
175  
176  
177  
178  
179  
180  
181  
182  
183  
184  
185  
186  
187  
188  
189  
190  
191  
192  
193  
194  
195  
196  
197  
198  
199  
200  
201  
202  
203  
204  
205  
206  
207  
208  
209  
210  
211  
212  
213  
214  
215  
216  
217  
218  
219  
220  
221  
222  
223  
224  
225  
226  
227  
228  
229  
230  
231  
232  
233  
234  
235  
236  
237  
238  
239  
240  
241  
242  
243  
244  
245  
246  
247  
248  
249  
250  
251  
252  
253  
254  
255  
256  
257  
258  
259  
260  
261  
262  
263  
264  
265  
266  
267  
268  
269  
270  
271  
272  
273  
274  
275  
276  
277  
278  
279  
280  
281  
282  
283  
284  
285  
286  
287  
288  
289  
290  
291  
292  
293  
294  
295  
296  
297  
298  
299  
300  
301  
302  
303  
304  
305  
306  
307  
308  
309  
310  
311  
312  
313  
314  
315  
316  
317  
318  
319  
320  
321  
322  
323  
324  
325  
326  
327  
328  
329  
330  
331  
332  
333  
334  
335  
336  
337  
338  
339  
340  
341  
342  
343  
344  
345  
346  
347  
348  
349  
350  
351  
352  
353  
354  
355  
356  
357  
358  
359  
360  
361  
362  
363  
364  
365  
366  
367  
368  
369  
370  
371  
372  
373  
374  
375  
376  
377  
378  
379  
380  
381  
382  
383  
384  
385  
386  
387  
388  
389  
390  
391  
392  
393  
394  
395  
396  
397  
398  
399  
400  
401  
402  
403  
404  
405  
406  
407  
408  
409  
410  
411  
412  
413  
414  
415  
416  
417  
418  
419  
420  
421  
422  
423  
424  
425  
426  
427  
428  
429  
430  
431  
432  
433  
434  
435  
436  
437  
438  
439  
440  
441  
442  
443  
444  
445  
446  
447  
448  
449  
450  
451  
452  
453  
454  
455  
456  
457  
458  
459  
460  
461  
462  
463  
464  
465  
466  
467  
468  
469  
470  
471  
472  
473  
474  
475  
476  
477  
478  
479  
480  
481  
482  
483  
484  
485  
486  
487  
488  
489  
490  
491  
492  
493  
494  
495  
496  
497  
498  
499  
500  
501  
502  
503  
504  
505  
506  
507  
508  
509  
510  
511  
512  
513  
514  
515  
516  
517  
518  
519  
520  
521  
522  
523  
524  
525  
526  
527  
528  
529  
530  
531  
532  
533  
534  
535  
536  
537  
538  
539  
540  
541  
542  
543  
544  
545  
546  
547  
548  
549  
550  
551  
552  
553  
554  
555  
556  
557  
558  
559  
560  
561  
562  
563  
564  
565  
566  
567  
568  
569  
570  
571  
572  
573  
574  
575  
576  
577  
578  
579  
580  
581  
582  
583  
584  
585  
586  
587  
588  
589  
590  
591  
592  
593  
594  
595  
596  
597  
598  
599  
600  
601  
602  
603  
604  
605  
606  
607  
608  
609  
610  
611  
612  
613  
614  
615  
616  
617  
618  
619  
620  
621  
622  
623  
624  
625  
626  
627  
628  
629  
630  
631  
632  
633  
634  
635  
636  
637  
638  
639  
640  
641  
642  
643  
644  
645  
646  
647  
648  
649  
650  
651  
652  
653  
654  
655  
656  
657  
658  
659  
660  
661  
662  
663  
664  
665  
666  
667  
668  
669  
670  
671  
672  
673  
674  
675  
676  
677  
678  
679  
680  
681  
682  
683  
684  
685  
686  
687  
688  
689  
690  
691  
692  
693  
694  
695  
696  
697  
698  
699  
700  
701  
702  
703  
704  
705  
706  
707  
708  
709  
710  
711  
712  
713  
714  
715  
716  
717  
718  
719  
720  
721  
722  
723  
724  
725  
726  
727  
728  
729  
730  
731  
732  
733  
734  
735  
736  
737  
738  
739  
740  
741  
742  
743  
744  
745  
746  
747  
748  
749  
750  
751  
752  
753  
754  
755  
756  
757  
758  
759  
760  
761  
762  
763  
764  
765  
766  
767  
768  
769  
770  
771  
772  
773  
774  
775  
776  
777  
778  
779  
780  
781  
782  
783  
784  
785  
786  
787  
788  
789  
790  
791  
792  
793  
794  
795  
796  
797  
798  
799  
800  
801  
802  
803  
804  
805  
806  
807  
808  
809  
810  
811  
812  
813  
814  
815  
816  
817  
818  
819  
820  
821  
822  
823  
824  
825  
826  
827  
828  
829  
830  
831  
832  
833  
834  
835  
836  
837  
838  
839  
840  
841  
842  
843  
844  
845  
846  
847  
848  
849  
850  
851  
852  
853  
854  
855  
856  
857  
858  
859  
860  
861  
862  
863  
864  
865  
866  
867  
868  
869  
870  
871  
872  
873  
874  
875  
876  
877  
878  
879  
880  
881  
882  
883  
884  
885  
886  
887  
888  
889  
890  
891  
892  
893  
894  
895  
896  
897  
898  
899  
900  
901  
902  
903  
904  
905  
906  
907  
908  
909  
910  
911  
912  
913  
914  
915  
916  
917  
918  
919  
920  
921  
922  
923  
924  
925  
926  
927  
928  
929  
930  
931  
932  
933  
934  
935  
936  
937  
938  
939  
940  
941  
942  
943  
944  
945  
946  
947  
948  
949  
950  
951  
952  
953  
954  
955  
956  
957  
958  
959  
960  
961  
962  
963  
964  
965  
966  
967  
968  
969  
970  
971  
972  
973  
974  
975  
976  
977  
978  
979  
980  
981  
982  
983  
984  
985  
986  
987  
988  
989  
990  
991  
992  
993  
994  
995  
996  
997  
998  
999  
1000  
1001  
1002  
1003  
1004  
1005  
1006  
1007  
1008  
1009  
1010  
1011  
1012  
1013  
1014  
1015  
1016  
1017  
1018  
1019  
1020  
1021  
1022  
1023  
1024  
1025  
1026  
1027  
1028  
1029  
1030  
1031  
1032  
1033  
1034  
1035  
1036  
1037  
1038  
1039  
1040  
1041  
1042  
1043  
1044  
1045  
1046  
1047  
1048  
1049  
1050  
1051  
1052  
1053  
1054  
1055  
1056  
1057  
1058  
1059  
1060  
1061  
1062  
1063  
1064  
1065  
1066  
1067  
1068  
1069  
1070  
1071  
1072  
1073  
1074  
1075  
1076  
1077  
1078  
1079  
1080  
1081  
1082  
1083  
1084  
1085  
1086  
1087  
1088  
1089  
1090  
1091  
1092  
1093  
1094  
1095  
1096  
1097  
1098  
1099  
1100  
1101  
1102  
1103  
1104  
1105  
1106  
1107  
1108  
1109  
1110  
1111  
1112  
1113  
1114  
1115  
1116  
1117  
1118  
1119  
1120  
1121  
1122  
1123  
1124  
1125  
1126  
1127  
1128  
1129  
1130  
1131  
1132  
1133  
1134  
1135  
1136  
1137  
1138  
1139  
1140  
1141  
1142  
1143  
1144  
1145  
1146  
1147  
1148  
1149  
1150  
1151  
1152  
1153  
1154  
1155  
1156  
1157  
1158  
1159  
1160  
1161  
1162  
1163  
1164  
1165  
1166  
1167  
1168  
1169  
1170  
1171  
1172  
1173  
1174  
1175  
1176  
1177  
1178  
1179  
1180  
1181  
1182  
1183  
1184  
1185  
1186  
1187  
1188  
1189  
1190  
1191  
1192  
1193  
1194  
1195  
1196  
1197  
1198  
1199  
1200  
1201  
1202  
1203  
1204  
1205  
1206  
1207  
1208  
1209  
1210  
1211  
1212  
1213  
1214  
1215  
1216  
1217  
1218  
1219  
1220  
1221  
1222  
1223  
1224  
1225  
1226  
1227  
1228  
1229  
1230  
1231  
1232  
1233  
1234  
1235  
1236  
1237  
1238  
1239  
1240  
1241  
1242  
1243  
1244  
1245  
1246  
1247  
1248  
1249  
1250  
1251  
1252  
1253  
1254  
1255  
1256  
1257  
1258  
1259  
1260  
1261  
1262  
1263  
1264  
1265  
1266  
1267  
1268  
1269  
1270  
1271  
1272  
1273  
1274  
1275  
1276  
1277  
1278  
1279  
1280  
1281  
1282  
1283  
1284  
1285  
1286  
1287  
1288  
1289  
1290  
1291  
1292  
1293  
1294  
1295  
1296  
1297  
1298  
1299  
1300  
1301  
1302  
1303  
1304  
1305  
1306  
1307  
1308  
1309  
1310  
1311  
1312  
1313  
1314  
1315  
1316  
1317  
1318  
1319  
1320  
1321  
1322  
1323  
1324  
1325  
1326  
1327  
1328  
1329  
1330  
1331  
1332  
1333  
1334  
1335  
1336  
1337  
1338  
1339  
1340  
1341  
1342  
1343  
1344  
1345  
1346  
1347  
1348  
1349  
1350  
1351  
1352  
1353  
1354  
1355  
1356  
1357  
1358  
1359  
1360  
1361  
1362  
1363  
1364  
1365  
1366  
1367  
1368  
1369  
1370  
1371  
1372  
1373  
1374  
1375  
1376  
1377  
1378  
1379  
1380  
1381  
1382  
1383  
1384  
1385  
1386  
1387  
1388  
1389  
1390  
1391  
1392  
1393  
1394  
1395  
1396  
1397  
1398  
1399  
1400  
1401  
1402  
1403  
1404  
1405  
1406  
1407  
1408  
1409  
1410  
1411  
1412  
1413  
1414  
1415  
1416  
1417  
1418  
1419  
1420  
1421  
1422  
1423  
1424  
1425  
1426  
1427  
1428  
1429  
1430  
1431  
1432  
1433  
1434  
1435  
1436  
1437  
1438  
1439  
1440  
1441  
1442  
1443  
1444  
1445  
1446  
1447  
1448  
1449  
1450  
1451  
1452  
1453  
1454  
1455  
1456  
1457  
1458  
1459  
1460  
1461  
1462  
1463  
1464  
1465  
1466  
1467  
1468  
1469  
1470  
1471  
1472  
1473  
1474  
1475  
1476  
1477  
1478  
1479  
1480  
1481  
1482  
1483  
1484  
1485  
1486  
1487  
1488  
1489  
1490  
1491  
1492  
1493  
1494  
1495  
1496  
1497  
1498  
1499  
1500  
1501  
1502  
1503  
1504  
1505  
1506  
1507  
1508  
1509  
1510  
1511  
1512  
1513  
1514  
1515  
1516  
1517  
1518  
1519  
1520  
1521  
1522  
1523  
1524  
1525  
1526  
1527  
1528  
1529  
1530  
1531  
1532  
1533  
1534  
1535  
1536  
1537  
1538  
1539  
1540  
1541  
1542  
1543  
1544  
1545  
1546  
1547  
1548  
1549  
1550  
1551  
1552  
1553  
1554  
1555  
1556  
1557  
1558  
1559  
1560  
1561  
1562  
1563  
1564  
1565  
1566  
1567  
1568  
1569  
1570  
1571  
1572  
1573  
1574  
1575  
1576  
1577  
1578  
1579  
1580  
1581  
1582  
1583  
1584  
1585  
1586  
1587  
1588  
1589  
1590  
1591  
1592  
1593  
1594  
1595  
1596  
1597  
1598  
1599  
1600  
1601  
1602  
1603  
1604  
1605  
1606  
1607  
1608  
1609  
1610  
1611  
1612  
1613  
1614  
1615  
1616  
1617  
1618  
1619  
1620  
1621  
1622  
1623  
1624  
1625  
1626  
1627  
1628  
1629  
1630  
1631  
1632  
1633  
1634  
1635  
1636  
1637  
1638  
1639  
1640  
1641  
1642  
1643  
1644  
1645  
1646  
1647  
1648  
1649  
1650  
1651  
1652  
1653  
1654  
1655  
1656  
1657  
1658  
1659  
1660  
1661  
1662  
1663  
1664  
1665  
1666  
1667  
1668  
1669  
1670  
1671  
1672  
1673  
1674  
1675  
1676  
1677  
1678  
1679  
1680  
1681  
1682  
1683  
1684  
1685  
1686  
1687  
1688  
1689  
1690  
1691  
1692  
1693  
1694  
1695  
1696  
1697  
1698  
1699  
1700  
1701  
1702  
1703  
1704  
1705  
1706  
1707  
1708  
1709  
1710  
1711  
1712  
1713  
1714  
1715  
1716  
1717  
1718  
1719  
1720  
1721  
1722  
1723  
1724  
1725  
1726  
1727  
1728  
1729  
1730  
1731  
1732  
1733  
1734  
1735  
1736  
1737  
1738  
1739  
1740  
1741  
1742  
1743  
1744  
1745  
1746  
1747  
1748  
1749  
1750  
1751  
1752  
1753  
1754  
1755  
1756  
1757  
1758  
1759  
1760  
1761  
1762  
1763  
1764  
1765  
1766  
1767  
1768  
1769  
1770  
1771  
1772  
1773  
1774  
1775  
1776  
1777  
1778  
1779  
1780  
1781  
1782  
1783  
1784  
1785  
1786  
1787  
1788  
1789  
1790  
1791  
1792  
1793  
1794  
1795  
1796  
1797  
1798  
1799  
1800  
1801  
1802  
1803  
1804  
1805  
1806  
1807  
1808  
1809  
1810  
1811  
1812  
1813  
1814  
1815  
1816  
1817  
1818  
1819  
1820  
1821  
1822  
1823  
1824  
1825  
1826  
1827  
1828  
1829  
1830  
1831  
1832  
1833  
1834  
1835  
1836  
1837  
1838  
1839  
1840  
1841  
1842  
1843  
1844  
1845  
1846  
1847  
1848  
1849  
1850  
1851  
1852  
1853  
1854  
1855  
1856  
1857  
1858  
1859  
1860  
1861  
1862  
1863  
1864  
1865  
1866  
1867  
1868  
1869  
1870  
1871  
1872  
1873  
1874  
1875  
1876  
1877  
1878  
1879  
1880  
1881  
1882  
1883  
1884  
1885  
1886  
1887  
1888  
1889  
1890  
1891  
1892  
1893  
1894  
1895  
1896  
1897  
1898  
1899  
1900  
1901  
1902  
1903  
1904  
1905  
1906  
1907  
1908  
1909  
1910  
1911  
1912  
1913  
1914  
1915  
1916  
1917  
1918  
1919  
1920  
1921  
1922  
1923  
1924  
1925  
1926  
1927  
1928  
1929  
1930  
1931  
1932  
1933  
1934  
1935  
1936  
1937  
1938  
1939  
1940  
1941  
1942  
1943  
1944  
1945  
1946  
1947  
1948  
1949  
1950  
1951  
1952  
1953  
1954  
1955  
1956  
1957  
1958  
1959  
1960  
1961  
1962  
1963  
1964  
1965  
1966  
1967  
1968  
1969  
1970  
1971  
1972  
1973  
1974  
1975  
1976  
1977  
1978  
1979  
1980  
1981  
1982  
1983  
1984  
1985  
1986  
1987  
1988  
1989  
1990  
1991  
1992  
1993  
1994  
1995  
1996  
1997  
1998  
1999  
2000  
2001  
2002  
2003  
2004  
2005  
2006  
2007  
2008  
2009  
2010  
2011  
2012  
2013  
2014  
2015  
2016  
2017  
2018  
2019  
2020  
2021  
2022  
2023  
2024  
2025  
2026  
2027  
2028  
2029  
2030  
2031  
2032  
2033  
2034  
2035  
2036  
2037  
2038  
2039  
2040  
2041  
2042  
2043  
2044  
2045  
2046  
2047  
2048  
2049  
2050  
2051  
2052  
2053  
2054  
2055  
2056  
2057  
2058  
2059  
2060  
2061  
2062  
2063  
2064  
2065  
2066  
2067  
2068  
2069  
2070  
2071  
2072  
2073  
2074  
2075  
2076  
2077  
2078  
2079  
2080  
2081  
2082  
2083  
2084  
2085  
2086  
2087  
2088  
2089  
2090  
2091  
2092  
2093  
2094  
2095  
2096  
2097  
2098  
2099  
2100  
2101  
2102  
2103  
2104  
2105  
2106  
2107  
2108  
2109  
2110  
2111  
2112  
2113  
2114  
2115  
2116  
2117  
2118  
2119  
2120  
2121  
2122  
2123  
2124  
2125  
2126  
2127  
2128  
2129  
2130  
2131  
2132  
2133  
2134  
2135  
2136  
2137  
2138  
2139  
2140  
2141  
2142  
2143  
2144  
2145  
2146  
2147  
2148  
2149  
2150  
2151  
2152  
2153  
2154  
2155  
2156  
2157  
2158  
2159  
2160  
2161  
2162  
2163  
2164  
2165  
2166  
2167  
2168  
2169  
2170  
2171  
2172  
2173  
2174  
2175  
2176  
2177  
2178  
2179  
2180  
2181  
2182  
2183  
2184  
2185  
2186  
2187  
2188  
2189  
2190  
2191  
2192  
2193  
2194  
2195  
2196  
2197  
2198  
2199  
2200  
2201  
2202  
2203  
2204  
2205  
2206  
2207  
2208  
2209  
2210  
2211  
2212  
2213  
2214  
2215  
2216  
2217  
2218  
2219  
2220



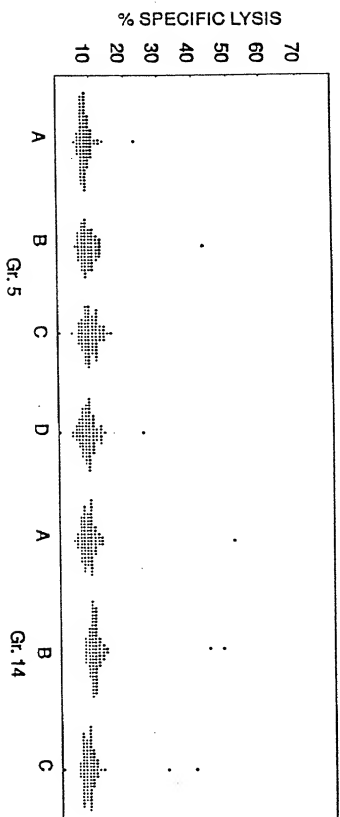
The invention relates to nucleic acid molecules which code for the tumor rejection antigen precursor MAGE-3. Also disclosed are vectors, cell lines, and so forth, which utilize the nucleic acid molecule, and optionally, molecules coding for human leukocyte antigen HLA-A1. Uses of these materials in therapeutic and diagnostic contexts are also a part of the invention.

5

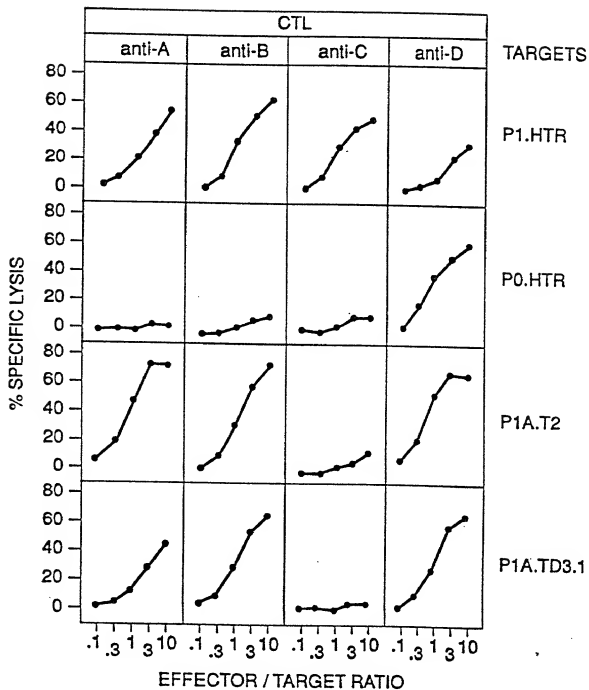
FIG. 1A



**FIG. 1B**



# FIG. 2



**FIG. 3**

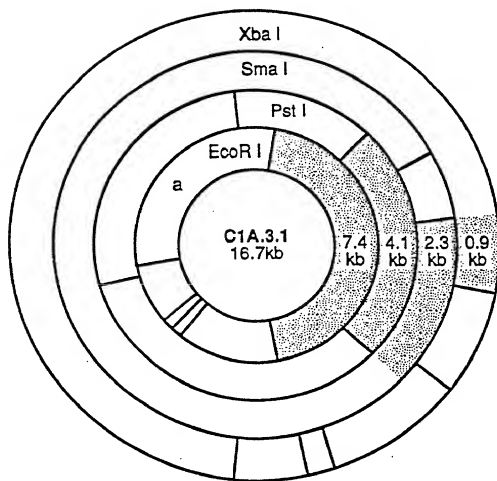


FIG. 4

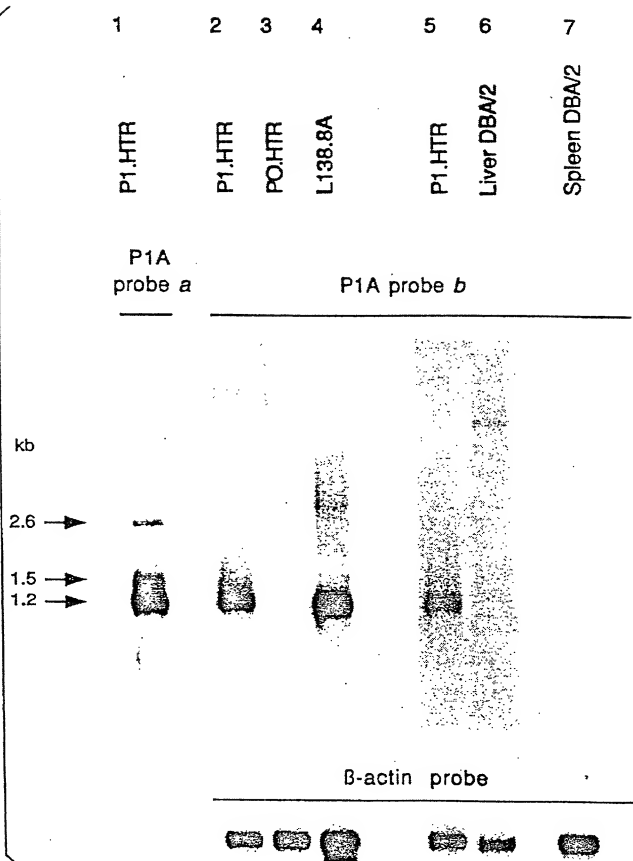
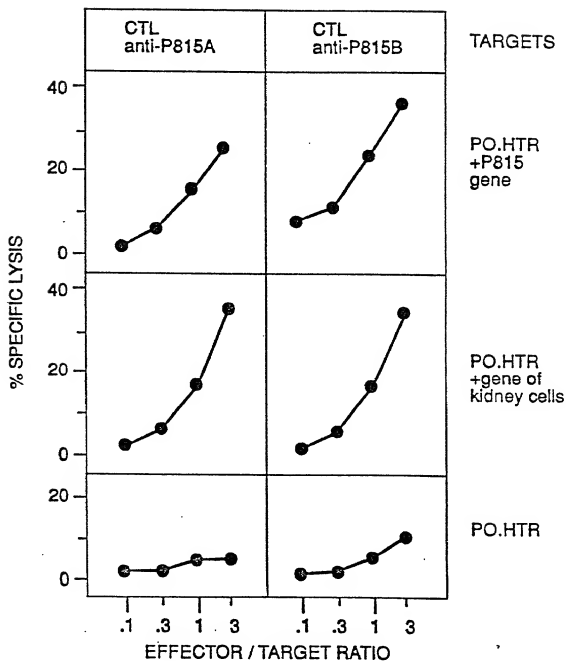


FIG. 5

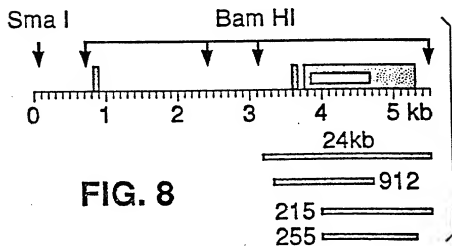
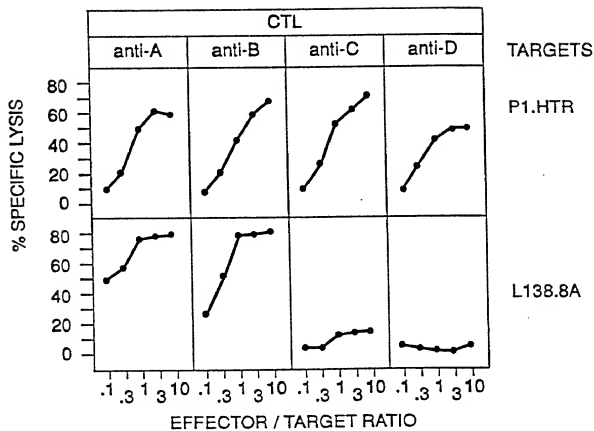


FIG. 6





**FIG. 7**



# FIG. 9

MAGE-3 III CCTCCCCAGAGTCTCAGGGAGGCTCAGGCTCCCACTACCATGAACTACCTCTCTCTGAGCGAACTCCATGAGGACCTCCAGCAACaagAAGAGGAGG  
 CHO-3  
 MAGE-2 II CCTCCCCAGAGTCTCAGGGAGGCTCAGGCTCTCTGAGCGAACTCCATGAGGACCTCCAGCAACaagAAGAGGAGG  
 CHO-2  
 MAGE-1 I CCTCCCCAGAGTCTCAGGGAGGCTCAGGCTCTCTGAGCGAACTCCATGAGGACCTCCAGCAACaagAAGAGGAGG  
 CHO-1  
 225 CHO-4  
 III GGGCCAGACGACCTCCCTGAGCC-TGGAGTCCGAGTTCCAGCAGCACTCACTAGAGAGGTGGC-CGAGTTGGTTCAATTTCTGCTCTCTCAAGTATCGAGCCA  
 II GGGCCAGAAAGTCTCCGAGCCTTGGAGTCCGAGTTCCAGCAGCAAAATCAAGTAGAGAGATGGCTGAGTTGGTTCAATTTCTGCTCTCTCAAGTATCGAGCCA  
 I GGGCCAGCACTCTCTGATCC-TGGAGTCTCTGTTCCGAGCACTGTAATCACTAAGAGGTGGCTGATTTGGTTTCTGCTCTCTCAAAATATCGAGCCA  
 325  
 III GGGAGCCGCTCAAMAGGCGAAGATGCTGGAGAGTCTGCTGGAAATTTGGAGGAACTCTTTCTCTGTAATCTTCCAGCAAGAGTCCAGTTCCCTTTGCAGCT  
 II GGGAGCCGCTCAAMAGGCGAAGATGCTGGAGAGTCTCTCAAGAAATTTGGCAAGACTCTTTCCCGCTGATCTTCAGCAAAAGCTTCGAGTACTTTGCAGCT  
 I GGGAGCCGCTCAAMAGGCGAAGATGCTGGAGAGTCTCTCAAMAAATTAAGCACTGTTTCTTCAAGATCTTGGCAAAAGCTCTCTGAGTCTCTTGCAGCT  
 425  
 III GGTCTTTGGCATCGAGCTGATGGAAATGGACCCCAACGGCCACTTGTACATCTTGGCACCTTGGGCTCTCTCTACAGAGGCTCTGCTGGGTGACAAAT  
 II GGTCTTTGGCATCGAGTGTGTGGAAATGGACCCCAACGGCCACTTGTACATCTTGGCACCTTGGGCTCTCTCTACAGAGGCTCTGCTGGGCGAACAAT  
 I GGTCTTTGGCATCTGAGTGTGAGAGAGCAAGCCCAACGGCCACTTGTCTATGCTCTTGTCTACTTGGCTCTCTCTCTATGAGAGCTCTGCTGGGTGATTAAT  
 525  
 III CAGATCATGCCCCAAGGACGGCTCTCTGATTAATGCTCTGGCCATAATGSCAAAGAGAGGCGGACCTGTGGCCCTTAGAGAGAAATCTGGGAGGAGCTGATGTC  
 II CAGGTCAATGCCCAAGAGAGGCTCTCTGATTAATGCTC-TGGCCATAATGSCAAATAGAGAGGCGGACCTGTGGCCCTTAGAGAGAAATCTGGGAGGAGCTGATGTA  
 I CAGATCATGCCCCAAGAGAGGCTCTCTGATTAATGCTCTGGGTCAATGATTTGCAATGAGAGGCGGCGACATGCTCTCTAGAGAGGAAATCTGGGAGGAGCTGATGTC  
 625 CHO-9

$\beta$ -action

MAGE

PROBES

FIG. 10

MZ2-MEL 3.0

MZ2-MEL 1982

MZ2-MEL 2.2 E-

MZ2-PBL-PHA

Lung

Kidney

MZ2-MEL 3.0

MZ2-CTL 82/30

LB34-MEL

LB17-MEL

MI665/2-MEL

LB41-MEL

MI10221-MEL

MI13443-MEL

SK23-MEL

SK33-MEL

Other  
melanomas

LB4-MEL

MI4024-MEL

MZ3-MEL

MZ5-MEL

SK29-MEL

LB31-COL

LS411-COL

Other  
tumors

H209-SCLC

H345-SCLC

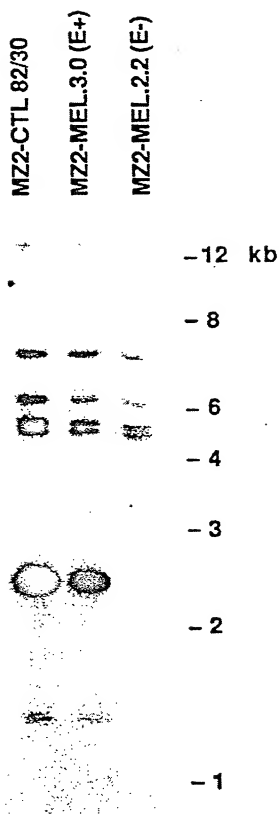
H510-SCLC

TT

Expression of  
antigen MZ2-E  
after transfection\*\*

\* Cells transfected with the 2.4 kb fragment of gene MAGE-1 were tested for their ability to stimulate TNE release by CTL 82/30.

FIG. 12





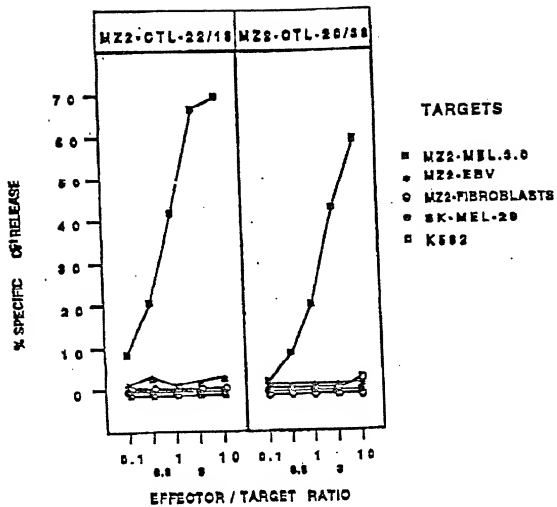


Fig. 14

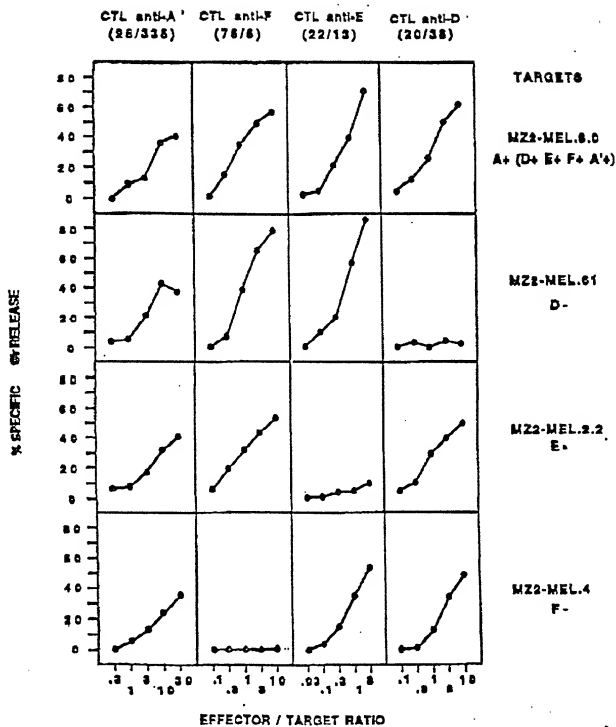


Fig. 15



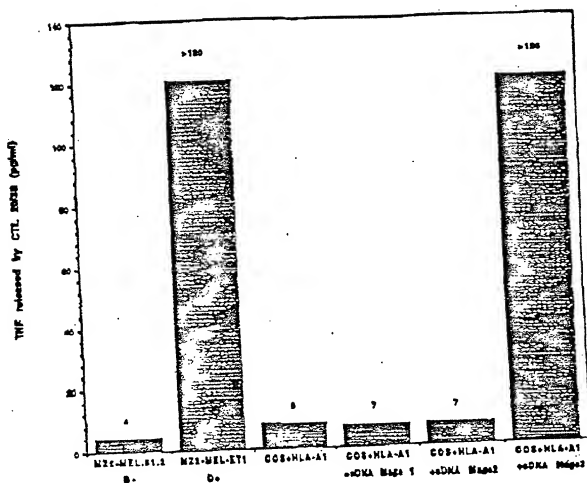


Fig. 16

DECLARATION FOR PATENT APPLICATION

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My resident, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled ISOLATED NUCLEIC ACID MOLECULES CODING FOR TUMOR REJECTION ANTIGEN PRECURSOR MAGE+3 AND USES THEREOF, the specification of which

( ) is attached hereto.

(X) was filed on March 26, 1993 as Application Serial No. 08/037,230 and was amended on (1) \_\_\_\_\_, (2) \_\_\_\_\_ (if applicable).

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the examination of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, 1.56(a).

Foreign Priority Applications

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code § 119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

Priority Claimed

(Number)	(Country)	(Day/Month/Year Filed)	Yes ( )	No ( )
----------	-----------	------------------------	---------	--------

U.S. Priority Applications

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, §120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, §112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulation, 1.56(a) which occurred between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

<u>PCT/US92/04354</u>	<u>May 22, 1992</u>	<u>Pending</u>
(Applic. Serial No.)	(Filing Date)	(Status-patented/pending/abandoned)
<u>07/807,043</u>	<u>December 12, 1991</u>	<u>Pending</u>
(Applic. Serial No.)	(Filing Date)	(Status-patented/pending/abandoned)

<u>07/764,364</u>	<u>September 23, 1991</u>	<u>Pending</u>
(Applic. Serial No.)	(Filing Date)	(Status-patented/pending/abandoned)
<u>07/728,838</u>	<u>July 9, 1991</u>	<u>Pending</u>
(Applic. Serial No.)	(Filing Date)	(Status-patented/pending/abandoned)
<u>07/705,702</u>	<u>May 23, 1991</u>	<u>Pending</u>
(Applic. Serial No.)	(Filing Date)	(Status-patented/pending/abandoned)

Power of Attorney

I hereby appoint the following attorneys to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith: John E. Lynch, Reg. No. 20,940; Peter F. Felfe, Reg. No. 20,297; Alfred H. Hemingway, Jr., Reg. No. 26,736; Vincent M. Fazzari, Reg. No. 26,879; Frederick H. Rabin, Reg. No. 24,488; Hallie R. Levie, Reg. No. 31,116; Charles A. Blank, Reg. No. 17,419; Norman D. Hanson, Reg. No. 30,946; Walter G. Weissenberger, Reg. No. 17,344; F. Brice Faller, Reg. No. 29,532; Andrew E. Tiajolloff, Reg. No. 31,575; John P. Luther, Reg. No. 32,261; Christine H. Tsai, Reg. No. 34,266 and John A. Bauer, Reg. No. 32,554, my attorneys with full power of substitution and revocation. Address all telephone calls to Norman D. Hanson, Esq., at (212) 688-9200. Address all correspondence to:

FELFE & LYNCH  
805 Third Avenue  
New York, New York 10022

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

(1) Béatrice Guagler  
Full Name/Sole or First Inventor

  
Signature

7 april 93  
Date

Residence: Avenue Hippocrate 74, UCL 7459  
1200 Brussels, Belgium

French Belgian  
Citizenship

Post Office Address: Avenue Hippocrate 74, UCL 7459  
1200 Brussels, Belgium

2) Benoit Van den Eynde

111 Name/Second Inventor

Signature

7 April 93

Date

Residence: Avenue Hippocrate 74, UCL 74591200 Brussels, BelgiumBelgianCitizenshipPost Office Address: Avenue Hippocrate 74, UCL 74591200 Brussels, Belgium3) Pierre van der Bruggen

111 Name/Third Inventor

Signature

19 April 93

Date

Residence: Avenue Hippocrate 74, UCL 74591200 Brussels, BelgiumBelgianCitizenshipPost Office Address: Avenue Hippocrate 74, UCL 74591200 Brussels, Belgium4) Thierry Boon-Falleur

111 Name/Fourth Inventor

Signature

7 April 93

Date

Residence: Avenue Hippocrate 74, UCL 74591200 Brussels, BelgiumBelgianCitizenshipPost Office Address: Avenue Hippocrate 74, UCL 74591200 Brussels, Belgium

## VIA EXPRESS MAIL

"Express Mail" mailing label Number: EL227321843USDate of Deposit: May 31, 2000

I hereby certify that this paper or fee is being deposited with the United States Postal Service "Express Mail Post Office to Addressee" service under CFR 1.10 on the date indicated above, and is addressed to the Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Washington, D.C. 20231

FULBRIGHT &amp; JAWORSKI L.L.P.

By: *John Cerroxe*

LUD 5353.7 DIV (10016357)

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant(s) : Boon, et al  
Serial No. : TO BE ASSIGNED  
Filed : HEREWITH  
For : Isolated Nucleic Acid Molecules Coding For Tumor  
Rejection Antigen Precursor Mage-6 And Uses Thereof  
Group Art Unit : NOT YET ASSIGNED  
Examiner : NOT YET ASSIGNED

May 31, 2000

Hon. Commissioner of Patents  
and Trademarks  
Washington, D.C. 20231

LETTER RE CHANGE IN ATTORNEYS ADDRESS

Sir:

The USPTO is asked to correct the mailing address in the above referenced applicaiton.

The attorneys of record in this application are:

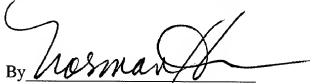
FULBRIGHT &amp; JAWORSKI LLP

666 Fifth Avenue  
New York, New York 10103  
Attn: Norman D. Hanson

The telephone number is 212-318-3000, and the facsimile number is 212-318-3400.

Respectfully submitted,

FULBRIGHT & JAWORSKI L.L.P.

By 

Norman D. Hanson  
Reg. No. 30,946

666 Fifth Avenue  
New York, New York 10103  
(212) 318-3000